FINANCE COMMITTEE AGENDA – Regular Meeting

A Committee of the Chico City Council: Councilmember Bennett, Mayor Coolidge, and Chair Morgan Meeting of Wednesday, December 22, 2021 – 8:30 a.m. to 10:30 a.m.

Meeting Location: This meeting is being held virtually via Zoom

<u>PUBLIC PARTICIPATION:</u> Due to the recent universal masking indoors mandate issued by the California Department of Public Health and to protect the health of its citizens, the Finance Committee meeting is being held virtually via Zoom. The public is invited to participate in the meeting using the information below to login into the meeting. If you need guidance on participation via Zoom, please contact the City Clerk's office at 530-896-7250, 24 hours prior to the start of the meeting.

Please click the link below to join the webinar:

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/84314195398?pwd=WG1uK0FFWEFDRkJ4SIByK0FhV05pZz09

Passcode: Finance

Using your telephone: Dial toll free 877 853 5247 or 888 788 0099 or 833 548 0276 or 833 548 0282

Webinar ID: 843 1419 5398

Passcode: 4290309

REGULAR AGENDA

A. REVIEW OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORTS

The certified public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA) was engaged by the City Council to perform an audit of the financial statements and perform compliance testing of the City of Chico, Chico Passenger Facility Charges and Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. CLA issued unmodified (clean) audit opinions on all financial statements. CLA management will present the results of the audit to Finance Committee. Upon Finance Committee recommendation, these reports will be forwarded to City Council for acknowledgement and receipt.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Administrative Services Director recommends the Finance Committee review and forward to Council the 2021 Audit Financial Reports for final approval.

B. BUDGET MODIFICATION APPROVAL/AUTHORITY REVIEW

The goal of the budget approval process is to establish the programs, projects, personnel, and funding levels for the coming fiscal year. Industry-wide, the common authority level of city councils/governing bodies is at the Fund level. *(Report – Barbara Martin, Deputy Director – Finance)*

Recommendation: The Deputy Director - Finance recommends the Finance Committee forward a recommendation to Council to consider changing from category level approval to Fund level by Department approval for budget modifications.

- C. **BUSINESS FROM THE FLOOR -** Members of the public may address the Committee at this time on any matter not already listed on the agenda, with comments being limited to three minutes. The Committee cannot take any action at this meeting on requests made under this section of the agenda.
- D. **ADJOURNMENT -** The meeting will adjourn no later than 10:30 a.m. to the next regular Finance Committee Meeting on January 26, 2022 at 8:30 a.m. in Conference Room 1 at 421 Main St.

SPEAKER ANNOUNCEMENT

<u>NOTE:</u> Citizens and other interested parties are encouraged to participate in the public process and will be invited to address the Committee regarding each item on the agenda using Zoom.

Instructions for using Zoom

- Join the meeting using the link above.
- You must have audio and microphone capabilities on the device you are using to join the meeting.
- When you join the meeting make sure that you join the meeting with audio and follow the prompts to test your speaker & microphone prior to joining the meeting.

To speak on an item using Zoom

- The Chair will call the item and staff will begin the staff report.
- Click on the Raise Hand icon if you would like to speak on the item. The City Clerk will call your name when it's your turn to speak.
- When your name is called, you will be prompted to unmute yourself.
- When your time is up, you will be muted.
- You will repeat this process for each item you want to speak on.

Distribution available in the office of the City Clerk

Posted: 12/17/21 prior to 5:00 p.m. at 421 Main St. Chico, CA 95928 and <u>www.ci.chico.ca.us</u> Copies of the agenda packet are available for review at: City Clerk's Office, 411 Main St. Chico, CA.



Please contact the City Clerk at 896-7250 should you require an agenda in an alternative format or if you need to request a disability-related modification or accommodation in order to participate in a meeting. This request should be received at least three working days prior to the meeting in order to accommodate your request.



Finance Committee Agenda Report

TO:

Finance Committee

FROM:

Kathryn Mathes, Accounting Manager

RE:

Review of June 30, 2021 Audited Financial Reports

REPORT IN BRIEF:

The certified public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA) was engaged by the City Council to perform an audit of the financial statements and perform compliance testing of the City of Chico, Chico Passenger Facility Charges and Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. CLA issued unmodified (clean) audit opinions on all financial statements. CLA management will present the results of the audit to Finance Committee. Upon Finance Committee recommendation, these reports will be forwarded to City Council for acknowledgement and receipt.

Meeting Date: 12/22/21

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Administrative Services Director recommends the Finance Committee review and forward to Council the following reports for final approval:

- City of Chico Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)
- Single Audit Report
- Report to Management "Auditors' Communication With Those Charged With Governance"
- · City of Chico Passenger Facility Charges Report
- Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority Report
- · Appropriations Limit Report

FISCAL IMPACT:

N/A

BACKGROUND:

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 908 and 1109 of the City's Charter, an independent auditor, hired by the Council to perform an annual audit of the books, financial records and related documents of the City in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, shall submit to the Council a report on the audit for the preceding fiscal year on or before the first regular meeting in February, unless an extension is granted by the Council. Staff is pleased to report that no extension is required this year.

DISCUSSION:

In addition to the unmodified (clean) audit opinions noted above, Staff is happy to state that CLA had no management findings, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies to report during the audit of the CAFR.

Prepared by:

Approved and recommended by:

Kathryn Mathes, Accounting Manager

Mark Orme, City Manager

Approved by:

Scott Dowell Administrative Services Director

ATTACHMENTS:

 City of Chico Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, Single Audit Report, Report to Management, City of Chico Passenger Facility Charges Report, Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority Report and Appropriations Limit Report

DISTRIBUTION:

City Clerk (3), City Manager, City Attorney

REVIEW OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORTS

The certified public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA) was engaged by the City Council to perform an audit of the financial statements and perform compliance testing of the City of Chico, Chico Passenger Facility Charges and Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. CLA issued unmodified (clean) audit opinions on all financial statements. CLA management will present the results of the audit to Finance Committee. Upon Finance Committee recommendation, these reports will be forwarded to City Council for acknowledgement and receipt.

Recommendation: The Administrative Services Director recommends the Finance Committee review and forward to Council the 2021 Audit Financial Reports for final approval.

CITY OF CHICO

Chico, California



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepared by:
Chico Finance Department

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA June 30, 2021 TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Transmittal Letter	i - v
Directory of City Officials	vi
Structure of City Government	vii
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	4 - 15
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Prop	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Custodial Net Position – Custodial Funds	24 - 25
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information:	28 - /1
Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios –	
CalPERS Miscellaneous Retirement Plan (Unaudited)	70
Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios –	
	71
CalPERS Safety Retirement Plan (Unaudited)	
Budget and Actual – General Fund.	
Budget and Actual – CDBG and Home Housing Fund (Major Special Rever	iue Funa)/5
Budget and Actual – Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund	7.
(Major Special Revenue Fund)	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	77
Supplemental Budgetary Comparisons (Major Capital Projects Funds):	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	m o
Budget and Actual – Capital Grants Fund	78
Budget and Actual – Public Facilities Impact Fee Funds	79
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA June 30, 2021 TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	81
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	82
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	83
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Operating Grants Fund	84
Community Maintenance Districts Fund	85
Transportation Fund	86
Gas Tax Fund	
Other Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	89
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	90
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
Capital Improvements Fund	91
Bond Proceeds Fund	92
Fleet Replacement and Facility Maintenance Fund	
Remediation Fund	
Public Infrastructure Replacement	95
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	96
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	98 - 99
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component	100
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	104
Revenue Capacity:	
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source	105
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	
Property Tax Rates-Direct and Overlapping Governments	
Principal Secured Property Taxpayers	108
Property tax levies and Collections	109

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA June 30, 2021 TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

STATIS	TAC	SECTION	(Continued)

Debt Capacity:	
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	110
Direct and Overlapping Government Activities Debt	111
Legal Debt Margin	112
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	114
Sales Value History	115
Principal Employers	116
Taxable Sales by Category	117
Operating Information:	
Full-time and Part-time City of Chico Employees by Function	118
Operating Indicators by Function	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	120



ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

411 Main Street – 1st Floor P.O. Box 3420 Chico, CA 95927 (530) 879-7300 Fax (530) 895-4656 http://www.ci.chico.ca.us

December 1, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chico:

The City of Chico (City) submits to you its Annual Financial Report (AFR) for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Administrative Services Department publishes the AFR to provide information about the City to its citizens, the investment community, the general public, and others who may have an interest in the financial well-being of the City. The data presented is designed to help readers assess our financial condition and understand the services we provide to the citizens of the City of Chico. This letter of transmittal is designed to be read with and complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City of Chico. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and fairly represent the financial position and changes in financial position of the City. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The City has a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The Charter of the City of Chico requires an annual audit to be conducted by an independent auditor employed by the City Council. The audit report is to be prepared in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Stated of America (GAAP) and submitted to the City Council on or before the first regular City Council meeting in February. CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the attached financial statements. Based on the results of the audit, the City of Chico's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, received an unmodified ("clean") opinion in the independent auditor's report (which is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report).

Profile of Chico

The City of Chico was founded in 1860 by General John Bidwell, and incorporated on February 5, 1872, with a population of approximately 1,000 persons in an area of 6.6 square miles. The incorporated area of the City of Chico has grown to over 30 square miles, with a population of 110,364.

Chico is the largest city in Butte County, located in the Northern Sacramento Valley approximately 90 miles north of Sacramento, and serves as the commercial center for a three-county regional market area. Chico supports a diverse range of industries including agriculture, recreation, tourism, education, medical,

and manufacturing. Chico is also the home of the second oldest institution in the California State University system, enrolling over 16,000 students annually.

Residents and visitors alike can sample locally grown almonds, bicycle in Bidwell Park (one of the largest municipally owned parks in the United States), tour the historic Bidwell Mansion, and take in the beauty of the California State University, Chico campus without having to stray too far from Chico's quaint and thriving downtown business district. A municipal airport and industrial park are situated in northern Chico.

The City is governed by a charter and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of seven members representing seven separate geographical districts, elected to staggered four-year terms. An election held each November in even numbered years chooses either three or four council members. The Council selects a mayor and vice mayor from among its members to serve two-year terms. The mayor presides over the Council meetings, which are held on the first and third Tuesdays of each month. The City Council appoints a City Manager to implement its policies and directives, a City Clerk to maintain public records and manage the elections process, and a City Attorney to serve as its legal counsel.

The City provides a broad range of services including: police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; community development, including planning and zoning, building and safety, and housing activities; park and recreational activities; municipal airport; and general administrative services.

The budget serves as the foundation for financial planning and control for the City of Chico. Budgetary control is maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual appropriated budget as approved and modified by the City Council. The City Charter requires the City Manager to present a proposed budget to the City Council by June 1 of each year. Budgetary control is at the department category level.

COVID-19

The outbreak of coronavirus disease (COVID-19) was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in early 2020. Governor Newsom declared a state of emergency in the State on March 4, 2020 and the Chico City Council declared a state of emergency in the City on March 25, 2020. On March 19, 2020 the Governor the Governor signed an Executive Order ordering the shut-down of all non-essential business and mandated that all employees, other than essential workers, remain at home. The pandemic has continued to effect the global, national, regional and local economies.

COVID-19 has had a major impact on City operations in terms of service delivery. Like many cities, Chico transitioned to largely a virtual environment for meetings. Based on the City's experience in providing services through this new model, the City has improved its online capabilities and provided staff with technology that allows them to be productive outside of the office. Going forward, the City understands that much of the technology improvements that were forced on the City in reacting to the pandemic (virtual meetings, working from home, etc.) will be incorporated into how service will be provided in the future. The City will continue to evaluate opportunities to incorporate technology advancements into delivering services to the public.

Chico's Economic Condition

Local Economy

Aside from the COVID-19 effects, Chico's local economy continues to make steady positive progress and growth in the areas of economic development, housing market and employment.

One indicator of the local economy is the rate of unemployment. The unemployment rate for Chico increased from 5% as of June 2020 to 9% at June 2021 despite a rate of 11.6% statewide.

Another indicator of the local economy is community development. During the fiscal year, residential building permits were issued along with commercial building permits. This continues the strong building market that occurred during the year ended June 2012, when 346 residential building and 13 commercial building permits were issued.

The influences of the local economy impacts, including COVID-19, are evidenced by the following key City revenue sources, which increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 as follows:

- Sales Tax increased 7%
- Transient Occupancy Tax increased 2%

Sales Tax

Sales tax revenue, which accounts for over 40% of all General Fund revenue, experienced COVID-19 related losses in nearly all major industry groups except for building and construction, and food and drugs. Major industry groups changed as follows:

INDUSTRY	PERCENTAGE INCREASE
AUTOS AND TRANSPORTATION	21%
BUILDING AND CONTRUCTION	37%
BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY	-2%
FOOD AND DRIGS	4%
GENERAL CONSUMER GOODS	7%
RESTAURANTS AND HOTELS	-5%

Property Tax

Property tax revenue, which accounts for almost 21% of all General Fund revenue, increased 7% from the prior year. Property tax revenue is composed of numerous property related tax categories. Current secured property taxes increased 1%,. The local housing market is experiencing increased growth in construction of new homes and increased growth in the resale of existing homes. Indications are that the current level of growth will continue into the next year. Residual property tax revenue came into place following the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency. As the former Redevelopment Agency's obligations are liquidated, the City receives a larger share of this property tax source. This year, the growth in residual property tax increased 13%.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City contracts with CalPERS to provide retirement benefits to retirees. The Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) associated with the retirement plan exceeds \$140,000,000 at June 30, 2021 and is reported on the attached financial statements. CalPERS has provided an estimated repayment schedule for over thirty years. City management has placed emphasis on planning for future repayments of the annual UAL. In fact, the annual UAL payment is paid in lump sum in July each year to reduce interest costs. These annual prepayments have resulted in over a \$1,500,000 interest savings over the last five years. In addition to prepayments, the City has created a Pension Stabilization Trust to help pay for future retirement payments. The City contracts with CalPERS to provide

Roads

The City's roads are in disrepair. As such, this has caused an unrecorded liability for future road repair and replacement. The City continues to review options to fund these repairs including a potential general sales tax to go before the electorate in November 2022.

City management will continue to present Council with conservative budgets that provide consideration of City cash flows, and applicable fiscal controls that will ensure the City continues to improve financially.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City Council has adopted a number of fiscal policies (See Appendix C-10 of the City's Annual Budget for the complete set of fiscal policies) designed to preserve the fiscal integrity of the City's resources, some of which are listed below.

- Operating Reserve The City Manager shall endeavor to present a Proposed Budget for the ensuing
 fiscal year which provides a balance in the General Fund to serve as an operating reserve in the amount
 of seven and one-half percent of the General Fund operating expenditures, or which the City Manager
 expects will reach seven and one-half percent by the time the books are closed at the end of the current
 fiscal year. These funds are available for allocation to cover unanticipated expenditures or major
 declines in revenue. This reserve is fully funded at June 30, 2021.
- Emergency Reserve An Emergency Reserve has been established to help buffer the City from issues such as large fluctuations in revenues or catastrophic events. The desired level of this reserve is established at 20% of the General Fund operating expenditures. The reserve is fully funded at June 30, 2021.
- Compensated Absence Reserve Compensated absences are defined as paid time off, such as vacation, sick leave and compensatory time off which becomes a City liability when the employee earns their right to the paid time off. This reserve is intended to accumulate funds to cover the City's liability with the intended target of reaching and maintaining a funding level of 50% of the City-wide liability. The balance in this reserve as of June 30, 2021 is \$1,500,000.
- Replacement Funds The City maintains a number of internal replacement funds including a Technology Replacement Fund to accumulate funds for the replacement of technological equipment, a Fleet Replacement Fund for the replacement of the City's vehicle fleet, and a Facilities Maintenance Fund for the repair and maintenance of City-owned facilities. Annual contributions are made from the funds owning such equipment or vehicles, based on the estimated cost to replace the item at the end of its useful life. Although the replacement funds are underfunded, the net fund balances of all replacement funds were \$2,736,595as of June 30, 2021.

The Future

The future is hopeful! Despite the challenges of COVID-19, pension costs, capital infrastructure and resident sheltering challenges; the City is poised to grow and excel. The City is currently exploring the following:

- Sales Tax A tax measure will be presented to the general public in November 2022. The purpose
 of the general sales tax is to provide resources to meet the City's financial needs over the next
 several years. Proceeds could be utilized to fund fire and police services, fund capital infrastructure
 include roads and maintain parks.
- Broadband The City is working on a broadband master plan to address issues like the digital
 divide and provide fast, reliable and inexpensive internet services. The goal of the plan is to provide
 the City a roadmap to provide reliable fiber technology throughout the City that can be used for
 education, commerce, medical and safety over the next 40 years.
- Capital Infrastructure the City continues to seek grants and possible sales tax revenue to repair or replace the existing aging roadway.

In addition to these projects, the City Council and City Staff continue to explore all opportunities to create the best Chico possible!

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Chico for its Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This Financial Report is the result of the cooperative effort of many people. We wish to convey our appreciation to the members of the Finance team who contributed to and assisted with the successful completion of the audit. We would also like to express our appreciation to all the City departments, who provided assistance and support, and to the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Manager

of macarth

Scott Dowell

Administrative Services Director

DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

Andrew Coolidge, Mayor

Kasey Reynolds, Vice-Mayor

Dale Bennett, Councilmember

Alex Brown, Councilmember

Sean Morgan, Councilmember

Mike O'Brien, Councilmember

Deepika Tandon, Councilmember

Mark Orme

City Manager

Debbie Presson

City Clerk

Steve Standridge

Fire Chief

Leigh Ann Sutton

Public Works Director-

Engineering

Erik Gustafson

Public Works Director-Operations & Maintenance

Vincent C. Ewing

City Attorney

Scott Dowell

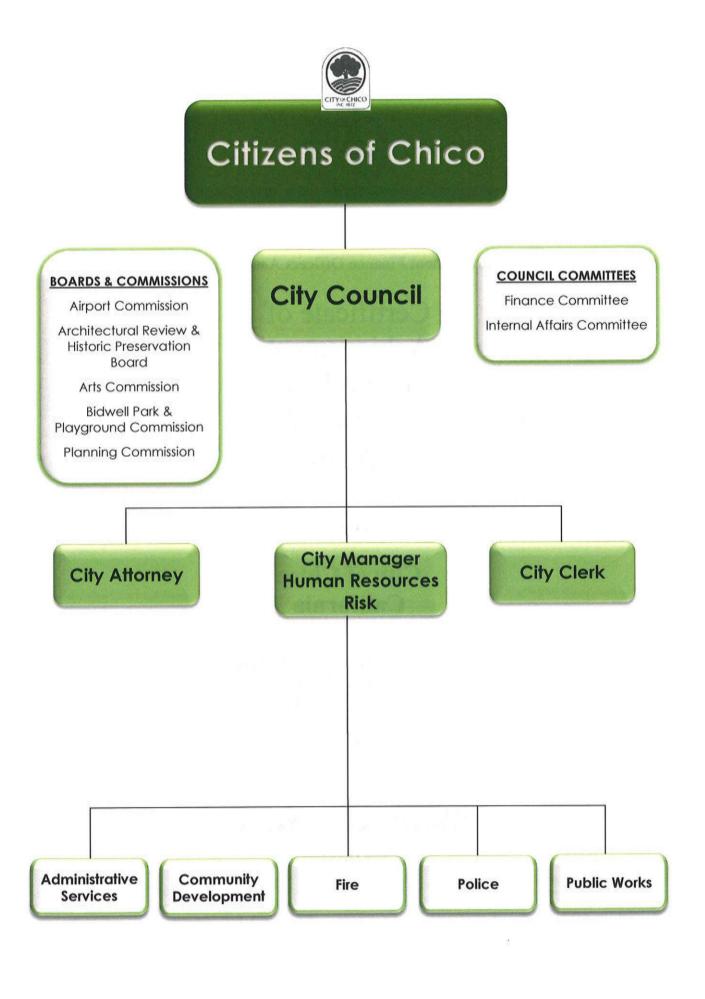
Administrative Services Director

Matt Madden

Chief of Police

Brendan Vieg

Community Development Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chico California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chico, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of pension plan contributions, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Chico's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton asson Allen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021

As management of the City of Chico (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City had a net position at June 30, 2021 of \$536,067,533 (net position). Of this amount, \$438,209,363 is the net investment in capital assets.
- As of June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$158,968,764 an increase of \$16,729,092 in comparison with the prior year. Amounts available for spending include restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance. Restricted fund balances totaled \$116,669,087. Committed fund balances totaled \$12,328,685. Assigned fund balances totaled \$15,439,335 while unassigned fund balance reported a fund balance of \$14,356,997
- At June 30, 2021, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$39,432,758, an increase of \$9,535,425 from June 30, 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components; (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also includes required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all City assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as <u>net position</u>. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and unused vacation leave that has been earned).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, community development and community agencies. The business-type activities of the City include the sewer, parking, private development and airport.

One component unit is included in our basic financial statements and consists of a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable or receives a financial benefit—the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority. Based on the criteria of generally accepted accounting principles, the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority's governing board is composed of two members of the

City of Chico Council and two members of the Butte County Board of Supervisors but is reported as a discretely presented component unit due to the significance of the economic resources the City receives from it.

Complete financial statements of the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City of Chico at 411 Main Street, Chico, California 95928.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintained several individual governmental funds at June 30, 2021. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, CDBG and HOME Housing Fund, Public Facilities Impact Fees, Capital Grants Fund, and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* found elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for activities for which the City charges a fee to either its external or internal customers. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, parking, private development and airport operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City.

Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide goods and services for certain City programs and activities. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance, central garage, municipal building maintenance, retirement funding and information services functions. Because these services benefit primarily governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's five internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. These statements include one Private-purpose Trust Fund that

includes the activity of the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency and three Custodial Funds that account for the assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information is presented in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. A Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios is included along with a Schedule of Contributions relating to the CalPERS Retirement Plans. Budget Schedules for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue funds are also presented as required supplementary information.

Other Information includes the *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* referred to earlier. Specifically included is information for the Capital Grants Fund budget, nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds and Custodial Funds. These statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$536,067,533 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$438,209,363, or 82%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used by the City to provide services to the citizens. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Governmental and Business-type Activities assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position as of June 30, are presented in the following table:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total					Dollar	
	0	2020	_	2021	_	2020		2021	_	2020		2021		Change
Current and other assets	S	177,133,987	\$	203,446,276	s	43,033,695	s	52,349,955 \$		220,167,682	\$	255,796,231	s	35,628,549
Capital assets		325,728,270	_	325,628,722		132,869,130		139,189,844	_	458,597,400		464,818,566	_	6,221,166
Total assets		502,862,257	_	529,074,998	-	175,902,825	-	191,539,799	_	678,765,082		720,614,797	_	41,849,715
Deferred Outflows of Resources														
Deferred outflows related to pensions		16,706,996	-	16,966,506	-	1,978,158	_	2,144,100	_	18,685,154		19,110,606	-	425,452
Current and other liabilities		129,070,338		143,484,019		20,961,418		29,092,551		150,031,756		172,576,570		22,544,814
Long-term liabilities	1 2	12,694,236	_	13,082,335	_	27,722,740	_	16,883,724	_	40,416,976		29,966,059	-	(10,450,917)
Total liabilities	2	141,764,574		156,566,354	_	48,684,158	_	45,976,275	_	190,448,732	_	202,542,629	_	12,093,897
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Deferred inflows related to pensions		3,062,315	_	949,995		360,644	_	165,246		3,422,959		1,115,241	_	(2,307,718)
Net position:														
Net investment														
in capital assets		323,202,614		323,630,848		105,602,949		114,578,515		428,805,563		438,209,363		9,403,800
Restricted		111,598,602		116,537,658		17,282,553		¥		128,881,155		116,537, 658		(12,343,497)
Unrestricted	-	(60,058,852)	-	(51,643,351)	-	5,950,679	_	32,963,863		(54,108,173)		(18,679,488)	_	35,428,685
Total net position	s =	388,525,155	s_	388,525,155	\$	128,836,181	s_	147,542,378 \$		503,578,545	s_	536,067,533	\$_	32,488,988

Governmental Activities. Primary changes in governmental activities are summarized below:

Assets. Total assets increased by \$41,849,715. The primary causes of the increase was an increase in restricted and unrestricted cash of approximately \$22 million. Increased revenue in the taxes and proceeds from the American Rescue Plan account for most of the change.

Deferred Outflows of Resources. This classification balance, although similar to "assets," is set apart because these items do not meet the technical definition of being a City asset on the date of these financial statements. In other words, these amounts are not available to pay liabilities in the way assets are available. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflow of resources will become an expense.

The most significant deferred outflows of resources reported are related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB No. 71 for net pension liability reporting. GASB No. 68 requires that contributions made to the retirement system subsequent to the measurement date be reported as deferred outflows of resources. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are also reported as deferred outflows and

amortized over several years. The City has reported deferred outflows of resources for pension contributions and differences between actual and estimated earnings of pension plan investments totaling \$16,966,506 for governmental activities at June 30, 2021. The deferred outflows of resources will be reflected in the change in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

Liabilities. Governmental activities liabilities increased by \$5,520,027 primarily due to a increase in the net pension liability of \$6,930,759.

Deferred Inflows of Resources. Deferred inflows of resources are the counterpart to deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources are not technically liabilities of the City as of the date of the financial statements. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflows of resources will become revenue or an increase to net position.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions represent a net amount attributable to the various components that impact pension changes and can include the differences between actual and expected experience and changes in assumptions. The City has reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions totaling \$949,995 for government activities at June 30, 2021.

Net Position. Governmental activities net position increased \$32,488,988 due primarily to decrease in Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs.

Business-type Activities. Primary changes in business-type activities are summarized below:

Assets. Total assets increased by \$15,636,973 due to an increase in restricted cash related to construction contracts.

Deferred Outflows of Resources. GASB Statement No. 68 requires that contributions made subsequent to the measurement date be reported as deferred outflows of resources. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are also reported as deferred outflows and amortized over several years. The City has reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions totaling \$2,144,100 for government activities at June 30, 2021.

Liabilities. Business-type activities liabilities decreased by \$2,107,883 primarily due to the payment of long-term debt related to the Sewer Fund.

Deferred Inflows of Resources. As discussed above, deferred inflows of resources are the counterpart to deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions represent a net amount attributable to the various components that impact pension changes and can include the differences between actual and expected experience and changes in assumptions. The City has reported deferred inflows of resources for deferred pensions totaling \$165,246 for business-type activities at June 30, 2021.

Net Position. Business-type activities net position increase of \$18,706,197 primarily due to an increase in cash of approximately \$3,668,392 that occurred to reflect the City's overall fiscal recovery operating procedures and an increase in donated sewer infrastructure.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities for the year ended June 30:

Condensed Statement of Activities

Dollar	2021	107-91-90 x C-102-7			2021	7020	
Change	Constitution of the Consti	7020	Pi-	7020		0707	Program revenues:
2£1,899	906,476,75	\$1,000,7ε &	\$ 24,172,344	\$ 22,604,403	296,102,£1 \$	177,104,41 \$	Charges for services
							Date straing griants and
(081,818)	£18,080,9	£69,970,6	•	•	£12,080,9	£69'9 7 9'6	contributions
781,524,5	150,748,91	\$\$\$\$\phi\$61.71	9\$1,622,11	9\$2,804,11	S78,E24,8	885,687,2	Capital grants and contributions
188,890,8	887,886,£8	7£6,478,72		•	887,886,£8	756,478,72	General revenues and Special Item: Taxes
					Security Control		Orants and contributions not
728,750,21)	2,072,665	264,011,41	**************************************	•	2,072,665	264,011,41	restricted to specific programs
ኯ ፕ દ ,090,1)	898,685,1	2,379,942	972,085	172,218	266,826	1/9'/95'1	Unrestricted investment earnings
Z\$£,78	781,732	714,380		•	781,732	714,380	Miscellancous Bond proceeds from private-
4,462,859	E09'464'4E1	138,957,462	970,827,25	34,821,930	752,85T,89	104,135,533	Bond proceeds from private- Total revenues
							:sosuadx
051,574,11	882,883,81	7,182,153		•	18,655,283	7,182,153	General government
096,684,11)	288,035,45	742,844,242	*	-	288,09€,4€	242,448,24	Public safety
(274,163)	776,228,71	01,790,81			776,228,71	041,790,81	Public works
(172,793)	282,827,5	3,901,045	a.C	•	3,728,252	840,100,€	Parks and recreation
945,846		28,346			(7)	28,346	Arts and culture
802,286,2	498,136,8	2,679,356		-	₽98,19€,8	988,978,2	Community development
147,8)	802,E	942,01	10	•	80s,£	10,249	Community agencies
34,705	257,08	720,84		•	\$67,08	720,94	Interest on long-term debt
and the		52000				80.000	To noitisoqsib no seo.1
E71,407,1)	229,259,11	867,655,51	11,635,625	867,655,51	-	-	Sewer
(960,841)	726,74e	£80,£60,1	L\$6'L\$6	£20,£90,1	-	•	Parking
(282,763	4,365,232	566'Lt9't	252,235,4	266,746,4	4	м.	Private development
(699)	2,043,302	2,043,965	2,043,302	296,540,5	*		hoqiiA
3,092,245	102,000,501	696,619,86	911,299,116	118,451,15	894,610,68	822,887,77	sasuadxa jejoj
							ni (assoroob) assoronI
(401,888,7)	32,488,989	40,044,093	096, £87, 81	611,766,81	670'\$72'\$1	26,346,975	net position before transfers
\$66°\$59°6)	•	\$66°\$29°6	•	1,622,829		891,210,8	Special item-OPEB elimination
	•	-	1,942,237	(874,251)	(752,246,1)	874,821	stolenerT'
(860,061,71)	686,884,∆£			074,491,21	267,287,51	819'484'45	noitieot ten ni egnadž
	\$\$\$'8Z\$'E0\$	954,668,524	181,836,181	117,146,211	495,247,47£	247,725,04E	let position, beginning of year
880'649'61							

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$32,488,990 due to an increase in charges for service as well as taxes.

Revenues. Total revenues for governmental activities increased 21% from the prior year:

- Taxes increased \$6,093,851 due to increases in sales tax revenue and property tax revenue as the economy and housing market are moving in a modestly positive direction.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$(2,634,287) due primarily to completion of a large infrastructure project.
- Intergovernmental Revenue increased \$3,550,752 due primarily to CARES funding.

Expenses. Total expenses for governmental activities increased \$5,224,937 from the prior year:

The increase in expenses is due to the City's new agreement with CARD to transfer Community Park
Development Impact Fee funds collected by the City to CARD twice a year for the development of future
community park facilities.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$18,706,197. Charges for service revenues combined with expenses reductions also increased net position. The operations of individual enterprise funds are presented more thoroughly in the Proprietary Funds section.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$158,968,764 an increase of \$16,729,092 compared to the prior year. The City reported \$116,669,087 of restricted fund balance, \$63,748,813 is composed of long-term loans receivable. By nature, restricted resources are restricted for specific purposes.

Nonspendable fund balance is composed of: \$174,660 in prepaid items.

Committed fund balance is composed of: \$1,513,524 for compensated absences, \$429,788 in donations and \$10,385,373 for emergency contingencies.

Total assigned fund balance is \$15,439,335. It is specifically assigned for equipment replacement of \$2,736,595 assigned for capital projects of \$8,615,075 remediation of \$501,024 and subsequent year's budget of \$3,586,641.

The changes in fund balance as of June 30, is presented in the following table:

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

	2			Major	Fun	ds				
	_	General Fund		CDBG and HOME Housing		Public Facilities Impact Fees		Capital Grants		Low & Moderate Income Housing Asset
Revenues Expenditures Other financing sources (uses), net	\$	68,630,271 (55,452,372) (3,642,474)	\$	983,731 (932,403) 16,158	\$	8,124,538 (7,602,570) (78,058)	\$	4,499,166 (3,945,708)	\$	434,753 (384,851) (11,491)
Change in fund balances Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year Fund balances (deficits), end of year	2	9,535,425 29,897,333		(67,486) 7,578,919		443,910 31,951,578		(553,458) (1,387,792)		38,411 56,063,997
	-	39,432,758	\$.	7,646,405	. \$_	32,395,488	\$_	(834,334)	\$_	56,102,408
		Nonma	jor	Funds		2021		2020		
		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues Expenditures Other financing sources (uses), net	\$	12,329,514 (6,749,769) (1,924,409)	\$	1,793,726 (3,637,866) 4,276,206	\$	96,795,699 (78,705,539) (1,364,068)	\$	89,163,913 (69,174,692) 570,750		
Change in fund balances Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year Fund balances (deficits), end of year	- s	3,655,336 11,955,719		2,432,066 6,182,918		16,726,092 142,242,672	-	20,559,971 121,682,699		
	-	15,611,055	\$	8,614,984	\$_	158,968,764	\$_	142,242,670		

Revenues for governmental funds overall totaled \$ 96,795,699 an increase of 5.36% from the prior fiscal year, and expenditures for governmental funds totaled \$ 78,705,539 a negligible change from the prior year. Revenue increases were due primarily to increases in property and sales taxes. Expenditures are largely unchanged due to strong fiscal management.

General Fund revenue increased \$4,743,317 due to an increase in Intergovernmental revenues of 7.42% due primarily to reimbursements for assistance provided to fight the numerous wildfires that occurred during the year. Current year General Fund expenditures increased 2020 by \$5,741,690. Increases in wages and benefits accounts for increase.

CDBG & HOME Housing fund increased by \$67,486 primarily due to interest earnings.

Revenue in the Capital Grants Fund exceeded expenditures by \$(553,458) due to timing of receipts for reimbursements of 2020-2021 expenditures.

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund's change in fund balance consists mostly of loans receivable received from the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency. Otherwise, there is very little activity.

occurring within this Fund as the revenue is considered restricted as most of it is composed of long-term loan receivables.

Public Facility Impact Fee funds have been consolidated into one reporting fund. It is reported as a Major Capital Projects Fund. Fund balance in this fund fluctuates with building activity within the City limits.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses and results of operations of proprietary funds for the current fiscal year:

	Sewer		Parking		Private Development	Airport	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 18,055,204	\$	373,192	\$	5,098,969	\$ 618,438	\$ 24,145,803
Operating expenses	11,245,802		947,957	_	4,365,232	2,043,302	19,688,391
Operating income (loss)	6,809,402		(574,765)		733,737	(1,424,864)	4,457,412
Nonoperating revenues							
(expenses), net	 (91,081)	_	20,853	-	35,621	 31,901	 (2,706)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	6,718,321					Ī	5,632,223
Contributions and transfers	7,996,101		73		758,883	14,251,491	24,062,646
Change in net position	\$ 14,684,422	\$	(553,839)	\$	1,528,241	\$ 3,047,373	\$ 18,706,197

- Sewer Fund revenues increased over the prior year due to increased Water Pollution Control Plant capacity development fees collected.
- Parking Fund revenues decreased by \$(573,503) over the prior year as the City halted collection of Parking fees due to the COVID pandemic.
- The Private Development Fund had an increase in net position of \$476,886. Operations in the fund reflected additional activity in the building industry in Chico during the year ended June 30, 2021.
- Airport Fund operating revenues decreased \$(522,166) primarily due to additional rental charges for airport related facilities. The City is working to revitalize the airport and its industrial park.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget to actual information for the General Fund is presented as part of required supplementary information in this report. The City Council amended the budget several times during the period. These amendments, generally, were to adjust for actual beginning balances and carryovers after closing the prior fiscal year and for new sources and uses realized during the fiscal year.

Overall, actual revenue was over budgeted revenue by \$4,124,691. Property tax revenues was over budget by \$534,906 while sales and use taxes revenue exceeded budget by \$2,426,531. Other taxes including transient and occupancy taxes (TOT) exceeded budget by \$1,919,690.

Overall, budgeted expenditures were under budget by \$23,295,879. Most departments recognized actual expenditures under budget.

Amendments to the public works budget were made for capital projects initiated during the year. Fire and Police had increases in the original budget to account for increases in wages and benefits.

In spite of City Council budgetary amendments, variances between actual amounts and the final budget occur. Generally, all of the variances were positive (i.e., actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures) due to the fact that a conservative budgetary approach was utilized.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of **June 30**, **2021** amounted to \$464,818,566 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Total current year depreciation expense was \$18,328,979.

Capital assets, net of depreciation, for the governmental and business-type activities are presented on the next page to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities
	2020	2021	2020	2021
Land	\$31,456,230	\$31,561,925	\$2,154,341	\$2,154,341
Buildings	9,030,354	8,529,383	4,691,860	4,187,118
Improvements	6,782,299	8,319,818	109,114,940	107,734,478
Equipment	9,885,915	8,955,391	599,585	492,863
Infrastructure	242,636,661	242,601,613	10 1000	
Construction in progress	25,936,810	25,660,592	16,308,401	24,621,042
Total, Net	\$325,728,269	\$325,628,722	\$132,869,127	\$139,189,842

			Tota	ıl
	Т	otal	Dollar	Percentage
	2020	2021	Change	Change
Land	\$33,610,571	\$33,716,266	\$105,695.00	0%
Buildings	13,722,214	12,716,501	(1,005,713)	-7%
Improvements	115,897,239	116,054,296	157,057	0%
Equipment	10,485,500	9,448,253	(1,037,247)	-10%
Infrastructure	242,636,661	242,601,613	(35,048)	0%
Construction in progress	42,245,211	50,281,634	8,036,423	19%
Total, Net	\$458,597,396	\$464,818,563	\$6,221,167	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Buildings Decrease is due primarily to depreciation expense. No significant capitalized construction to building category occurred.
- Improvements Decrease is due primarily to depreciation expense.
- Equipment Increases reflect acquisitions of safety radios and upgraded software for several departments.
- Infrastructure Increased as several large street projects were completed.
- Construction in progress (CIP) Increase is due to initiation of projects not yet completed and transferred to appropriated capital accounts.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-term liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the City had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$35,134,126 an overall decrease of \$6,740,593 from June 30, 2020. Additional information related to the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The fiscal year 2022 budget was approved on June 1, 2021, with a total Operating Budget of \$98,533,966, which is a \$2,354,530 increase from the prior fiscal year's Council adopted budget. The adopted Capital Improvement Budget totaled \$44,354,1386. Total General Fund revenue and transfers in total of \$64,471,002, which is higher than budgeted expenditures and transfers out of \$60,530,039. The City has also assigned fund balance from June 30, 2021 of \$3,586,641 to cover expenditures in the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget.

During this time of economic uncertainty, brought on by the coronavirus pandemic and the associated economic fallout, the fiscal year 2021-22 budget continues the City's record of strong fiscal management. This fiscal year budget maintains a well-resourced City government, which is prepared to respond to the needs of our residents. The City does not currently anticipate any significant cash flow or liquidity issues in the near term because of COVID-19 but continues to monitor that risk. This City cannot predict the extent to which consequences arising from COVID-19 will impact financial conditions, operations, reserves and liquidity, but management is dedicated to monitor the unfolding impacts to ensure residents at all income levels a safe place to live and work.

Local Revenue Base

Governor Newsom declared a state of emergency in the State on March 4, 2020 and on March 19, 2020 the Governor signed an Executive Order ordering the shut-down of all non-essential business and mandated that all employees, other than essential workers, remain at home. The Chico City Council declared a state of emergency in the City on March 25, 2020.

The sudden cessation of business activity, travel and tourism resulting from the pandemic had a devastating impact on the retail and hospitality sectors in Chico. Many restaurants and retail businesses closed, and the hotel occupancy rates dropped. Employment declined in the City as many employees were laid off. Noted related decreases in tax revenue include:

- Sales tax revenue decreased 3%
- Transient occupancy tax decreased 16%

Other key economic factors reflect slow but steady growth for the City. The City is seeing a continued increase in local construction as evidenced by an increase in building permits issued, planning fees, and sales of new and existing homes.

It is not possible to predict the impact of the pandemic on property tax revenue. The Commercial real estate sector could sustain losses in value from the pandemic as tenants evaluate density and remote work. A loss in value would result in lost property taxes.

Subsequent Economic Impacts of American Rescue Plan Act Funds

The City of Chico was awarded \$22 million in American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funds. Half of the funds were received in May of 2021 and half is expected in May of 2022. The deadline for spending the funds is December 31, 2024.

Eligible uses include:

- o Revenue recovery
- o Broadband/fiber projects
- o Water and sewer infrastructure
- o Assistance for individuals, businesses and non-profits

The City's executive leadership is analyzing and prioritizing different options for using the funds.

Requests for Information

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be requested as follows:

US Mail:	or	Phone:	or	Email:
City of Chico		(530) 879-7300		scott.dowell@chicoca.gov
Administrative Services Direct	tor			
P.O. Box 3420				
Chico, California 95927				



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	2	Primary Government					Component Unit Chico Urban	
		Governmental		Business-type		m-v-1	Area Joint Powers	
ASSETS	-	Activities	-	Activities		Total	Financing Authority	
Current Assets:								
	\$	111,918,143	\$	46,234,470	\$	158,152,613	\$ -	
Cash and investments	P		D.	40,234,470	Þ	2,463,206	1,516,271	
Restricted cash and investments		2,463,206		ñ		2,403,200	1,510,271	
Receivables:		11,702,372				11,702,372	103,385	
Interest		600,721		9		600,721	103,363	
Property taxes				2,841,752		5,110,649		
Accounts		2,268,897				15,542,545	. .	
Intergovernmental		12,268,812		3,273,733				
Loans		62,001,013		-		62,001,013	htti	
Prepaid		175,967		7		175,967	150	
Other assets		47,145		1 1		47,145	F	
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital assets:				AUTOMA NAV		00 000 001		
Nondepreciable		57,222,517		26,775,384		83,997,901	14	
Depreciable, net	-	268,406,205	_	112,414,460		380,820,665		
Total assets	_	529,074,998		191,539,799	-	720,614,797	1,619,656	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		16,966,506		2,144,100		19,110,606		
Total deferred outflows of resources		16,966,506		2,144,100		19,110,606		
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		3,716,984		3,424,664		7,141,648		
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,126,488		166,165		1,292,653		
		1,846,889		100,100		1,846,889	-	
Intergovernmental payable		1,040,002		70,717		70,717	•	
Interest payable		28,823		20,042		48,865		
Deposits Unearned revenue		11,763,212		568,593		12,331,805	2	
Other accrued liabilities		26,154		500,575		26,154		
		20,134				20,131		
Long-term liabilities:		3,664,087		1,669,680		5,333,767		
Due within one year		9,418,248		20,382,111		29,800,359	23,059,478	
Due in more than one year		124,975,469		19,674,303		144,649,772	25,007,170	
Due in more than one year net pension liability Total liabilities	_	156,566,354	_	45,976,275		202,542,629	23,059,478	
		130,300,334		43,270,273		202,072,027	22,302,311,9	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions	-	949,995		165,246		1,115,241	(#)	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	949,995	_	165,246	_	1,115,241		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		323,630,848		114,578,515		438,209,363	2	
Restricted for:								
Capital projects		45,528,856		≅		45,528,856	4	
Housing		63,748,813		<u>\$</u>		63,748,813	-	
Maintenance districts		4,378,909		*		4,378,909		
Other government programs		2,493,124				2,493,124		
Public safety		387,956				387,956		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(51,643,351)		32,963,863		(18,679,488)	(21,439,822)	
Officed (deficit)								

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						Ne	Component Unit		
				Program Revenue	25	Changes in Net Position			
Direct Indirect Expenses Expenses	Total Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority	
	- Weronward	le sittingthe Africa	2000000				- voissiusituscus =		
20,637,578	\$ (1,982,295)	\$ 18,655,283	\$ 771,917	\$ 2,631,508	s .	\$ (15,231,858)	s .	S (15,231,858)	
34,352,274	8,608	34,360,882	1,211,681						
17,370,281					8 423 875	7 10 10 10 10			
				1 178 850					
	70.0.0		04,700	1,120,039					
80,732		80,732	-			(80,732)		(80,732)	
84 161 536	(1 148 038)	83.013.408	12 501 962	0.060.512	0 477 076	753.007.1483		(52.007.140)	
	(1,110,000)	03,013,430	13,301,302	9,000,513		(32,007,148)		(32,007,148)	
11 191 382	444 243	11 635 625	19.055.204		9 101 504		14 541 102	14.541.100	
				*	8,121,324				
				Ō		•			
				•					
1,883,739	139,343	2,043,302	641,408		3,101,632		1,699,738	1,699,738	
17,982,930	1,009,186	18,992,116	24,172,344		11,223,156		16,403,384	16,403,384	
102,144,446	\$ (138,852)	\$ 102,005,614	\$ 37,674,306	\$ 18,342,265	\$ 19.647.031	(52.007.148)	16.403.384	(35.623.764)	
		The state of the s	the state of the s			A south and a south as	132,133,133,1	(53,023,704)	
8,434,532 \$		\$ 8,434,532	s .	<u>s</u> -	\$ 1,900,000				\$ (6,534,532)
onaral cavanuac									
'axes:									
Property taxes						19,896,013		19,896,013	
Sales and use ta	×					28,176,531		28,176,531	
Transient Occup	pancy Tax					3,063,513	-	3,063,513	
Utility users tax						8,119,022	2	8,119,022	
Franchise fees						3,875,540		3,875,540	
Other taxes						838,169	147	838,169	2
irants and contri	butions not restr	icted to specific pr	ograms			2,072,665	4		
Inrestricted inve	stment earnings								59,016
/liscellaneous	was super-alical victoria (Co.								- cine
ansfers							1,942.237	7.500.50	***
	venues, transfers					THE STATE AND DOME	10-co/10/06/11	68 112 753	(6,475,516)
									30.5 V. O. V
		vear							(6,475,516)
							an analysis and a second		\$ (21,439,822)
	34,352,274 17,370,281 3,451,644 8,265,519 3,508 80,732 84,161,536 11,191,382 830,964 4,076,825 1,883,759 17,982,930 102,144,446 8,434,532 Sales and use ta Transient Occup Utility users tax Franchise fees Other taxes irants and contri- linestricted inventise fees Total general recentise fees Total general recentise fees Total general recentise fees Total general recenting in net p t position (defice	34,352,274 8,608 17,370,281 452,696 3,451,644 276,608 8,265,519 96,345 3,508 - 80,732 - 84,161,536 (1,148,038) 11,191,382 444,243 830,964 116,993 4,076,825 288,407 1,883,759 159,543 17,982,930 1,009,186 102,144,446 \$ (138,852) 8,434,532 \$ - eneral revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Sales and use tax Transient Occupancy Tax Utility users tax Franchise fees Other taxes Franchise fees Total general revenues, transfers Change in net position	34,352,274	34,352,274	34,352,274 8,608 34,360,882 1,211,681 764,446 17,370,281 452,696 17,822,977 11,449,454 4,535,700 3,451,644 276,608 3,728,252 4,144 -	34,352,274 8,608 34,360,882 1,211,681 764,446 173,70,281 452,696 17,822,977 11,449,454 4,535,700 8,423,875 3,451,644 276,608 3,728,252 4,144	34,352,274 8,608 34,360,882 1,211,681 764,446 (32,384,755) 17,370,281 452,696 17,822,977 11,449,454 4,535,700 8,423,875 6,586,052 3,451,644 276,608 3,728,252 4,144 - (3,724,108) 8,265,519 96,345 8,361,864 64,766 1,128,859 (7,168,239) 3,508 8,732 - (80,732) - (80,7	14,1512,274	14,152,274

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds consist of the General Fund, special revenue funds and capital projects funds.

Major Governmental Funds include:

General

The City's primary operating fund. Accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CDBG and HOME Housing

Accounts for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) annual federal grant program and the State and Federal HOME grant programs. The CDBG program provides for development of viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment and expansion of economic opportunities, principally for low and moderate income residents. The HOME program provides for the development of affordable housing and mortgage subsidy programs and housing rehabilitation to benefit low income households. Use of CDBG and HOME funding is restricted per federal guidelines.

Capital Grants

Accounts for receipts and disbursements of a variety of governmental fund capital grants.

Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund accounts for all activities resulting from the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency's low and moderate income housing function. Primarily, this Fund utilizes program income from loan payments restricted for the development and assistance for low-income households. Use of Housing Funds is restricted according to the provisions contained in California State Assembly Bill 1X26 and California State Assembly Bill 1484.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds consist of the enterprise funds and the internal service funds.

Major enterprise funds include:

Sewer

Accounts for sanitary sewer collection system and Water Pollution Control Plant operations including major repair and replacement of the City's Water Pollution Control Plant facilities.

Parking

Accounts for parking facilities operations and improvements and debt service on the 1994 Parking Revenue Bonds issued to finance the downtown parking structure.

Private Development

Accounts for private development planning and building inspection and subdivision planning and inspection.

Airport

Accounts for airport operations and improvements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund Type

Fiduciary funds include:

• Private-purpose Trust Fund

Accounts for the assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency.

Custodial Fund

Accounts for assets held in an agency capacity for parties outside the City. The resources of this fund cannot be used to support the City's own programs. The Fund accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Ge	eneral Fund		CDBG & HOME Housing		Public Facilities Impact Fees		Capital Grants		Low & Moderate come Housing ousing Asset Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	41,958,485	\$	766,455	\$	34,287,877	\$	2	\$	2,802,341	\$	23,015,973	\$	102,831,131
Restricted cash and investments		2,039,030		00 E 24 1 E 2	800		100		*	-,002,011		124,176	.0	2,163,206
Receivables:												3.07 - 1.8-0 (1.70)		2,.00,200
Interest		210,364		943,476		(A)		12		10,548,433		99		11,702,372
Property taxes		573,107						_				27,614		600,721
Accounts		2,026,095						-				51,269		2,077,364
Intergovernmental		6,749,239		319,638				3,582,660		(*)		1,617,275		12,268,812
Loans		Western Service Miles		7,415,182						54,562,354		23,477		62,001,013
Prepaid items		174,660						-		*				174,660
Advances to other funds	_	N. W. II. SHIROSON	_		-	42,205	_						_	42,205
Total assets	\$	53,730,980	\$	9,444,751	\$	34,330,082	\$	3,582,660	\$	67,913,128	\$	24,859,883	\$	193,861,484
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							Kese							
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,														
AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	1,097,031	\$	817,711	\$	114,383	\$	229,842	\$	613,709	\$	396,947	\$	3,269,623
Accrued salaries and benefits		939,944		10,481						4,824		101,841	25	1,057,090
Deposits		8,823		5				-		20,000) i		28,823
Intergovernmental payable		=		26,678		1,820,211								1,846,889
Due to other funds		- 2		in water may				2,639,923						2,639,923
Unearned revenue		11,050,317				2		712,895		-				11,763,212
Other accrued liabilities		26,154		-		2		MANAGEMENT STATES		_		(2)		26,154
Advances from other funds	_			-	_	4	_	-	_	-	_	42,205	-	42,205
Total liabilities	_	13,122,269	_	854,870	_	1,934,594		3,582,660		638,533	_	540,993	_	20,763,919
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Unavailable housing loan interest														
revenue		A SAME OF SAME		943,476				-		10,548,433		<u>u</u>		11,491,909
Unavailable revenue	_	1,175,953	_		_		_	834,334	-	623,754		92,851	_	2,726,892
Total deferred inflows of resources	· —	1,175,953	_	943,476	_		-	834,334	_	11,172,187	_	92,851	_	14,218,801
Fund balances (definit)														
Fund balances (deficit): Nonspendable		174.660												
Restricted		174,660		7 (1/ 105		70 705 400		7				erreren estă		174,660
Committed		2,250,032		7,646,405		32,395,488		Ä		56,102,408		18,274,754		116,669,087
Assigned		12,328,685				•		77		Ti di		Bas cower		12,328,685
Unassigned		9,488,050		4		•		(001.00.				5,951,285		15,439,335
Chassighed	_	15,191,331			-		1	(834,334)			_	•	_	14,356,997
Total fund balances (deficit)		39,432,758		7,646,405	_	32,395,488	_	(834,334)	_	56,102,408	_	24,226,039	_	158,968,764
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances														

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances (deficit) - total governmental funds	\$	S	158,968,764
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in			
governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the governmental funds.			325,575,711
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position			
Related to Pension			16,021,204
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period			
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the			
fund.			14,218,801
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial			
resources, therefore,, interest payable is not reported as a liability in			
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position			
Related to Pension			(877,141)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the			
costs of activities to individual funds. The asset and			
liabilities of internal service funds are included in			
governmental activities in the statement of net position.			(3,746,658)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period			
and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Net pension liability	(116,301,348)		
Capital leases payable	(1,997,874)		
Compensated absences	(3,336,304)		(121,635,526)
Net position of governmental activities	5	8	388,525,155

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_(General Fund	_	CDBG & HOME Housing	_	Public Facilities Impact Fees	·	Capital Grants	Inco	Low & Moderate ome Housing sset Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	en.	10.007.410			- 2				40				
Property taxes	\$	19,876,543	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	19,470	\$ -	\$	19,896,013
Sales and use taxes		28,176,531				-		-		-	-		28,176,531
Other taxes		15,896,244				-		-		-	-		15,896,244
Licenses and permits		90,651						*		-	120		90,651
Intergovernmental		2,607,092		906,405		*		4,499,166			10,010,125		18,022,788
Charges for services		242,382		-		7,805,496				2,193	3,708,095		11,758,166
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		468,792		unie de la constant		272.01					23,239		492,031
Use of money and property		708,195		77,326		319,042				405,521	171,459		1,681,543
Miscellaneous	_	563,841	_	-	_		_			7,569	210,322	_	781,732
Total revenues		68,630,271	_	983,731	_	8,124,538	_	4,499,166	-	434,753	14,123,240	_	96,795,699
EXPENDITURES:													
Current:													
General government		4,062,111		<u>-</u>		-		430,703		-	1,270,895		5,763,709
Public safety		41,307,605		4						-	881,584		42,189,189
Public works		4,151,854						4		_	4,147,736		8,299,590
Parks and recreation		3,219,385		12		-				-	124,311		3,343,696
Community development		1,237,961		932,403		5,789,225				384,851			8,344,440
Community agencies		3,508						_					3,508
Capital outlay:													2,000
Capital outlay - Operations		922,667		-		1,754,405		3,515,005			3,960,816		10,152,893
Debt service:		549-4454049				(10.00)		5.45.57.45.57			2,200,000		10,102,075
Principal retirement		470,475		2		57,307		_		12	4		527,782
Interest and fiscal charges		76,806	_	2	_	1,633	_			12	2,293	_	80,732
Total expenditures		55,452,372	_	932,403	_	7,602,570		3,945,708		384,851	10,387,635		78,705,539
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures		13,177,899		51,328		521,968		553,458		49,902	3,735,605		18,090,160
OTHER FINANCING		13,177,032	_	31,320	_	321,906	_	333,436		49,902	3,733,603		18,090,160
SOURCES (USES):													
Transfers in		3,017,249		16,158		1,204		-		4,667	4,521,227		7,560,505
Transfers out	01-2	(6,659,723)				(79,262)		2		(16,158)	(2,169,430)		(8,924,573)
Total other financing			10					-		- Various Constitution			<u> </u>
sources (uses)		(3,642,474)	_	16,158	_	(78,058)	_	¥.		(11,491)	2,351,797	_	(1,364,068)
Net change in fund balances		9,535,425		67,486		443,910		553,458		38,411	6,087,402		16,762,092
Fund balances (deficit), beginning													
of year		29,897,333		7,578,919	_	31,951,578		(1,387,792)		56,063,997	18,138,637		142,242,672
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	39,432,758	5	7,646,405	\$	32,395,488	\$	(834,334)	\$	56,102,408	\$ 24,226,039	\$	158,968,764

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	,170,472)
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay 10,152,893 Depreciation expense (12,323,365) (2, The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (1) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	,170,472)
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense (12,323,365) (2, The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (1) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	,170,472)
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Capital outlay Depreciation expense (12,323,365) (2, The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (1) The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	,170,472)
Depreciation expense (12,323,365) (2, The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (12,323,365) (2, 12,072,665 2, 13,072,665 2, 14,072,665 2, 15,072,665 2, 16,072,665 2, 17,072,665 2, 18,072,665 2, 19,072,665 2, 10,072,665 2,	,170,472)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (Interpretation of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	,170,472)
(i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position: Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (Increase (decrease) net position: (In	
Capital Contributions 2,072,665 2, Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (In the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues (In the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	,072,665
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenues The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial	
	129,254)
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither	
transaction, however, has any affect on net assets. Also, governmental funds	
report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when	
debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the	
statement of activities.	
Principal retirement	527,782
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in	
governmental funds.	
Change in net pension liability (4,689,729)	
	,641,822)
Special Item related to OPEB elimination that was not included in the	
governmental activity funds.	145,538
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	senne-Privi Meritario (1977)
activities to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) of internal	overne-Varie 4 -regions (IIII)
	process (1995 • 1995 p. 1955)
Change in net position of governmental activities	,252,263

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Busi	iness-typ	e Activities - Enter	prise Funds			
	Sewer	Parking		Private Development	Airport	Total Enterprise Funds	_	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS		100	- 15					
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ 37,013,203	\$ 2,165,	923 \$	4,790,700	\$ 2,264,644	\$ 46,234,4	70 S	9,087,012
Receivables:								
Accounts	2,557,667	2,	661	225,986	55,438	2,841,7		191,533
Intergovernmental	6,905		•	-	3,266,828	3,273,7	33	
Due from other funds	2		•	-				2,639,923
Inventories	8		*	*			ž.	47,145
Prepaid expenses	200 (200 (200 (200 (200 (200 (200 (200	A STATE OF THE STA				·	<u>-</u> -	1,307
Total current assets	39,577,775	2,168,	584	5,016,686	5,586,910	52,349,95	5	11,966,920
Noncurrent assets:								
Cash and investments with agent					4		-	300,000
Capital assets:								
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets,	21,467,826	1,338,	389		3,969,169	26,775,38	34	30,391
net of accumulated depreciation	96,607,280	1,374,	679		14,432,501	112,414,46	0	22,620
Total noncurrent assets	118,075,106	2,713,	068	•	18,401,670	139,189,84	4	353,011
Total assets	157,652,881	4,881,	652	5,016,686	23,988,580	191,539,79	-	12,319,931
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							-	12,515,550
Deferred outflows related to pensions	924,118	166,	560	924,118	129,304	2,144,10	in.	945,302
Total deferred outflows of resources	924,118	166,		924,118	129,304		(9)	
	2273110	100,		724,110	127,304	2,144,10		945,302
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:	17214 (200N)							
Accounts payable	175,344		311	208,989	3,031,020	3,424,66		447,261
Accrued salaries and benefits	76,569	9,	129	73,167	7,300	166,16		69,398
Interest payable	70,717		8	220,000	¥	70,71		4
Deposits	20.424			20,042		20,04		100
Compensated absences - current portion	27,625	4	582	29,182	2,291	59,68	0	20,342
Claims liability - current portion Revenue bonds payable - current portion	1.610.000		Ĭ		*	2 51/2/01	•	2,177,493
Unearned revenue	1,610,000			568,593		1,610,00		- 5
Total current liabilities	1,960,255	19,0	022	899,973	3,040,611	568,59		
	1,700,233	19,0	022	899,973	3,040,611	5,919,86		2,714,594
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Revenue bonds payable, net	19,970,309					19,970,30	9	
Compensated absences	190,616	4,0	015	201,360	15,811	411,80	2	140,366
Claims liability	TWO CHARGE CHARGE C	1121174520/8011		700000000000000000000000000000000000000				5,409,956
Net pension liability	8,479,725	1,528,3	S2555 177	8,479,725	1,186,492	19,674,30	3	8,674,121
Total noncurrent liabilities	28,640,650	1,532,3	376	8,681,085	1,202,303	40,056,41	4	14,224,443
Total liabilities	30,600,905	1,551,3	398	9,581,058	4,242,914	45,976,27	5	16,939,037
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions	71,222	12,8	837	71,222	9,965	165,24	6	72,854
Total deferred inflows of resources	71,222	12,8		71,222	9,965	165,24	7.00	72,854
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	96,494,797	2,713,0)68	2	15,370,650	114,578,51	5	52.011
Unrestricted	31,410,075	770,9		(3,711,476)	4,494,355	32,963,86		53,011 (3,799,669)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 127,904,872	\$ 3,483,9	-	(3,711,476)		1 / N. 10 / N.	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		5,105,5		(3711,470)	12,602,003	\$ 147,542,37	8 5	(3,746,658)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Business	-type	e Activities - Ente	rprise	Funds				
		Sewer		Parking		Private Development		Airport		Total Enterprise Funds	_	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:		10.051.030		272 102		2,684,281	s	72,862	s	21,185,263	s	19,297,326
Charges for services	\$	18,054,928	\$	373,192	\$	2,414,688	D	12,802	20	2,414,688	ъ	30,075
Licenses and permits		276				2,414,000		545,576		545,852		50,075
Rental charges	-	The Average of the State of the	_	-		04/18/4/2014/19/20						10.000.101
Total operating revenues	_	18,055,204		373,192	-	5,098,969	_	618,438	_	24,145,803	-	19,327,401
OPERATING EXPENSES:												
Salaries and benefits		2,548,214		287,441		2,647,959		244,559		5,728,173		2,668,477
Materials and supplies		877,556		30,703		17,144		7,701		933,104		517,592
Purchased services		1,129,890		119,984		740,436		147,235		2,137,545		3,199,576
Other expenses		2,096,423		355,944		959,693		318,739		3,730,799		11,203,333
Depreciation	_	4,593,719		153,885		-		1,325,068		6,072,672		1,740
Total operating expenses		11,245,802		947,957		4,365,232	_	2,043,302	_	18,602,293	_	17,590,718
Operating income (loss)	_	6,809,402		(574,765)	_	733,737	_	(1,424,864)	_	5,543,510	_	1,736,683
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):												
Interest income		298,742		20,853		32,050		8,931		360,576		60,271
Interest expense		(389,823)				-		-		(389,823)		34,217
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)		•	_			3,571		22,970		26,541		(739)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(91,081)	_	20,853	_	35,621	_	31,901	_	(2,706)	_	93,749
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		6,718,321		(553,912)		769,358		(1,392,963)		5,540,804		1,830,432
and transfers		0,718,321		(333,712)		707,550						1,000,00
Capital contributions		8,121,524						3,101,632		11,223,156		Tomposesson \$
Transfers in		15,792		3,673		945,740		1,405,495		2,370,700		149,030
Transfers out		(171,215)		(3,600)	_	(186,857)		(66,791)	_	(428,463)	_	(727,199)
Change in net position		14,684,422		(553,839)		1,528,241		3,047,373		18,706,197		1,252,263
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	_	113,220,450		4,037,816	_	(5,239,717)		16,817,632	_	128,836,181	_	(4,998,921)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	127,904,872	S	3,483,977	\$	(3,711,476)	\$	19,865,005	8	147,542,378	\$	(3,746,658)
THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T	-	And the Control of th	-		-		10000				-	

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	-			Busines	s-typ	e Activities - Ente	erprise	Funds				Governmental
		Sewer	_	Parking		Private Development		Airport		Total Enterprise Funds		Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users	\$	17,995,261	s	373,192	\$	5,188,601	s	643,776	\$	24,200,830	\$	
Receipts from interfund services provided		AVORATIONAL PARAMETER		11250XA3 1011312X		Managara Attended		Mentochathyodig		Michaele Marches NAM		19,423,238
Payments to suppliers and claimants		(3,696,314)		(266,692)		(1,013,100)		2,768,829		(2,207,277)		(15,326,533)
Payments to employees		(2,467,202)		(295,894)		(2,601,454)		(237,614)		(5,602,164)		(2,614,383)
Payments for interfund services used		(789,922)		(234,374)		(660,531)	_	(223,239)		(1,908,066)		PERER
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	11,041,823	_	(423,768)	_	913,516	_	2,951,752	_	14,483,323		1,482,322
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Interfund borrowings								-				(2,379,436)
Transfers in		15,792		3,673		945,740		1,405,495		2,370,700		149,030
Transfers out	No.	(171,215)		(3,600)	202	(186,857)		(66,791)		(428,463)		(727,199)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital				3707.55555555				200000000000000000000000000000000000000		- According to the second seco		
financing activities	_	(155,423)	_	73		758,883		1,338,704	_	1,942,237	_	(2,957,605)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED												
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,187,283)		(5,208)				(3,079,371)		(4,271,862)		(2)
Proceeds from long-term debt		23,905,292		7						23,905,292		
Principal paid on long-term debt		(29,591,164)		ğ						(29,591,164)		2
Interest paid		(643,595)		-						(643,595)		
Capital grants received		\$6000 for 154.						129,310		129,310		<u> </u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	-	(7,516,750)		(5,208)	_		_	(2,950,061)	16-	(10,472,019)	_	1
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:												
Interest paid		298,742		20,853	_	32,050		8,931		360,576	_	
Net cash provided by investing activities	77	298,742	_	20,853	_	32,050		8,931	_	360,576	_	2
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,668,392		(408,050)		1,704,449		1,349,326		6,314,117		(1,475,283)
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, beginning of year		33,344,811		2,573,973		3,086,251		915,318		39,920,353		10,862,295
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, end of year	\$	37,013,203	\$	2,165,923	\$	4,790,700	\$	2,264,644	s	46,234,470	\$	9,387,012
RECONCILIATION TO	CA.											
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:												
Cash and investments		37,013,203		2,165,923		4,790,700		2,264,644		46,234,470		9,087,012
Cash and investments with agent				- SIL_ISI +				100000000000000000000000000000000000000				300,000
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, end of year	\$	37,013,203	\$	2,165,923	s	4,790,700	\$	2,264,644	\$	46,234,470	\$	9,387,012
	8 8											

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Business-	type	Activities - Ente	rprise	Funds				Governmental
		Sewer		Parking		Private Development		Airport		Total Enterprise Funds		Activities - Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)												
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING												
ACTIVITIES:												
Operating income (loss)	S	6,809,402	\$	(574,765)	\$	733,737	\$	(1,424,864)	\$	5,543,510	\$	1,736,683
Changes in assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities and deferred outflows of resources:	3000	Wantonian Bowles	7,00									
Depreciation		4,593,719		153,885		2		1,325,068		6,072,672		1,740
OPEB expense		(31,902)		(5,750)		(31,902)		(4,463)		(74,017)		(32,632)
Pension expense		71,214		12,836		71,214		9,964		165,228		72,846
Miscellaneous revenues		-		-		3,571		22,970		26,541		93,749
Change in assets and liabilities:												
Accounts receivable		(63,869)		•		25,724		2,368		(35,777)		2
Intergovernmental receivables		3,926				2		-		3,926		2,088
Inventories		1200		•		Ā		-				(5,126)
Deposits with others		2,030		•		·		2		2,030		ALL Messal
Prepaid		500000000000000000000000000000000000000		ec 200				PE CHIEF CONTROL OF THE		No linear section		114,934
Accounts payable		(384,397)		5,565		43,642		3,019,265		2,684,075		(12,031)
Accrued salaries and benefits		10,586		(561)		7,263		2,587		19,875		3,526
Compensated absences		31,114		(14,978)		(70)		(1,143)		14,923		10,354
Unearned revenue				•		115,914		-		115,914		<u> </u>
Deposits		2				(55,577)		-		(55,577)		500
Claims liability						08, 7,70		-	_		_	(504,309)
Total adjustments		4,232,421		150,997	2	179,779		4,376,616		8,939,813		(254,361)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	11,041,823	S	(423,768)	\$ <u></u>	913,516	\$	2,951,752	\$	14,483,323	S	1,482,322
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Transfer of capital assets	\$	8,121,524	S		_\$		\$		\$	8,121,524 S		<u>×</u>
Total noncash investing, capital and financing activities	\$	8,121,524	s	-	\$		\$		\$	8,121,524		

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUC IARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

		Private-purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Funds
Assets			100	
Restricted cash and investments	\$	6,193,935	\$	571,363
Receivables:				
Loans		540,819		26,484
Capital Assets - Land	_	1,667,105		
Total assets	_	8,401,859	\$	597,847
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	472	\$	
Special assessment deposits		2		597,847
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		4,665,000		2
Due in more than one year	_	53,360,000		+
Total liabilities		58,025,472	-	597,847
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred amount on bond refunding	_	358,932		
Net Position				
Total net position (deficit) held in trust	\$	(49,982,545)	\$	(H.)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	1	Private-purpose Trust Fund		ustodial Funds
Additions:				
Property taxes	\$	8,192,808	\$	-
Sale of capital asset		66,300		-
Use of money and property		72,418		865
Reimbursements	-	-		37,083
Total additions	<u>-</u>	8,331,526	1	37,948
Deductions:				
Obligations		1,900,000		5,187
Interest on bonds payable		1,773,357		1,433
Distribution of sales proceeds		66,300		-
City administrative expenses		145,680		31,328
Total deductions	-	3,885,337		37,948
Change in net position		4,446,189		2
Net position deficit - beginning	_	(54,428,734)		-
Net position deficit - ending	\$	(49,982,545)	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Chico, California (City) was incorporated on February 5, 1872 under the laws of the State of California. The City is a charter city and is governed by a seven member City Council. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation; parking and transportation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. The City's reporting entity includes all of the funds of the City, as well as the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA) which is reported as a discretely presented component unit as the economic resources of the JPFA directly benefit the City and its inclusion is considered necessary to ensure complete financial reporting.

B.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority

In August 2005, the governing boards of the Chico Redevelopment Agency, which due to State Assembly Bill 1X 26 is now known as the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency, and the County of Butte, established a joint powers agency known as the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA) to facilitate the financing, construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements in the greater Chico urban area. The JPFA was formed pursuant to the provisions of the joint powers laws of the State of California, as set forth in Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Code (commencing with Government Code Section 6500). Subsequent to dissolution of the Chico Redevelopment Agency, the governing Board of the JPFA is composed of two members of the Butte County Board of Supervisors and two members of the Chico City Council. The JPFA is authorized to obtain state or federal loans for the purpose of financing the construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements. The financial activity of the JPFA is included in the City of Chico's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit as the JPFA provides a financial benefit by contributing to the City's Sewer Enterprise Fund. Complete financial statements of the JPFA may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City of Chico at 411 Main Street, Chico, California 95928.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment earnings, and other items, which are excluded from program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The CDBG and HOME Housing Special Revenue Fund accounts for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) annual federal grant program and the state and federal HOME grant programs. The CDBG program provides for the development of a viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment and expansion of economic opportunities, principally for low and moderate income residents. The HOME program provides for the development of affordable housing and mortgage subsidy programs and housing rehabilitation to benefit low-income households. Use of CDBG and HOME funding is restricted per federal guidelines.

The **Public Facilities Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the collection of and expenditures of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. Impact fees have been established for each of the following types of public facilities:

- Bikeway improvement
- Street facility improvement
- Storm drainage facility
- Sewer trunk line capacity
- Water Pollution Control Plant capacity
- Sewer lift stations
- Community parks
- Bidwell Park land acquisition
- Major maintenance equipment
- Administrative building
- Fire protection building and equipment
- Police protection building and equipment
- Neighborhood parks

The Capital Grants Capital Projects Fund accounts for the receipts and disbursements for a variety of governmental fund capital grants.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund accounts for all activities resulting from the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency's low and moderate housing function. Primarily, this Fund utilizes program income from loan payments restricted for the development and assistance for low income households. New loans conveyed to the Fund from the Successor Agency are recorded as other transfers from the private-purpose trust fund. Use of these Housing Funds is restricted according to the provisions contained in California State Assembly Bill 1X26 and California State Assembly Bill 1484.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund accounts for sanitary sewer collection system and Water Pollution Control Plant operations, including major repair and replacement of the City's Water Pollution Control Plant facilities.

The Parking Enterprise Fund accounts for parking facilities operations and improvements.

The Private Development Enterprise Fund accounts for private development planning and building inspection and subdivision planning and inspection.

The Airport Enterprise Fund accounts for airport operations and improvements.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for self insurance, central garage, municipal building maintenance, pension funding and information services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The **Private-purpose Trust Fund** is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, deferred inflows, liabilities, and activities of the Successor Agency of the City of Chico Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) and the Chico Public Financing Authority which is also included within the Successor Agency's fiscal activity.

The Custodial Fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The Fund accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales tax true up payments, which the City considers to be available if they are collected within seven months of the

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, certain expenditures, such as principal, interest and compensated absences, are recorded as fund liabilities only when they become due and payable. The City includes certain indirect costs as program expenses, which are reported in the City's functional activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are exchange or exchange-like transactions between functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. Fiduciary funds report the Private Purpose Trust Funds and Custodial Funds.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments (including restricted assets) held in the City's investment pool are reported as cash and cash equivalents in the statements of cash flows of the proprietary fund types.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments represent amounts that are restricted for debt service, capital projects, and other amounts held in connection with the City's self-insurance programs.

Receivables and Payables

Balances representing lending/borrowing transactions between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

are reported as either "due from/due to other funds" (amounts due within one year) or "advances to/from other funds" (non-current portions of interfund lending/borrowing transactions). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances to other funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All property taxes are collected and allocated by the County of Butte to the various taxing entities. Property taxes are determined annually as of March 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of January 1. Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. The City participates in the County "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes to the City based on assessments, not on collections. Property tax is recognized when it is measurable and available. The City considers property tax as available if it is received within 60 days after year end.

Revenue from taxpayer-assessed taxes (sales and use, business license, transient occupancy, utility users, gas, and franchise fees) are accrued in the governmental funds when they are both measurable and available. The City considers these revenues available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable occurs. Historically, the majority of these taxes are received within 60 days of the fiscal year end; therefore, revenue from taxpayer-assessed taxes is accrued if it is received by August 31. The City records its receivables as follows:

- Interest receivable represents interest earned by the City's cash and investment pool at year end
 and available within the 60 day availability period. In addition, interest receivable also includes
 interest from loans receivable with the portion available within 60 days recorded as revenue and
 the portion not available within 60 days recorded as unavailable revenue or deferred inflows of
 resources.
- Property taxes receivable represents property taxes received from Butte County within the 60 day availability period.
- Accounts receivable represents amounts due from non-governmental entities for revenue earned and available at year end. These include transient occupancy taxes, franchise fees and utility user taxes.
- 4. Intergovernmental receivables represent amounts due from governmental entities for revenue earned and available at year end and within the 60 day availability period. These include sales taxes, grants, and other revenue from federal, state and county sources.

Grant and entitlement revenues are recorded as receivables in the funds when they are susceptible to accrual (i.e., when all eligibility requirements have been met). The corresponding governmental fund revenues are recorded when they become measurable and available, with the differences recorded as deferred inflows of resources. The corresponding proprietary fund grant revenues are recorded as nonoperating revenues when the receivables are recorded.

Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost is recorded as inventory when items are purchased and as expenses when the items are used.

Capital Assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets, which include land, easements, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$20,000 and all other capital assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$100,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. In addition, the City capitalizes all capital assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 for all assets acquired with federal funds. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation is recorded using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings	30-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	3-30 years
Roadways	50 years
Bridges	30-50 years
Drainage	50 years

Capital leases are recorded as an asset and an obligation at an amount equal to the present value at the beginning of the lease term of future minimum lease payments during the lease term.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and compensatory time. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or such events take place. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in various governmental funds or proprietary funds as appropriate. For all governmental funds, amounts expected to be paid out of current financial resources are recorded as fund liabilities; as these liabilities represent the matured value due to retirement or resignations; the long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability only when matured. The long-term portion of governmental activities is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund types and fiduciary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, along with other long-term obligations are reported as long-term liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are expensed in the period incurred.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the City's Governmental Funds report the following fund balances:

Non-spendable fund balances are not expected to be converted to cash within the next operating cycle and are typically comprised of long-term receivables, prepaid items and advances to other funds.

Restricted fund balances include amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restrictions are also recorded for long-term loans receivable that originate from funding sources that are externally restricted.

Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council has authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment through a City Resolution.

Assigned fund balances include amounts that are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. As contained in the City's budget policies, the City Council has authorized the City Manager to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance assignment made within the confines of the budget policies.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the City's funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that may report a positive unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

Net Position

In the government-wide statements, the City's net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted net position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted or invested in capital assets net of related debt for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's practice to use restricted resources first followed by unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Reserve Policies

The City Council has established policies for operating reserves, emergency reserves and compensated

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

absence reserves. The operating reserve is targeted at seven and one-half percent of General Fund operating expenditures. The emergency reserve was established to help buffer the City from issues such as fluctuation in sales tax, changes in state laws that impact City finances and other catastrophic events. The desired level of the emergency reserve is twenty percent of General Fund operating expenditures. The compensated absence reserve is targeted at 50% of the citywide liability for leave payouts when employees separate from City employment. The City is not meeting the minimum operating or desired emergency reserve and compensated absence reserve levels.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflows related to pensions reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This item represents pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and is discussed in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has several types of deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows related to pensions that are reflected in the statements of net position. These items are further discussed in Notes 12 and 13. Two items, unavailable housing loan interest revenue and unavailable revenue, arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, these items are reported only in the governmental funds statement of net position and are discussed in Note 4. The Private Purpose Trust fund includes deferred inflow related to the deferred amount on refunding.

E. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Budgetary Data

The annual operating budget is adopted by the City Council on or before the first meeting in July each year on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, function, and activity. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts up to \$50,000 between departments without City Council approval. Any budget transfers in excess of \$50,000 must be approved by City Council. All City governmental and proprietary funds have approved budgets. Original appropriations are adjusted by supplemental appropriations and budget modifications approved during the year, creating the modified adopted budget.

Budgetary comparisons and reconciliations are included in Required Supplementary Information as Schedules of Revenue and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual, for the General Fund, CDBG and HOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Housing Fund, and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund. In addition, a budgetary comparison and reconciliation is included in the Supplemental Budgetary Comparisons section as Schedules of Revenue and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual, for the Capital Grants Fund. Annual budgets are adopted on a budgetary basis.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions between funds are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables or payables as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. The City transfers resources among funds in the course of normal operations. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, such as vehicle maintenance, are accounted for as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the correct fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the original fund. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

G. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) releases new accounting and financial reporting standards which may have a significant impact on the City's financial reporting process. New standards applicable to the year ending June 30, 2021 are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirement of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The City implemented this statement.

The City is currently analyzing its accounting and financial reporting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following GASB statements:

Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." This Statement has been implemented.

Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2022.

Statement 92, "Omnibus 2020." The requirements of this Statement, The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

Statement 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." The requirement in paragraph 11b will take effect for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2021, the City's cash and investments at fair value were as follows:

Statement of Net Position

	Primary Government	sig	Discretely Presented Component Unit	_	Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 158,151,208	\$		\$		\$ 158,151,208
Restricted cash and investments	2,463,206		1,516,271		6,765,297	10,744,774
Imprest Cash	1,405	_		_	**************************************	1,405
Total cash and						
investments	\$ 160,615,819	\$	1,516,271	\$	6,765,297	\$ 168,897,387

At June 30, 2021, the City's cash and investments consist of the following:

Cash on Hand	\$ 1,405
Deposits with Financial Institutions	25,241,270
Investments	143,654,712
	\$ 168,897,387

Authorized Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy and California Government Code Section 53601. The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the California Government Code, as the City may not invest in derivatives or reverse repurchase agreements. The City's investment policy limits the amount of funds invested in instruments with maturities over one year to 15%, unless adequate liquidity is available, yield appears favorable and the City Manager approves the investment in advance. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City rather than the general provisions of the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer	Minimum Rating
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%	AAA
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	30%	None	None
State and Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	5%	None
Repurchase Agreements	5 years	None	5%	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	5%	A-1
Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	5%	Α
Supranationals	5 years	30%	None	AA
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	5%	None

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by the provisions of the debt agreements. These agreements specify that the eligible investments are those that are permitted by California Government Code Section 53601 at the time of the investment.

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that the City's bank deposits are insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits

Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits and securities lending transactions: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by depository regulated under stated law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. As of June 30, 2021, the City's balance in financial institutions was 25,241,270, which was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the name of the City of Chico.

Interest Rate

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which provides the necessary cash flow and liquidity needed for operations, as well as purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturing evenly over time. The City uses the segmented time distribution method for reporting its interest rate risk.

As of 2021, the City's investments distributed by maturity are as follows:

		Remaining Maturity by Fair Value									
Investment Type	Total Fair Value		Less than One Year	_	One to Two Years	_	Two to	_	Three to Four Years	-	Four to
With Fiscal Agent:											
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 2,039,030	\$	2,039,030	\$		\$	-	\$	3.	\$	
With City Treasury:											
Certificate of Deposit	17,121,803		5,811,230		3,373,474		2,609,173		3,335,024		1,992,902
Corporate	11,158,564								2,674,801		8,483,763
Supranational Corporate	2,963,603		*		4		-				2,963,603
State & Local Bond	7,732,984						-		5,747,109		1,985,875
Federal Agency	26,045,178		*		ž		-		7,952,404		18,092,774
Money Market Mutual Funds	21,432,320		21,432,320								
Caltrust Investments	50,105		50,105								
Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF)	55,111,124		55,111,124	_	2	_		_	2	_	2
Total Investments	\$ 143,654,712	\$	84,443,809	\$	3,373,474	\$	2,609,173	s	19,709,339	\$	33,518,917

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the City's policy to purchase investments with the minimum ratings required by the California Government Code.

S & P Rating	Percentage of Investment Portfolio
AAA	5.63%
AA+	35.31%
AA	3.08%
AA-	5.73%
A	3.31%
A-	3.37%
BBB+	6.48%
Not Rated	35.65%

The City invests funds in the State Treasurer's Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA) through the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a voluntary program created by statute in 1977. The PMIA has regulatory oversight from the Pooled Money Investment Board and an in-house Investment Committee. LAIF has oversight by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire pool.

In accordance with authorized investment laws, LAIF invests in various structured notes and mortgage-backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations. LAIF is not registered with the Security and Exchange Commission and is not rated.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Restricted cash and investments held by the JPFA total \$1,516,271.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2021 cash and investments that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following:

Fair Value Measurements

Governmental Activities:

General Fund	Amount	Totals
Restricted Section 115 Pension Trust	\$ 2,039,030	
Total General Fund		\$ 2,039,030
Non-major Governmental Funds		
Restricted bond proceeds	124,176	
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	,	124,176
	á	
Total primary governmental activates restricted cash and investments		2,163,206
Discretely Presented Component Unit:		
Restricted for capital projects and debt service	1,516,271	
Total JPFA restricted cash and investments Fiduciary Funds		1,516,271
Private-purpose Trust Fund		
Restricted for Successor Agency Recognized Obligations	 6,193,935	
Total Private-purpose Trust Fund		6,193,935
Restricted for debt service	 571,362	
Total Custodial Funds		571,363
Total Fiduciary Fund restricted cash and investments		6,765,298
Total restricted cash and investments		\$ 10, 444,775

Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Fair Value Measurements and Application, sets forth the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes investment valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB 72 are described as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- · Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- · Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by the City's management. City management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment. The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. City management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The City's Level 1 investments consist of mutual funds that have values calculated from the daily closing prices of all the underlying assets.

For a large portion of the City's portfolio, the City's custodians generally uses a multi-dimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others. The City's Level 2 investments primarily consist of investments in certificates of deposit that did not trade on the City's fiscal year end date.

The City did not have any Level 3 investments at June 30, 2021. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy.

Investments in money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts are reported at amortized cost. Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's proportionate share in these types of investments is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the City has the following fair value measurements:

		Quoted Prices (Level 1)	_	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Total
Investments by fair value:					
Corporate Holdings	\$		\$	11,158,564	\$ 11,158,564
Supranationals				2,963,603	2,963,603
State and Local Securities				7,732,984	7,732,984
Federal Agency Securities		26,045,178			26,045,178
Mutual Funds		23,471,350			23,471,350
Certificates of Deposit	-	17,121,803			 17,121,803
Total investments measured					
at fair value	\$	66,638,331	\$	21,855,152	\$ 88,493,483
Investments measured at amortized costs or r	not subj	ect to fair valu	e hie	rarchy:	
CalTRUST Trust					50,105
Local Agency Investment Fund					55,111,124
Total investments measured at fair value					\$ 143,654,712

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

3. RECEIVABLES

The following summarizes the City's governmental activities receivables as of June 30, 2021:

		Interest	Pı	operty Taxes		Accounts		Inter- governmental		Loans	_	Total
Governmental activities:	0	=	W	28-1-5 R	0							
General Fund	\$	210,364	\$	573,107	\$	2,026,095	\$	6,749,239	\$		\$	9,558,805
CDBG and HOME Housing Fund		943,476		# C		* E1		319,638		7,415,182		8,678,296
Capital Grants Fund				(4)				3,582,660				3,582,660
Low and Moderate Income										4		
Housing Asset Fund		10,548,433		4						54,562,354		65,110,787
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		99		27,614		51,269		1,617,275		23,477		1,719,734
Internal Service Funds	_		_	-	_	191,533	_	2 IX	_		_	191,533
Total governmental activitie	s \$	11,702,372	\$	600,721	\$	2,268,897	\$	12,268,812	\$	62,001,013	\$	88,841,815

Loans Receivable

The loans receivable in the CDBG and HOME Housing Fund and Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund of \$ 7,415,182 and \$ 54,562,354 consist of loans made for low and moderate income housing rehabilitation, property improvement and small business origination. The loans are collateralized by deeds of trust on the improved properties and bear annual interest at 0.0 - 7.5 percent. The City considers these long-term loans to be collectible, and the amounts are included in restricted fund balance. Due to the likelihood of collectability, the City has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Related accrued interest is recorded as interest receivable and unavailable revenue.

The following summarizes the City's business-type activities receivables as of June 30, 2021:

	 Accounts		Inter- governmental	(i)——	Total
Business-type activities:					
Sewer Fund	\$ 2,557,667	\$	6,905	\$	2,564,572
Parking Fund	2,661		5		2,661
Private Development Fund	225,986		2		225,986
Airport Fund	55,438	_	3,266,828		3,322,266
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,841,752	\$	3,273,733	\$	6,115,485

Accounts receivable in the Sewer Fund is composed of \$ 2,557,667 in sewer service fees billed for services rendered on or before June 30, 2021 and received in the months of July and August of 2021 and \$ 6,905 in sewer development impact fees owed to the City as of June 30, 2021.

The intergovernmental receivable of \$3,266,828 in the Airport Fund represents a receivable for an Airport Improvement Program grant.

Accounts receivable in the Private Development fund are for services provided for community development services provided to developers.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

4. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

The City recognized deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund statements. These items are an acquisition of fund balance by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized in the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (i.e., measureable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Government funds report revenues not susceptible to accrual as deferred inflows of resources. The City has two items that are reportable on the government fund statements: the first item relates to housing loan interest receivable and the second relates to grant receivables and development impact fees receivables that are not available for revenue recognition.

Deferred inflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	1	Unavailable Housing Loan Revenue	_	Unavailable Revenue		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,175,953	\$	1,175,953
CDBG and HOME Housing Fund		943,476				943,476
Capital Grants Fund		VOLUME TO SERVICE OF THE SERVICE OF		834,334		834,334
Low and Moderate Income				D14000000000000000000000000000000000000		10075-00787715764000
Housing Asset Fund		10,548,433		623,754		11,172,187
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_		_	92,851	_	92,851
Total governmental funds	\$	11,491,909	\$	2,726,892	\$	14,218,801

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 31,456,230	\$ 105,69		\$ -	\$ 31,561,925
Construction in progress	25,936,810	4,614,68	2	(4,890,901)	25,660,592
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	57,393,040	4,720,37	-	(4,890,901)	57,222,517
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings					22.22.21
Improvements other than buildings	22,360,645			2007/00/20	22,360,645
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	20,951,927	1,285,18		781,912	23,019,024
	23,574,384	446,68	tory: Paris management of the		22,940,078
Infrastructure	399,782,032	5,773,31	0	3,922,492	409,477,834
Total capital assets, being					/ FO FOOT FOR
depreciated	466,668,988	7,505,17	(1,267,487)	4,890,901	477,797,581
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(13,330,291)	(500,9	70) -	-	(13,831,262)
Improvements other than buildings	(14,169,628	(529,5	79) -	-	(14,699,206)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	(13,688,469	(1,548,90	1,252,689		(13,984,687)
Infrastructure	(157,145,371	(9,730,8	50)		(166,876,221)
Total accumulated depreciation	(198,333,759	(12,310,30	1,252,689	-	(209,391,376)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	268,335,229	(4,805,12	27) (14,798)	4,890,901	268,406,205
Governmental activities capital					
asset, net	\$ 325,728,269	\$ (84,7)	50) \$ (14,798	\$ -	\$ 325,628,722

Reconciliation of Governmental activities capital asset increases:

Total capital assets, not being depreciated - increases	\$ 4,720,377
Total capital assets, being depreciated - increases	 7,505,179
Governmental activities capital asset increases	\$ 12,225,556
Governmental Funds - capital outlay	\$ 10,152,893
Donations and contributed capital*	2,072,665
Transfer from Internal Service Fund	
Governmental activities capital asset increases	\$ 12,225,556

^{*}Donations and contributed capital represents infrastructure conveyed to the City as a result of completed subdivisions, easements and infrastructure donated through developer agreements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					81
Capital assets, not being	ř.				
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,154,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,154,341
Construction in progress	16,308,401	11,382,213		(3,069,572)	24,621,042
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated:	18,462,742	11,382,213		(3,069,572)	26,775,383
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	19,412,388	ŭ.			19,412,388
Improvements other than buildings	192,787,061	1,011,175	-	3,069,572	196,867,808
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	3,024,653	THE SAME TO THE SA	(40,345)	5 2	2,984,308
Total capital assets, being		72 /47			
depreciated:	215,224,102	1,011,175	(40,345)	3,069,572	219,264,504
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(14,720,528)	(504,742)	2		(15,225,270)
Improvements other than buildings	(83,672,121)	(5,461,209)			(89,133,330)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	(2,425,068)	(106,722)	40,345		(2,491,445)
Total accumulated depreciation	(100,817,717)	(6,072,674)	40,345		(106,850,046)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	114,406,385	(5,061,499)		3,069,572	112,414,458
Business-type activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 132,869,127	\$ 6,320,714	\$ -	<u>s -</u>	\$ 139,189,842

Reconciliation of Business-type activities capital asset increases:

Total capital assets, not being depreciated - increases	\$	11,382,213
Total capital assets, being depreciated - increases		1,011,175
Business-type activities capital asset increases	\$	12,393,388
Business-type activities - capital outlay	\$	3,576,481
Donations and contributed capital*	200	8,816,907
Business-type activities capital asset increases	\$	12,393,388

^{*} Donations and contributed capital represent the conveyance of sewer infrastructure from the JPFA to the City's Sewer Fund as well as completed subdivisions, easements and infrastructure donated through developer agreements.

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 414,763
Public safety	1,344,337
Public works	10,122,188
Parks and recreation	412,625
Community development	14,654
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions	
based on their usage of the assets	1,740
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 12,310,307
Business-type activities:	
Sewer	\$ 4,593,719
Parking	153,885
Airport	1,325,068
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 6,072,672

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:					0		
Direct Borrowings							
Capital leases-direct financing	\$	2,525,656	\$	\$ (527,782)	\$	1,997,874	\$ 443,788
Compensated absences		3,534,565	1,964,596	(2,002,149)		3,497,012	442,651
Self-insurance claims & settlements		8,091,758	2,530,000	(3,034,309)		7,587,449	2,777,648
Governmental activities					6 -		N 0-50
long term liabilities		14,151,979	\$ 4,494,596	\$ (5,564,240)	\$	13,082,335	\$ 3,664,087
Business-type Activities:							
Direct Borrowings							
Loans payable	\$	27,266,181	\$ 19,735,000	\$ (29,151,181)	\$	17,850,000	\$ 1,610,000
Compensated absences		456,559	255,117	(240,194)		471,482	59,680
Total before premium	S	27,722,740	19,990,117	(29,391,375)		18,321,482	1,669,680
Premium - net		*	4,170,292	(439,982)		3,730,309	
Business-type activities	3		7 3 3			A STATE OF THE STATE OF	
long-term liabilities	\$	27,722,740	\$ 24,160,409	\$ (29,831,357)	\$	22,051,791	\$ 1,669,680

The City's outstanding capital leases from direct borrowings, secured by equipment, related to governmental activities of \$1,997,874 contain provisions that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the City is unable to make a payment, if the City is unable to pay the full balance all equipment is to be returned at the expense of the City.

The City's outstanding loans from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$17,850,000 contain a provision that in an event of default, the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due.

Type of Indebtedness (Purpose)	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Installments		Original Issue Amount		Outstanding at June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities:		3 - M3000000000	33.000 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 3		Control (State of State of Sta		
Capital Leases							
Oshkosh Capital	7/25/2024	2.46%	\$ 136,868	\$	1,200,359	\$	514,892
Oshkosh Capital	4/25/2025	2.80%	224,132		1,931,551		837,119
Motorola Solutions, Inc.	11/1/2025	4.06%	145,322		870,306		645,863
Total governmental activities capital lease					4,002,216		1,997,874
Total governmental activities				\$	4,002,216	\$	1,997,874
Business-Type Activities:							
Loans Payable							
Bank of America	12/1/2029	2.60%	\$ 2,276,673	\$	33,613,142	\$	17,850,000
Total business-type activities loans payable				01	33,613,142	-	17,850,000
Total business-type activities				\$	33,613,142	\$	17,850,000

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities:		
Direct financing	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Capital Leases		
Lease payable to Oshkosh Capital; for a Pierce Arrow XT Quint Aerial Truck for the Fire Department; interest at 2.46%; due in annual installments on July 25, in the amount of \$136,868, including interest, through July 25, 2024. Original lease amount was \$1,200,359. Payments to be made from General Fund.	\$ 514,892	
Lease payable to Oshkosh Capital; for three Pierce Velocity Pumpers for the Fire Department; interest at 2.80%; due in annual installments on April 22, in the amount of \$224,132, including interest, through April 25, 2025. Original lease amount was \$1,931,551. Payments to be made from General Fund.	837,119	
Lease payable to Motorola, Inc, 130 All Band Digital Portable Radios for the police department. Interest is 4.060%, payments are in annual installments on November 1, in the amount of \$145,323 Original lease amount was \$870,305.76. Payments to be made from the General Fund.	645,863	
Total governmental activities capital leases		\$ 1,997,874
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities		\$ 1,997,874
Business-Type Activities:		
Direct borrowings Loans Payable	Amount	Totals
Loan payable to the BofA Securities, Inc.; for the Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020; interest at 5%; due in annual installments on December 1 and June 1, including interest, through December 1, 2029. Original loan amount was \$19,735,000.	\$ 17,850,000	
Total business-type activities loans payable		\$ 17,850,000
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities		\$ 17,850,000

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

In September of 2020, the City entered into a Bond Purchase Agreement with Bank of America Securities to issue \$19,735,000 in Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to prepay, in full, amounts due to the California State Water Resources Control Board for the Sewer Fund, pursuant to a state revolving fund loan agreement from 2008 and to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

The refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by, approximately \$1,799,136 over the term and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,741,109.

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Governmen	tal Activ	ities	Business-Type Activities Loans from Direct Borrowings						
	C	apital Leases fro	m Direct	Financing							
Year Ending June 30		Principal	000-85509/9059	Interest	-	Principal	Interest				
2022	\$	443,788	\$	62,534	\$	1,610,000	\$	852,250			
2023		457,343		48,979		1,695,000		727,250			
2024		471,329		34,993		1,780,000		638,250			
2025		485,760		20,562		1,870,000		544,750			
2026		139,654		5,670		1,965,000		446,500			
2027-2030		membersonsin sa		HWATERST PROSERY		8,930,000		697,250			
Total	\$	1,997,874	\$	172,738	\$_	17,850,000	\$_	3,906,249			

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when all terms of the lease agreement are met.

Interest Rate		Present Value at June 30, 2021
1 7 7 7 7		
	\$	514,892
		837,119
4.06%		645,863
	\$	1,997,874
		Governmental Activities
	\$	4,474,788
		(1,040,108)
	\$	3,434,680
		8
		Governmental Activities
	•	506,321
	Þ	506,321
		506,322
		506,322
		145,324
		2,170,612
		(172,738)
	(1949 Sand (2017)	Rate 2.46% \$ 2.80% 4.06% \$

Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Due From/To Other Funds

Amounts due from/to other funds at June 30, 2021

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Internal Service Funds	Capital Grants Fund	\$ 2,639,923
	Total Due From/Due	\$ 2,639,923

Due from/to other funds typically result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made, or (4) revenue earned by the Fund is not received until just after the end of the fiscal year, normally 60 days. All of these due from/to balances are anticipated to be paid back completely within the next fiscal year.

Advances To/From Other Funds

Advances from /to other funds at June 30, 2021

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Public Infrastructure Impact Fees	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	42,205
	Subtotal	-	42,205
	Total Advances	\$	42,205

All advances are due to cash deficits as listed for each payable fund. In addition, no formal borrowing arrangements exist. Finally, all payable funds may be unable to repay the advance within the next fiscal year.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY (Continued)

Transfers From/To Other Funds

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers from/to other funds as of June 30, 2021:

Transfer From	Transfer To		Amount
General Fund	Low & Mod Income Housing Asset	\$	4,667
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		4,264,443
	Enterprise Funds		2,241,583
	Internal Service Funds		149,030
	Subtotal		6,659,723
Public Facilities Impact	Enterprise Funds		79,262
	Subtotal		79,262
Low & Mod Income			
Housing Asset Fund	CDBG and HOME Housing Fund	_	16,158
	Subtotal	- 2	16,158
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	VS.	2,169,430
W18	Subtotal	8	2,169,430
Enterprise Funds	General Fund	150	160,500
8	Public Facilities Impact Fees		1,204
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		216,904
	Enterprise Funds		49,855
	Subtotal	- 5	428,463
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		687,319
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		39,880
	Subtotal	-	727,199
	Total Transfers	\$	10,080,235

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenue.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

A. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The following is a detailed schedule of the Governmental Funds fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2021:

	_	General	CDBG & HOME Housing	Public Facilities Impact Fees	_	Capital Grants	Low & Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances (deficit): Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	\$	174,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$		s .	s -	\$	174,660
Restricted	_	174,660	(A)	-	_		4			174,660
Capital projects				22 204 400						
Housing		•	7,646,405	32,395,488			56 102 100	2,663,699		35,059,187
Transportation related projects			7,040,403	7		•	56,102,408	10,469,669		63,748,813
Maintenance districts								4,378,909		10,469,669 4,378,909
Other purposes			<u> </u>				8	762,477		762,477
Police officer salary grant		211,002		-				702,477		211,002
Setion 115 Trust		2,039,030	2	_						2,039,030
		2,250,032	7,646,405	32,395,488			56,102,408	18,274,754		116,669,087
Committed										
Compensated absences		1,513,524		121		120	w	0		1,513,524
Donations		429,788	-	-						429,788
Emergency contingencies		10,385,373	2	-				8		10,385,373
		12,328,685	-						Ξ	12,328,685
Assigned										
Equipment replacement			120	-		4	<u>u</u>	2,736,595		2,736,595
Capital projects		5,901,409					-	2,713,666		8,615,075
Remediation		0.52611104552115						501,024		501,024
Subsequent year budget		3,586,641								3,586,641
A2 (0.0 \$250 \$4) \$ \$2.0 (\$0.00 \$20 \$2 \$4 \$40 \$5 0.00 \$40)		9,488,050	-	-	-		¥	5,951,285	_	15,439,335
Unassigned										
General Fund		15,191,331					2			15,191,331
Capital Projects Funds		NACTOR AND AND		-		(834,334)	2	2		(834,334)
		15,191,331	-			(834,334)		-		14,356,997
Total fund balances (deficit)	S	39,432,758	\$ 7,646,405	\$ 32,395,488	s	(834,334)	\$ 56,102,408	\$ 24,226,039	\$	158,968,764

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

B. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The General Fund departments listed below reported deficit fund balances or net position on June 30, 2021:

Fund	Deficit Fund Balance					
Private Development Fund	\$	(3,711,476)				
Capital Grants Fund		(834,334)				
Central Garage Fund		(2,340,956)				
Municipal Building Maintenance Fund		(1,721,155)				
Information Services Fund	× =	(3,540,088)				
Total Deficit Funds	\$	(12,148,009)				

Private Development Fund

The Net Position of the Private Development Fund has a deficit largely due to the recording of the net pension liability under GASB No. 68.

Capital Grants Fund Deficit

The Capital Grants Capital Projects Fund deficit represents grant expenditures that had not been reimbursed by granting agencies within the 60-day period of availability for which corresponding revenues have not been recognized. The deficit amount is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on the Fund's Balance Sheet. Projects are invoiced at completion and expenditures are subject to audit by the granting agencies. Collection of reimbursements can take several years.

Central Garage, Municipal Building Maintenance, Self Insurance and Information Service Internal Service Funds

The Net Position of Internal Service Funds have a deficit largely due to the recording of the net pension liability under GASB No. 68. Actuarial estimates for future claims reserve contributed to a deficit in the Self Insurance Fund.

Other Deficits

The remaining fund deficits represent development impact fee funds that have constructed infrastructure projects prior to the collection of impact fees. These funds by their nature are created in a way that total fees collected/earned over the life of each fund should be adequate to cover total expenses. As a result, future revenue should cover the deficits over the life of each impact fee fund. However, failure by each fund to recover future revenue necessary to reduce each fund deficits may result in remaining deficits becoming an obligation of the General Fund.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

C. OTHER FUND DISCLOSURES

The following funds had an excess of expenditures over appropriations on June 30, 2021:

General Fund Department	xpenditures over Appropriations
Community development department	67,707
Community Maintenance District Funds	77,843
Total Deficit Funds	\$ 145,550

D. RESTRICTED COMPONENTS OF NET POSITION

The restricted components of net position are assets that are subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted for Capital Projects				
4.0364 (1.545-54-76-64-74-64-7) (1.546-76-14-74-74-74-74-74-74-74-74-74-74-74-74-74	\$	32,395,488		
Bond Proceeds		124,275		
Public Infrastructure		4,590,841		
Transportation		5,878,828		
Public Infrastructure		2,539,424		
Total			\$	45,528,856
Restricted for Housing				
Affordable housing loans		7,646,405		
CDBG housing loans	124	56,102,408	5	
Total		3 3000000000000000000000000000000000000		63,748,813
Restricted for Maintenance Districts				
Maintenance districts				4,378,909
Restricted for Other Government Programs				
Retirement Funding		2,042,842		
Telecommunications equipment		450,282		
Total				2,493,124
Restricted for Public Safety				
Grants and Donations		364,001		
Asset Forfeiture		23,955		
Total		8	_	387,956
Total restricted component of net position - governmental activities			\$	116,537,658

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City established the general liability and workers' compensation liability funds (self-insurance funds) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the general liability program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000 for each general liability claim, and the workers' compensation program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$750,000 for each workers' compensation claim.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The workers' compensation program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$750,000 per occurrence. The City purchases excess insurance to cover losses over \$750,000 up to State statutory limits.

The claims liability reported in the self-insurance fund at June 30, 2021, is based on the requirements of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 30, which require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's provision of \$5,595,194 for insurance losses through June 30, 2021 represents the estimated cost of settling self-insurance liability claims. The provision for insurance losses was established by an outside actuary using accepted actuarial methods. These methods consider case-basis reserves established by the City, the rate of loss development on older claims, the effects of IBNR claims and the effects of inflation and other economic factors to determine ultimate cost.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability are as follows:

			Current Year				
	(Claims Liability July 1	Claims and Changes in	Current Year Payments	y	Claims Liability June 30	Current Portion
2019-20	\$	6,119,471	\$ 1,187,268	\$ (1,713,767)	\$	5,592,972	\$ 1,318,521
2020-21		5,592,972	1,765,000	(1,762,778)		5,595,194	1,793,378

General Liability Insurance

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (Authority) for liability insurance purposes. The Authority is comprised of California member cities and special districts organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of self-insurance and insurance for the pooling of losses and to purchase excess liability coverage. The Board of Directors consists of representatives from each member entity, with an Executive Committee consisting of the President and Vice President elected by the Directors every two years, and Executive Committee non-officer positions filled by a permanent rotation list every two years. Annual deposits are paid by member entities and may be adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City self-insures the first \$500,000 of each loss.

Participating entities share in loss occurrences in excess of \$500,000 or \$1,000,000 and up to \$5,000,000, and purchase insurance to provide additional coverage up to \$40,000,000. The auto/general liability program of the Authority provides coverage for comprehensive general liability, personal injury, employment practices liability (\$6,000,000 sublimit), contractual liability, errors and omissions, and auto liability. The City also participates in the Authority's auto physical damage program which provides property damage coverage for vehicles, with a

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

\$10,000 deductible for vehicles, and in the Authority's property insurance program which provides property and boiler & machinery coverage with a \$25,000 deductible per occurrence.

Premium payments by member entities are planned to match expenses of insurance premiums for coverage in excess of the self-insured amount, estimated claims resulting from self-insurance programs and Authority operating expenses. Total premiums paid to the Authority during the year ended June 30, 2021, were \$500,942.

The claims liability reported in the Self Insurance Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2021, was also based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, as described. The City's provision of \$1,992,255 for insurance losses represents the estimated cost of settling self-insurance liability claims.

Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

			Current Year				
	Claims Liability July 1	4	Claims and Changes in	-	Current Year Payments	Claims Liability June 30	Current Portion
2019-20	\$ 1,198,184	\$	2,488,650	\$	(1,188,048)	\$ 2,498,786	\$ 638,875
2020-21	2,498,786		765,000		(1,271,531)	1,992,255	984,270

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits and has other claims pending, some of which seek substantial monetary damages. Some claims may not be covered under the City's excess liability insurance policy; however, management is of the opinion that the potential liability would not have a significant adverse effect on the City's financial position.

Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by grantors or their representatives. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City's management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material.

Construction and Other Commitments

The City has commitments of \$11,874,708 in the Capital Grants Fund for contracts awarded but not completed as of June 30, 2021. The major contracts outstanding are \$4,750,890 for SH99/Eaton Road Rehabilitation, \$2,148,812 for Road Rehabilitation, \$447,000 for Annual Bikeway Improvements, \$4,515,043 for Airport Improvements and \$12,963 for Traffic Safety Improvements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Pension Plan Balances

Pension related balances presented on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021 by individual plan are described in the following table:

	2	Deferred Outflows- Pension	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Inflows- Pension	Pension Expense
CALPERS Miscellaneous Agent Multiple Employer Plan	\$	7,305,276	\$ (67,033,398)	\$ (563,017)	\$ 9,407,520
CALPERS Safety Agent Multiple Employer Plan		11,805,330	(77,616,374)	(552,224)	8,589,906
Total	\$	19,110,606	\$ (144,649,772)	\$ (1,115,241)	\$ 17,997,426

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and may be amended by City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic and PEPRA safety CalPERS members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA CalPERS miscellaneous members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	
Hire Date	Classic	Classic	PEPRA - on or after January 1, 2013
Formula	2% @ 55	3%@60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	60	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	2.000%	3.000%	2.000%
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%	8.000%	6.750%
Required employer contribution rates	13.500%	13.500%	13.500%
		S	afety
Hire Date		Classic	PEPRA - on or after January 1, 2013
Formula		3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule		5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments		monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age		50	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary		3.000%	2.700%
Required employee contribution rates		9.000%	12.750%
Required employer contribution rates		22.420%	22.420%

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	366	237
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	199	66
Active employees	202	155
Total	767	458

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuations process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions by the City for the Miscellaneous Plan were \$5,299,890 and for the Safety Plan \$6,289,265.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, rolled forward to June 30, 2020. Pension liabilities are paid out of the operating funds based on a percentage of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age No	ormal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.88%	2.88%
Projected Salary Increase	3.30% to 14.20%	3.30% to 14.20% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.250%	7.250%

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of a CalPERS experience study for the period of 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Postretirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment, expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, CalPERS took into account both short term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical rates of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are the same for each Plan and are summarized in the table on the next page.

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Asset Class	Assumed Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10	Real Return Years 11+	
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%	
Global Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%	
Inflation Sensitive	0%	0.77%	1.81%	
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%	
Real Estate	13%	3.75%	4.93%	
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	-0.92%	
Total	100%			

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%, unchanged from the June 30, 2020 measurement date. To determine whether the municipal bond rates should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB No. 68 section. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment, expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan for the measurement date of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)	
Miscellaneous Plan:	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$195,971,947	\$130,782,050	\$65,189,897
Changes in the year:			1 1 1 1
Service Cost	2,739,169		2,739,169
Interest on the total pension liability	13,661,442	-	13,661,442
Differences between actual and expected experience	(938,361)	,	(938,361
Contribution - employer	A STANDARD WAS A STAN	5,721,757	(5,721,757
Contribution - employee		1,550,839	(1,550,839
Projected earnings on investments		6,530,524	(6,530,524
Administrative expenses	i.e	(184,371)	184,371
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(10,668,087)	(10,668,087)	1 1
Net changes	4,794,163	2,950,662	1,843,501
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$200,766,110	\$133,732,712	\$67,033,398
		Increase (Decrease)	
Safety Plan:	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$233,382,276	\$161,632,776	\$71,749,500
Changes in the year:			
Service Cost	4,499,719	4	4,499,719
Interest on the total pension liability	16,551,359		16,551,359
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,473,679		1,473,679
Contribution - employer	ionavantaminista B	7,052,348	(7,052,348)
Contribution - employee		1,760,356	(1,760,356
Projected earnings on investments	-	8,073,042	(8,073,042
Administrative expenses		(227,863)	227,863
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(11,236,546)	(11,236,546)	197
Net changes	11,288,211	5,421,337	5,866,874
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$244,670,487	\$167,054,113	\$77,616,374
Total of all plans	\$445,436,597	\$300,786,825	\$144,649,772

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Miscellaneous	Safety	-	Total
1% Decrease		6.15%	6.15%		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	91,601,835	\$ 111,711,645	\$	203,313,480
Current Discount Rate		7.15%	7.15%		7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	67,033,398	\$ 77,616,374	\$	144,649,772
1% Increase		8.15%	8.15%		8:15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	46,526,861	\$ 49,757,781	\$	96,284,642

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 17,997,426. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Miscell	aneous	Plan
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between actual and expected experience	Def	erred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	6,123,997	\$	
Differences between actual and expected experience		242,060		(563,017)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		939,219		
Total	\$	7,305,276	\$	(563,017)

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

		Saf	ety Plan		
	De	ferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	7,675,945	\$		
Differences between actual and expected experience		1,617,896		(331,213)	
Changes in assumption		1,155,418		(221,011)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		1,356,071			
Total	\$	11,805,330	\$	(552,224)	
Total of all plans	\$	19,110,606	\$	(1,115,241)	

The amounts of \$6,123,998 for the Miscellaneous plan, and \$7,675,945 for the safety plan reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Miscellaneous	<u></u>	Safety	Total
2022	\$ (708, 382)	\$	666,499	\$ 666,499
2023	129,101		1,026,165	1,026,165
2024	660,071		1,208,229	1,208,229
2025	537,472		676,268	676,268
	\$ 3,577,161	\$	3,577,161	\$ 3,577,161

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill X1 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

Due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The following components of this footnote document the Successor Agency's capital assets and long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2021.

CAPITAL ASSETS - LAND

As of June 30, 2021, the Successor Agency owns six parcels of land with a cost of \$1,667,105. The land will be utilized for a public purpose at a time to be determined by the Successor Agency's Oversight Board.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2021, the balances of the Successor Agency long-term obligations are presented below:

	Beginning Balance June 30, 2020	<u></u>	Deductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2021	 Due within One Year
2017 Successor Agency to the Chico RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A 2017 Successor Agency to the	\$ 62,885,000	\$	(4,860,000)	\$ 58,025,000	\$ 4,665,000
Chico RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series B Successor Agency long-term liabilities	\$ 2,145,000 65,030,000	\$	(2,145,000) (7,005,000)	\$ 58,025,000	\$ 4,665,000

Successor Agency Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

A deferred amount on refunding of \$475,793 was recognized with the issuance of the bonds. The unamortized balance at June 30, 2021 was \$358,932 and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Successor Agency Long-term Liabilities

Direct Placements

Revenue Bonds

Amount

Totals

2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A (2017 TABS Series A) were issued in the amount of \$65,475,000 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding 2001 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, the 2005 Tax Allocation Bonds, and the 2007 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. Interest rates for the term of the 2017 TABS Series A is 2.82%. Payments are due in semi-annual installments on October 1 and April 1 through April 1, 2032.

\$58,025,000

Total Successor Agency long-term liabilities

\$58,025,000

The following is a schedule of total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2021 for the tax allocation bonds:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest	Total
2022	4,665,000		1,636,305	6,301,305
2023	4,795,000		1,504,752	6,299,752
2024	4,925,000		1,369,533	6,294,533
2025	4,830,000		1,230,648	6,060,648
2026	5,095,000		1,094,442	6,189,442
2027-2031	27,695,000		3,234,963	30,929,963
2032	6,020,000	15	169,764	6,189,764
Total	\$ 58,025,000	\$	10,240,407	\$ 68,265,407

The Successor Agency's outstanding bond debt from direct placements includes a priority pledge of "Tax Increment Revenues" allocated to the Successor Agency by the Butte County Auditor Controller. The Successor Agency is prohibited from entering any new enforceable obligations which are secured by a lien on this pledged collateral.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Miscellaneous
- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Safety
- Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous
- Schedule of Contributions Safety
- Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget to Actual, (General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds):
 - General Fund
 - CDBG and HOME Housing Fund
 - Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

CalPERS MISCELLANEOUS RETIREMENT PLAN

LAST TEN YEARS*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Period	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$2,739,169	\$2,764,446	\$2,702,893	\$2,762,977	\$2,352,654	\$2,441,836	\$3,139,806
Interest	13,661,442	13,311,689	12,817,844	12,410,522	12,292,564	12,098,168	11,852,134
Differences between expected & actual experience	(938,361)	933,660	792,512	(3,454,037)	(3,764,124)	(3,748,881)	
Changes in assumptions			(1,220,368)	9,955,942		(2,850,219)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(10,668,087)	(9,798,874)	(9,357,597)	(8,680,046)	(8,251,225)	(8,129,122)	(7,723,542)
Net change in total pension liability	4,794,163	7,210,921	5,735,284	12,995,358	2,629,869	(188,218)	7,268,398
Total pension liability beginning	195,971,947	188,761,026	183,025,742	170,030,384	167,400,515	167,588,733	160,320,335
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$200,766,110	\$195,971,947	\$188,761,026	\$183,025,742	\$170,030,384	\$167,400,515	\$167,588,733
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$5,721,757	\$5,289,597	\$4,892,157	\$4,835,288	\$3,774,160	\$3,273,509	\$3,326,062
Contributions - employee	1,550,839	1,452,949	1,211,601	1,042,124	960,903	950,096	991,678
Net investment income	6,530,524	8,254,467	10,107,344	12,216,475	574,677	2,533,100	17,333,730
Plan to plan resource movement		-	(293)		(3,366)	3,313	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(10,668,087)	(9,798,874)	(9,357,597)	(8,680,046)	(8,251,225)	(8,129,122)	(7,723,542)
Administrative Expense	(184,371)	(89,683)	(185,995)	(162,567)	(68,942)	(127,469)	X
Miscellaneous income (expense)		293	(353,207)				
Net change in fiduciary net position	2,950,662	5,108,749	6,314,010	9,251,274	(3,013,793)	(1,496,573)	13,927,928
Plan fiduciary net position beginning	130,782,050	125,673,301	119,359,291	110,108,017	113,121,810	114,618,383	100,690,455
Plan fiduciary net position ending (b)	\$133,732,712	\$130,782,050	\$125,673,301	\$119,359,291	\$110,108,017	\$113,121,810	\$114,618,383
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$67,033,398	\$65,189,897	\$63,087,725	\$63,666,451	\$59,922,367	\$54,278,705	\$52,970,350
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.61%	66.74%	66.58%	65.21%	64.76%	67.58%	68.39%
Covered payroll	\$13,794,306	\$13,266,370	\$12,101,584	\$12,743,802	\$12,095,926	\$11,927,104	\$14,799,933
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll Notes to Schedule:	485.95%	491.39%	521.32%	499.59%	495.39%	455.09%	357.91%

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only six years are shown.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

Caipers Safety Retirement Plan

LAST TEN YEARS*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Period	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$4,499,719	\$4,380,793	\$4,390,653	\$4,563,295	\$3,944,837	\$4,060,125	\$4,587,446
Interest	16,551,359	15,784,596	15,059,804	14,578,548	13,926,474	13,452,675	12,801,088
Differences between expected & actual experience	1,473,679	1,094,936	(1,573,264)	105,155	(2,584,243)	(602,213)	
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of	(11 200 211)	(10,712,608)	(1,049,800)	12,709,578 (9,308,811)	(8,981,039)	(3,450,890) (8,373,881)	(7,428,081)
employee contributions	(11,288,211)		6,733,002	22,647,765	6,306,029	5,085,816	9,960,453
Net change in total pension liability	11,236,546	10,547,717	216,101,557	193,453,792	187,147,763	182,061,947	172,101,494
Total pension liability beginning	233,382,276	222,834,559		\$216,101,557	- AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO	\$187,147,763	\$182,061,947
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$244,618,822	\$233,382,276	\$222,834,559	\$216,101,337	\$193,453,792	\$167,147,703	3182,001,947
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$7,052,348	\$6,272,865	\$5,601,393	\$5,349,238	\$4,852,766	\$4,398,219	\$4,361,304
Contributions - employee	1,760,356	1,783,895	1,542,571	1,550,187	1,404,504	1,236,718	1,260,761
Net investment income	8,073,042	10,107,564	12,224,670	14,750,340	663,425	2,981,880	20,361,356
Plan to plan resource movement		•	(359)		3,366	(3,313)	*
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(11,236,546)	(10,712,608)	(10,094,391)	(9,308,811)	(8,981,039)	(8,373,881)	(7,428,081)
Administrative Expense	(227,863)	(110,105)	(227,002)	(197,150)	(82,684)	(152,694)	
Miscellaneous income (expense)		359	(431,079)				
Net change in fiduciary net position	5,421,337	7,341,970	8,615,803	12,143,804	(2,139,662)	86,929	18,555,340
Plan fiduciary net position beginning	161,632,777	154,290,807	145,675,004	133,531,200	135,670,862	135,583,933	117,028,593
Plan fiduciary net position ending (b)	167,054,114	161,632,777	154,290,807	145,675,004	133,531,200	135,670,862	135,583,933
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$77,564,708	\$71,749,499	\$68,543,752	\$70,426,553	\$59,922,592	\$51,476,901	\$46,478,014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.29%	69.26%	69.24%	67,41%	69.02%	72.49%	74,47%
Covered payroll	\$14,054,746	\$13,801,250	\$13,938,580	\$14,048,439	\$14,048,202	\$14,089,826	\$15,179,163
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll Notes to Schedule:	551.88%	519.88%	491.76%	501.31%	426,55%	365.35%	306.20%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only six years are shown.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED) CaIPERS MISCELLANEOUS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN YEARS

		Actuarially determined contributions		Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)	(Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- payroll
2021						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	6,123,998	\$	6,123,998	\$		\$	13,226,312	46.30%
Safety Plan		7,675,945		7,675,945	(0)		_	14,339,448	53.53%
Total	\$	13,799,943	\$	13,799,943	\$		\$	27,565,760	50.06%
2020									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	5,721,757	\$	5,721,757	\$		\$	13,794,306	41,48%
Safety Plan		7,052,348		7,052,348	1		1 2	14,054,746	50.18%
Total	\$	12,774,105	\$	12,774,105	\$		\$	27,849,052	45.87%
2019									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	5,289,597	\$	5,289,597	\$		\$	13,266,370	39.87%
Safety Plan	100	6,272,865		6,272,865				13,801,250	45.45%
Total	\$	11,562,462	\$	11,562,462	\$		\$	27,067,620	42.72%
2018									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	4,892,157	\$	4,892,157	\$	_	\$	12,101,584	40.43%
Safety Plan		5,601,393		5,601,393				13,938,580	40.19%
Total	\$	10,493,550	\$	10,493,550	\$	-	\$	26,040,164	40.30%
2017									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	4,835,288	\$	4,835,288	\$		\$	12,743,802	37.94%
Safety Plan	187	5,349,238		5,349,238			**	14,048,439	38.08%
Total	\$	10,184,526	\$	10,184,526	\$		\$	26,792,241	38.01%
2016									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	3,774,160	\$	3,774,160	\$		\$	12,095,926	31.20%
Safety Plan		4,852,766		4,852,766			*	14,048,202	34.54%
Total	\$	8,626,926	\$	8,626,926	\$	-	\$	26,144,128	33.00%
2015									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	3,273,509	\$	3,273,509	\$		\$	11,927,104	27.45%
Safety Plan	177	4,398,219		4,398,219			4	14,089,826	31.22%
Total	\$	7,671,728	\$	7,671,728	\$	-	\$	26,016,930	29.49%
2014									
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	3,326,062	\$	3,326,062	\$	101700	\$	14,799,933	22.47%
Safety Plan	Wa	4,361,304	ф	4,361,304	D	3/10	*13	15,179,163	28.73%
Total	\$	7,687,366	\$	7,687,366	\$	-	\$	29,979,096	25.64%
	District of the last of the la	1,131,1500	-	130073000	-		4	27,777,070	40.0470

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	17,976,397	\$	19,341,637	\$	19,876,543	\$	534,906
Sales and use taxes		22,023,000		25,750,000		28,176,531		2,426,531
Other taxes		13,055,910		13,976,554		15,896,244		1,919,690
Licenses and permits		133,400		133,400		90,651		(42,749)
Intergovernmental		382,964		13,402,648		2,607,092		(10,795,556)
Charges for services		229,240		229,240		242,382		13,142
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		337,000		337,000		468,792		131,792
Use of money and property		156,282		175,908		708,195		532,287
Miscellaneous		278,857		440,945		563,841	-	122,896
Total revenues		54,573,050	_	73,787,332	_	68,630,271	_	(5,157,061)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Administrative services department		1,956,997		2,148,146		2,097,855		50,291
City attorney department		643,261		773,870		761,105		12,765
City clerk department		1,077,031		1,137,036		1,003,858		133,178
City manager department		2,410,041		2,542,613		2,190,091		352,522
Less - indirect costs		(1,990,798)		(1,990,798)		(1,990,798)		
General government		4,096,532		4,610,867	_	4,062,111	_	548,756
Police department		27,561,743		28,069,745		26,538,925		1,530,820
Fire department		13,524,869		14,973,334		14,768,680		204,654
Public safety	_	41,086,612		43,043,079		41,307,605		1,735,474
Public works department	_	4,408,755	_	4,465,255		4,151,854	_	313,401
Parks department	_	3,262,639		3,385,877		3,219,385	_	166,492
Community development department	-	1,170,254	_	1,170,254	_	1,237,961	_	(67,707)
Community agencies		30,000	-	49,751	-	3,508	_	46,243
Capital outlay:						EURO E DE		
Capital outlay - Operations		2,076,240		21,475,887		922,667		20,553,220
Debit Service:								
Principal retirement		470,475		470,475		470,475		7
Interest and fiscal charges	_	76,806		76,806	_	76,806	_	- 4
Total expenditures		56,678,313	_	78,748,251	_	55,452,372	_	23,295,879
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		(2,105,263)		(4,960,919)		13,177,899		18,138,818
(under) expenditures		(2,103,203)	_	(4,200,212)	_	13,177,077	_	10,100,010

Continued on next page

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA GENERAL FUND LE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURI

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Continued from previous page

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		2,307,047		3,025,731		3,017,249		(8,482)
Transfers out	-	(4,541,324)	_	(6,522,286)	-	(6,659,723)		(137,437)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,234,277)	_	(3,496,555)		(3,642,474)		(145,919)
Net change in fund balance		(4,339,540)		(8,457,474)		9,535,425		17,992,899
Fund balance, beginning of year		29,897,333		29,897,333		29,897,333		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	25,557,793	\$	21,439,859	\$	39,432,758	\$	17,992,899

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG AND HOME HOUSING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts					
		Original	1	Final	-	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:						204 125		(24.044.500)	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,828,672	\$	37,772,982	\$	906,405	\$	(36,866,577)	
Use of money and property	_		_	15,000		77,326	-	62,326	
Total revenues		1,828,672		37,787,982		983,731		(36,804,251)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:						OTES STREET			
Community development		315,418		315,418		932,403		(616,985)	
Capital outlay		1,691,536		38,239,978		•		38,239,978	
Total expenditures	_	2,006,954	i j	38,555,396		932,403	_	37,622,993	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(178,282)		(767,414)		51,328		818,742	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				1520 9532		785		12 2 4 2 2	
Transfers in	_	47,195		47,195	-	16,158	-	(31,037)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		47,195		47,195		16,158	_	(31,037)	
Net change in fund balance		(131,087)		(720,219)		67,486		787,705	
Fund balance, beginning of year		7,578,919	-	7,578,919		7,578,919	_		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,447,832	\$	6,858,700	s	7,646,405	\$	787,705	

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Am					
	_	Original		Final		Actual Amounts	1	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	18,253	\$	18,253	\$	19,470	\$	1,217
Charges for services		•				2,193		2,193
Use of money and property		240,000		240,000		405,521		165,521
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>			_	7,569		7,569
Total revenues	-	258,253	_	258,253		434,753	_	176,500
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		414,213		414,386		384,851		29,535
Capital outlay	4	75,000	-	1,740,000				1,740,000
Total expenditures	3	489,213		2,154,386	_	384,851	_	1,769,535
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(230,960)		(1,896,133)		49,902		1,946,035
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		4,667		4,667		
Transfers out	2	(47,195)	_	(47,195)	_	(16,158)	_	31,037
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(47,195)	_	(42,528)		(11,491)		31,037
Net change in fund balance	<u></u>	(278,155)		(1,938,661)		38,411		1,977,072
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	56,063,997		56,063,997		56,063,997		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	55,785,842	\$	54,125,336	\$	56,102,408	\$	1,977,072

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The annual operating budget is adopted by the City Council on or before the first meeting in July each year on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as noted below. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and activity. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revision that exceeds the appropriated expenditures on any fund requires approval by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. Outside of the General Fund, all funds are one department.

Original appropriations are adjusted by supplemental appropriations and budget modifications approved during the year, creating the modified adopted budget.

The General Fund does not budget for non-cash transfers including transfers of loans and transfers used to cover other Funds' fund balance deficits and capital lease transactions.

Budgetary comparisons and reconciliations are included in Required Supplementary Information as Schedules of Revenue and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, for the General Fund, CDBG and HOME Housing Fund and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL GRANTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							
	_	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	10,800,929	\$	63,715,405	\$	4,499,166	\$	(59,216,239)
Miscellaneous			_	10,000			_	(10,000)
Total revenues		10,800,929	_	63,725,405	_	4,499,166	-	(59,226,239)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		4		1,134,821		430,703		704,118
Capital outlay		10,800,928		63,472,435		3,515,005		59,957,430
Total expenditures		10,800,928		64,607,256		3,945,708		60,661,548
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	-	1	_	(881,851)	_	553,458	.—	(119,887,787)
Net change in fund balance		Ī		(881,851)		553,458		(119,887,787)
Fund balance, beginning of year		(1,387,792)		(1,387,792)	_	(1,387,792)	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(1,387,791)	\$	(2,269,643)	\$	(834,334)	\$	(119,887,787)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPACT FEE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	-	Actual Amounts	·	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	6,907,700	\$	7,207,700	\$	7,805,496	\$	597,796
Use of money and property	4	-		-	,	319,042	_	319,042
Total revenues	-	6,907,700	_	7,207,700	_	8,124,538	3	916,838
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		•				5,789,225		(5,789,225)
Capital outlay		6,774,008		23,807,519		1,754,405		22,053,114
Debit Service:								
Principal retirement		57,307		57,307		57,307		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,633_	_	1,633		1,633	_	2
Total expenditures	_	6,774,008	_	23,807,519		7,602,570	_	16,263,889
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		133,692		(16,599,819)		521,968		17,121,787
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		1,097		1,204		107
Transfers out		(69,077)	_	(107,196)		(79,262)	_	27,934
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(69,077)	0	(106,099)		(78,058)		28,041
Net change in fund balance		64,615		(16,705,918)		443,910		17,149,828
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	31,951,578	_	31,951,578	_	31,951,578	h	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	32,016,193	\$	15,245,660	\$	32,395,488	\$	17,149,828

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Operating Grants

Accounts for a variety of governmental operating grants, including law enforcement grants. These funds are restricted to be used only for the purpose of the grants.

Community Maintenance Districts

Accounts for maintenance and operation of specified public improvements. These funds are restricted to be used only for the maintenance districts.

Transportation

Accounts for Transportation Development Act (TDA) funding for the planning, development, construction and maintenance of street/road and bicycle/pedestrian projects. These funds are restricted to be used only for allowable TDA activities.

Gas Tax

Accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 for administration, maintenance, and construction which is street-related and Transportation Congestion Relief monies. Also accounts for federal funds allocated for street maintenance and rehabilitation, and right-of-way acquisition, maintenance, construction, street sweeping, and improvement of street facilities, from the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century. All gas tax funds are restricted to be used only as allowed within the Streets and Highway Code and federal regulations.

Other Special Revenue

Accounts for comparatively smaller special revenue funds including traffic safety, asset forfeiture, private activity revenue bond reserve administration and assessment district administration fund. These funds are restricted to be used for allowable activities as listed.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Improvements

Accounts for various capital improvements - building/facility improvements, passenger facility charges, in lieu offsite improvements, Liberator Street remediation and sewer main installation.

Bond Proceeds Fund

Accounts for the transfer of bond proceeds from the 2001 Chico Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds and 2005 Chico Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bond that are to be used by the City for purposes for which all bonds were sold. The transfer and use of the proceeds is allowed by provisions of AB 1484 (Redevelopment Dissolution).

Fleet Replacement and Facility Maintenance

Accounts for accumulation of reserves and expenditures for major equipment replacement and major building and facility maintenance.

Remediation

Accounts for transactions related to clean up of various remediation sites within the City.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds	1	Capital Projects Funds	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS						60110 PHONE HOLD IN 12 PHONE
Cash and investments	\$	14,233,902	\$	8,782,071	\$	23,015,973
Receivables:						101.0
Interest				99		99
Taxes		27,614		2		27,614
Accounts		51,269		<u> </u>		51,269
Intergovernmental		1,617,275		<u> </u>		1,617,275
Loans		23,477		ŏ		23,477
Restricted cash and investments	_	Taran San San San San San	-	124,176	_	124,176
Total assets	\$	15,953,537	\$	8,906,346	<u>\$</u>	24,859,883
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	174,241	\$	222,706	\$	396,947
Accrued salaries and benefits		33,185		68,656		101,841
Advances from other funds		42,205		-	_	42,205
Total liabilities	-	249,631		291,362	_	540,993
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Deferred housing loan principal payments						00.051
development impact fees and grants	-	92,851				92,851
Total deferred inflows of resources		92,851	_	•		92,851
Restricted		15,611,055		2,663,699		18,274,754
Assigned		Experience approximation of the party of the	7	5,951,285		5,951,285
Total fund balances		15,611,055	-	8,614,984	_	24,226,039
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$	15,953,537	\$	8,906,346	\$	24,859,883

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			-		-	1 41114
Intergovernmental	\$	10,010,125	\$	_	\$	10,010,125
Charges for services		2,045,361		1,662,734		3,708,095
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		23,239				23,239
Use of money and property		118,449		53,010		171,459
Miscellaneous		132,340		77,982		210,322
Total revenues	N	12,329,514	2	1,793,726		14,123,240
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		374,736		896,159		1,270,895
Public safety		881,584				881,584
Public works		2,823,396		1,324,340		4,147,736
Parks and recreation		124,311				124,311
Capital outlay:						
Capital outlay - Operations		2,543,449		1,417,367		3,960,816
Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges	4	2,293	-7	•	_	2,293
Total expenditures		6,749,769		3,637,866		10,387,635
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	1	5,579,745		(1,844,140)		3,735,605
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		245,021		4,276,206		4,521,227
Transfers out		(2,169,430)	4		_	(2,169,430)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,924,409)		4,276,206		2,351,797
Net change in fund balances		3,655,336		2,432,066		6,087,402
Fund balances, beginning of year		11,955,719		6,182,918		18,138,637
Fund balances, end of year	\$	15,611,055	\$	8,614,984	\$	24,226,039

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Operating Grants		Community Maintenance Districts		Γransportation		Gas Tax		Other Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS											39120	DV STORESON
Cash and investments	\$	194,657	\$	4,493,990	\$	4,618,125	\$	4,388,706	\$	538,424	\$	14,233,902
Receivables:												22.614
Taxes		*		27,614								27,614
Accounts		-		-		500				50,769		51,269
Intergovernmental		93,844		-		840		1,521,118		1,473		1,617,275
Loans	-	*	_	-	4	*	-	*	_	23,477	_	23,477
Total assets	\$	288,501	\$	4,521,604	\$	4,619,465	\$	5,909,824	\$	614,143	\$	15,953,537
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED												
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,												
AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	21,482	\$	100,490	\$	18,573	\$	30,996	\$	2,700	\$	174,241
Accrued salaries and benefits		21,169		-		10,051				1,965		33,185
Advances from other funds	10	-		42,205					_		_	42,205
Total liabilities	-	42,651		142,695	_	28,624		30,996	_	4,665	_	249,631
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue	_	92,851		м	_	-	_		_		_	92,851
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	92,851				4	_	ž.	_		_	92,851
Fund balances:												
Restricted		152,999	_	4,378,909	_	4,590,841		5,878,828		609,478		15,611,055
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	152,999		4,378,909	_	4,590,841		5,878,828		609,478	_	15,611,055
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	288,501	\$	4,521,604	\$	4,619,465	\$	5,909,824	\$	614,143	\$	15,953,537

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEMONUE		Operating Grants		Community Maintenance Districts	т	ransportation		Gas Tax	-	Other Special Revenue Funds	-	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES:	m	1 007 (00	di		45		4		_		1340	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,076,602	\$	-	\$	3,195,956	\$	5,737,567	\$	-	\$	10,010,125
Charges for services		-		1,772,171		30		-		273,160		2,045,361
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		•		25.000		-		**		23,239		23,239
Use of money and property		20.450		36,079		37,992		38,599		5,779		118,449
Miscellaneous		29,450	_	-	-	-	_	-		102,890		132,340
Total revenues		1,106,052	_	1,808,250		3,233,978	_	5,776,166	_	405,068	_	12,329,514
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		4,750		-		-				369,986		374,736
Public safety		871,263		-		-				10,321		881,584
Public works		-		1,475,493		768,802		579,101				2,823,396
Parks and recreation		124,311										124,311
Capital outlay		5,463		-		666,349		1,859,379		12,258		2,543,449
Debt service:												, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Interest	_	-		2,293	_	-	_	-				2,293
Total expenditures		1,005,787	_	1,477,786		1,435,151		2,438,480	_	392,565		6,749,769
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		100,265	_	330,464		1,798,827	_	3,337,686		12,503	_	5,579,745
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
(USES):												
Transfers in		184,333		46,429		38		-		14,221		245,021
Transfers out				•		(100,000)	_	(2,050,000)		(19,430)		(2,169,430)
Total other financing sources (uses)		184,333		46,429	_	(99,962)		(2,050,000)		(5,209)		(1,924,409)
Net change in fund balances		284,598		376,893		1,698,865		1,287,686		7,294		3,655,336
Fund balances, beginning of year		(131,599)		4,002,016		2,891,976		4,591,142	***************************************	602,184		11,955,719
Fund balances, end of year	\$	152,999	\$	4,378,909	\$	4,590,841	\$	5,878,828	\$	609,478	\$	15,611,055

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPERATING GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				ğ			
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	s	1,001,085	\$	1,927,714	\$	1,076,602	\$	(851,112)
Other	-	-		19,450	-	29,450	_	10,000
Total revenues		1,001,085		1,947,164	12 <u> </u>	1,106,052		(841,112)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		4,750		(4,750)
Public safety		1,086,056		1,423,954		871,263		552,691
Parks and recreation		45,526				124,311		(124,311)
Capital outlay	-			129,346	_	5,463	_	123,883
Total expenditures	_	1,131,582		1,553,300	_	1,005,787		547,513
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	ş 	(130,497)		393,864		100,265		(293,599)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		130,497		184,333	_	184,333	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		130,497		184,333		184,333		-
Net change in fund balance		17		578,197		284,598		(293,599)
Fund balance, beginning of year		(131,599)		(131,599)		(131,599)		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(131,599)	\$	446,598	\$	152,999	\$	(293,599)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		
		Original		Final				Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	1,924,362	\$	1,814,972	\$	1,772,171	\$	(42,801)
Use of money and property	-		-	**************************************	. —	36,079	_	36,079
Total revenues	_	1,924,362		1,814,972		1,808,250		(6,722)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		1,362,442		1,404,372		1,475,493		(71,121)
Debt Service								100 (000)
Interest		2,293		2,293	187	2,293		
Total expenditures		1,364,735		1,406,665	_	1,477,786	_	(71,121)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	1	559,627		408,307	_	330,464	_	(77,843)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	_			36,297		46,429	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	4			36,297		46,429	_	
Net change in fund balance		559,627		444,604		376,893		(67,711)
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,002,016		4,002,016		4,002,016	_	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,561,643	\$	4,446,620	\$	4,378,909	\$	(67,711)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	-	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	2,364,166	\$	3,193,856	\$	3,195,956	\$	2,100
Charges for services				,		30		30
Use of money and property	_	20,820	_	20,820	<u> </u>	37,992		17,172
Total revenues	_	2,384,986		3,214,676	_	3,233,978	_	19,302
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		581,934		731,934		768,802		(36,868)
Capital outlay		1,540,964	_	4,794,716		666,349	_	4,128,367
Total expenditures	_	2,122,898		5,526,650		1,435,151	_	4,091,499
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	-	262,088		(2,311,974)		1,798,827	_	4,110,801
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		38		38		-
Transfers out		(100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(100,000)	_	(99,962)		(99,962)	-	
Net change in fund balance		162,088		(2,411,936)		1,698,865		4,110,801
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	2,891,976		2,891,976		2,891,976		4
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,054,064	\$	480,040	\$	4,590,841	\$	4,110,801

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	5,730,481	\$	5,749,013	\$	5,737,567	\$	(11,446)
Use of money and property		-			_	38,599	_	38,599
Total revenues		5,730,481		5,749,013	_	5,776,166	_	27,153
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		-		-		579,101		(579,101)
Capital outlay		2,816,050		6,014,797		1,859,379	_	4,155,418
Total expenditures		2,816,050		6,014,797		2,438,480	_	3,576,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		2,914,431		(265,784)		3,337,686		3,603,470
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	_	¥.		(2,050,000)	_	(2,050,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		(2,050,000)		(2,050,000)	_	
Net change in fund balance		2,914,431		(2,315,784)		1,287,686		3,603,470
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,591,142		4,591,142		4,591,142	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,505,573	\$	2,275,358	\$	5,878,828	\$	3,603,470

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted A		d Amo	ounts		- 60-1520 D-107		LONG SACRETARIO SACRETARIO
		Original	1	Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	273,160	\$	123,160
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		23,239		20,000		23,239		3,239
Use of money and property		-		1,433		5,779		4,346
Miscellaneous				-		102,890	_	102,890
Total revenues		173,239		171,433	_	405,068	_	233,635
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		196,282		206,282		369,986		(163,704)
Public safety		10,321		10,321		10,321		-
Capital outlay	_	176,800		229,391	_	12,258	_	217,133
Total expenditures		383,403		445,994	4	392,565	_	53,429
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				VA		10.500		207.044
(under) expenditures	=	(210,164)	-	(274,561)	_	12,503	_	287,064
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		115,782		99,673		14,221		(85,452)
Transfers out		(20,000)		(19,430)	_	(19,430)		•
Total other financing sources (uses)	3	95,782	_	80,243	=	(5,209)	_	(85,452)
Net change in fund balance		(114,382)		(194,318)		7,294		201,612
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	602,184		602,184		602,184	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	487,802	\$	407,866	\$	609,478	\$	201,612

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

						Fleet						Total
	In	Capital nprovements		Bond Proceeds		Replacement and Facility	I	Remediation	I	Public nfrastructure		Nonmajor Capital
i i		Fund		Fund	1	Maintenance		Fund		Replacement	_ F	rojects Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	2,827,679	\$	*	\$	2,907,363	\$	504,066	\$	2,542,963	\$	8,782,071
Interest Restricted cash and investments		1		99 124,176		•	012	:		T. (1)		99 124,176
Total assets	\$	2,827,679	\$	124,275	\$	2,907,363	\$	504,066	\$	2,542,963	\$	8,906,346
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	45,357 68,656	\$		\$	170,768	\$	3,042	\$	3,539	\$	222,706 68,656
Total liabilities	_	114,013	_	2	_	170,768	_	3,042	_	3,539	_	291,362
Fund balances:												
Restricted				124,275		-				2,539,424		2,663,699
Assigned	0	2,713,666				2,736,595		501,024		8 f		5,951,285
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,713,666		124,275		2,736,595		501,024		2,539,424		8,614,984
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,827,679	\$	124,275	\$	2,907,363	\$	504,066	\$	2,542,963	\$	8,906,346

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	In	Capital approvements		Bond Proceeds		Fleet Replacement and Facility		Remediation		Public Infrastructure		Total Nonmajor Capital
	-	Fund	_	Fund	_	Maintenance	-	Fund	_	Replacement	_	Projects Funds
REVENUES:	0.00	30 AC 10 DO 11 D 80	UNID:		4		4		di.		de	1 //0 801
Charges for services	\$	1,662,734	\$	11088	\$	22.5	\$		\$		\$	1,662,734
Use of money and property		14,254		703		23,521		2		14,530		53,010
Miscellaneous			_	-	_	77,982	_		_	•	_	77,982
Total revenues		1,676,988	_	703	_	101,503	-	2	_	14,530	_	1,793,726
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		-				896,159		7				896,159
Public works		1,094,222		1,103				84,077		144,938		1,324,340
Capital outlay:												
Capital outlay - Operations	-		_	17,646		754,002		-		645,719		1,417,367
Total expenditures		1,094,222	-	18,749	_	1,650,161	_	84,077	_	790,657	_	3,637,866
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures		582,766	_	(18,046)	_	(1,548,658)	_	(84,075)	_	(776,127)	_	(1,844,140)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in		1,623			_	2,109,048	_	585,100	_	1,580,435		4,276,206
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,623	_	¥.	_	2,109,048	_	585,100	_	1,580,435	_	4,276,206
Net change in fund balances		584,389		(18,046)		560,390		501,025		804,308		2,432,066
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	_	2,129,277	_	142,321	_	2,176,205	_	(1)	_	1,735,116	_	6,182,918
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	2,713,666	\$	124,275	\$	2,736,595	\$	501,024	\$	2,539,424	\$	8,614,984

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2	Budgete	d Am	ounts				
	_	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	800,000	\$	800,000	\$	1,662,734	\$	862,734
Use of money and property	-	-	_	SHEEDWAY	-	14,254	_	14,254
Total revenues		800,000	10	800,000		1,676,988	_	876,988
EXPENDITURES:								
Current;								
Public works		2,930,664		3,256,127		1,094,222	_	2,161,905
Total expenditures	_	2,930,664	_	3,256,127		1,094,222	_	2,161,905
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(2,130,664)		(2,456,127)		582,766	_	3,038,893
Transfers in	-	- 4	_	1,623		1,623	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		1,623		1,623		-
Net change in fund balance		(2,130,664)		(2,454,504)		584,389	Sim	3,038,893
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,129,277	_	2,129,277	-	2,129,277		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(1,387)	\$	(325,227)	\$	2,713,666	\$	3,038,893

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BOND PROCEEDS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	8	Budgete	d Amou	ints					
		Original	· <u>1</u>	Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:									
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$		\$	703	\$	703	
Total revenues	\$	-	\$		\$	703_	\$	703	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public works						1,103		(1,103)	
Capital outlay				81,707	_	17,646	_	64,061	
Total expenditures		-		81,707		18,749		62,958	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	-	-		(81,707)		(18,046)		63,661	
Net change in fund balance		-		(81,707)		(18,046)		63,661	
Fund balance, beginning of year		142,321		142,321		142,321	_	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	142,321	\$	60,614	\$	124,275	<u>s</u>	63,661	

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FLEET REPLACEMENT AND FACILITY MAINTENANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				
	_	Original		Final	1 <u></u>	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$		\$	-	\$	23,521	\$	23,521
Miscellaneous		20,000		20,000	-	77,982	200	57,982
Total revenues	_	20,000		20,000	_	101,503		81,503
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		896,159		(896,159)
Capital outlay:								
Capital outlay		3,097,797		4,954,568	_	754,002	_	4,200,566
Total expenditures	_	3,097,797		4,954,568		1,650,161	_	3,304,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(3,077,797)		(4,934,568)	_	(1,548,658)	_	3,385,910
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	_	2,935,104	:	3,048,726	_	2,109,048	_	(939,678)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,935,104		3,048,726		2,109,048		(939,678)
Net change in fund balance		(142,693)		(1,885,842)		560,390		2,446,232
Fund balance, beginning of year	2	2,176,205		2,176,205	_	2,176,205	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,033,512	\$	290,363	\$	2,736,595	\$	2,446,232

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REMEDIATION FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budg	geted Amo	ounts				
	Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts		ariance with
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	- \$		\$	2_	\$	2
Total revenues				_	2	_	2
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		-	-		84,077		(84,077)
Capital outlay	247,72	5	585,100				585,100
Total expenditures	247,72	5	585,100		84,077		501,023
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(247,72	5)	(585,100)		(84,075)	_	501,025
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	247,72	5	585,100		585,100		
Total other financing sources (uses)	247,72	5	585,100		585,100		-
Net change in fund balance		8			501,025		501,025
Fund balance, beginning of year		1)	(1)		(1)		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1) \$	(1)	\$	501,024	\$	501,025

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE REPLACEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	4	Budgete	ed Am	ounts				
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	u	\$	-	\$	14,530	\$	(14,530)
Total revenues						14,530		(14,530)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works						144,938		(144,938)
Capital outlay		1,100,000		2,044,691		645,719		1,398,972
Total expenditures		1,100,000		2,044,691		790,657		1,254,034
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(1,100,000)		(2,044,691)	_	(776,127)	_	1,268,564
Transfers in	-	904,000		1,368,000		1,580,435		212,435
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	904,000	_	1,368,000	-	1,580,435	_	-
Net change in fund balance		(196,000)		(676,691)		804,308.00		1,268,564
Fund balance, beginning of year	1	1,735,116		1,735,116	-	1,735,116	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,539,116	\$	1,058,425	\$	2,539,424	\$	1,268,564

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self Insurance

Accounts for liability, property and related insurance program activities; workers' compensation insurance program activities; and unemployment insurance reimbursement transactions to State Unemployment Insurance Fund.

Central Garage

Accounts for central garage operating costs which are subsequently distributed to user offices and departments.

Municipal Building Maintenance

Accounts for municipal buildings operating costs which are subsequently distributed to user offices and departments.

Information Services

Accounts for information and communications systems costs which are subsequently distributed to user offices and departments.

Retirement Funding

Accounts for annual payments of CalPERS Unfunded Liability.

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

9		Self Insurance	-	Central Garage	Municij Buildir Maintena	ng	9	Information Services		Retirement Funding		Total
ASSETS												
Current assets:												
Cash and investments	\$	5,335,786	\$	50,579	\$ 123.	666	\$	267,721	\$	3,309,260	\$	9,087,012
Receivables:		James Carlotte and Carlotte		estamentarion A	74969405W		VV.81	2010 1990 1991 1991 1991 1991 1991 1991	71150	1000	-100	
Accounts		191,533						-		-		191,533
Due from other funds		2,639,923		-				_				2,639,923
Inventories				47,145						2		47,145
Prepaid items		1,307						<u>u</u>		2		1,307
Total current assets		8,168,549		97,724	123,	666		267,721		3,309,260	·—	11,966,920
Noncurrent assets:		18 - 2-	50E -									
Cash and investments with agent		300,000		_		-				220		300,000
Land and construction in progress		500,000		30,391		67.						30,391
Other capital assets,		100		50,551		2		7				30,391
net of accumulated depreciation		(金)		22,620		8		5.1				22.620
Total noncurrent assets		300,000	-	53,011					_		_	22,620 353,011
Total assets		8,468,549	-	150,735	123,			267,721	_	2 200 260	_	
п выправления при при выправления при		0,400,349		130,733	123,	000		207,721	_	3,309,260	(12,319,931
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF												
Deferred amounts related to pensions	No.	**		290,750	208,	200		446,352		2		945,302
Total deferred outflows of resources	·	-	-	290,750	208,	200_		446,352		-	16	945,302
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable		334,819		29,749	59.	388		23,305		<u> </u>		447,261
Accrued salaries and benefits				17.834		950		32,614		2		69,398
Deposits		4		100	1905			-		2		100
Compensated absences - current		-		5,623	6.	099		8,620		2		20,342
Claims liability - current portion		2,177,493						31070		2		2,177,493
Total current liabilities		2,512,312		53,306	84.	437		64,539		-		2,714,594
Noncurrent liabilities:			9								8	
Compensated absences		-		38,798	42.	087		59,481				140,366
Claims liability		5,409,956		174 (578 M-5149)	13350707	NOTES !		5350.400.70.2 2		2		5,409,956
Net pension liability				2,667,929	1,910,	451		4,095,741		<u> </u>		8,674,121
Total noncurrent liabilities		5,409,956		2,706,727	1,952,	deponent p		4,155,222	_		-	14,224,443
Total liabilities		7,922,268		2,760,033	2,036,	975		4,219,761				16,939,037
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		10		- 3.40 3		119 8		100 0 00 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00			8	
Deferred amounts related to pensions				22,408	16	046		34,400				72,854
Total deferred inflows of resources				22,408	- marinana	046		34,400			-	72,854
NET POSITION								- Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Ann				9.00.00
				52 011								£2.01.
Net investment in capital assets		E46 201		53,011	/1 721	1665		/7 #40 000°		2 200 260		53,011
Unrestricted	_	546,281	_	(2,393,967)	(1,721,	133)	-	(3,540,088)	_	3,309,260	_	(3,799,669)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	546,281	\$	(2,340,956)	\$ (1,721,	155)	\$	(3,540,088)	\$	3,309,260	\$	(3,746,658)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Self Insurance	_	Central Garage	_	Municipal Building Maintenance	_	Information Services		Retirement Funding		Total
OPERATING REVENUES:	¢.	2 226 442	\$	1 810 401	\$	1 570 222	\$	2 200 502	\$	10,462,666	C	19,297,326
Charges for services - internal Charges for services - external	\$	3,226,443	P	1,819,401 30,075	P	1,579,223	.D	2,209,593	.D	10,462,666	Ф	30,075
Total operating revenues		3,226,443	_	1,849,476	_	1,579,223	_	2,209,593	_	10,462,666		19,327,401
Salaries and benefits				727,476		700,436		1,240,565		-		2,668,477
Materials and supplies		482		365,475		101,784		49,851				517,592
Purchased services		1,957,175		114,584		404,984		722,833		-		3,199,576
Other Expenses		456,301		601,251		354,732		239,114		9,551,935		11,203,333
Depreciation		-		1,740	100	5.0		-			_	1,740
Total operating expenses		2,413,958	_	1,810,526	_	1,561,936	_	2,252,363	_	9,551,935	-	17,590,718
Operating income (loss)		812,485		38,950	M).	17,287	_	(42,770)	_	910,731	_	1,736,683
NONOPERATING REVENUES												
Investment earnings		74,054		-		-		-		(13,783)		60,271
Miscellaneous expense		32,128		2,089		-		-				34,217
Miscellaneous expense					<u> </u>	-		(739)				(739)
Total nonoperating revenues	-	106,182	_	2,089	_		_	(739)	_	(13,783)	_	93,749
Income (loss) before transfers		918,667		41,039		17,287		(43,509)		896,948		1,830,432
Transfers in		14,238		5,494		63,129		66,169		-		149,030
Transfers out		(687,319)		(10,824)		(29,056)						(727,199)
Change in net position		245,586	1	35,709	_	51,360	_	22,660	_	896,948	_	1,252,263
Net position (deficit), beginning of												
of year	-	300,695		(2,376,665)	_	(1,772,515)	_	(3,562,748)		2,412,312		(4,998,921)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	546,281	\$	(2,340,956)	\$	(1,721,155)	\$	(3,540,088)	\$	3,309,260	\$	(3,746,658)

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Self Insurance	_	Central Garage	_	Municipal Building Maintenance	_	Information Services	Retirement Funding	_	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from services provided Payments to suppliers and claimants Payments to employees	\$	3,332,625 (2,781,695)	\$	1,853,653 (1,101,588) (706,641)	\$	1,579,223 (862,352) (702,429)	\$	2,208,854 (1,028,963) (1,205,313)	\$ 10,448,883 (9,551,935)	\$	19,423,238 (15,326,533) (2,614,383)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	550,930		45,424		14,442	_	(25,422)	896,948		1,482,322
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interfund borrowings Transfers in Transfers out		(2,379,436) 14,238 (687,319)		5,494 (10,824)		63,129 (29,056)		66,169	5.		(2,379,436) 149,030 (727,199)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(3,052,517)		(5,330)	_	34,073	_	66,169	2		(2,957,605)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	(2,501,587) 8,137,373 5,635,786	\$	40,094 10,485 50,579	<u>\$</u>	48,515 75,151 123,666	\$	40,747 226,974 267,721	\$ 896,948 2,412,312 3,309,260	\$	(1,475,283) 10,862,295 9,387,012
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	5,335,786 300,000	\$	50,579	\$	123,666	\$	267,721	\$ 3,309,260	\$	9,087,012 300,000
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, end of year	\$	5,635,786	\$	50,579	\$	123,666	\$	267,721	\$ 3,309,260	\$	9,387,012

CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Self Insurance		Central Garage	_	Municipal Building Maintenance	1	nformation Services		Retirement Funding	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME											
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)											
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		010 100	di	20.050		12.002	m	(40 880)	m	010 701 6	1.726.692
Operating income (loss)	\$	812,485	\$	38,950	\$	17,287	\$	(42,770)	3	910,731 \$	1,736,683
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to											
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:											1000
Depreciation		-		1,740		•		-		-	1,740
OPEB expense		-		(10,037)		(7,187)		(15,408)		-	(32,632)
Pension expense				22,405		16,044		34,397		MAN TO MAKE	72,846
Miscellaneous revenue		106,182		2,089		+		(739)		(13,783)	93,749
Intergovernmental receivable		-		2,088		*					2,088
Prepaid		(63)						114,997		-	114,934
Inventories		Manuage.		(5,126)		-		-		-	(5,126)
Accounts payable		136,335		(15,352)		(852)		(132, 162)		-	(12,031)
Deposits		300		200				10 (8) (8)			500
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		(50)		1,525		2,051		-	3,526
Compensated absences		-		8,517		(12,375)		14,212		-	10,354
Claims liability	_	(504,309)		- 4	_		_		_		(504,309)
Total adjustments		(261,555)		6,474		(2,845)		17,348		(13,783)	(254,361)
Net cash provided (used) by	-		No.			1000	-				18 - 11 - 11
operating activities	\$	550,930	\$	45,424	\$	14,442	\$	(25,422)	\$	896,948 \$	1,482,322

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Chico's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents: Page

Financial Trends 100-104

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 105-109

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity 110-113

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

114-118

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

119-120

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Chico, California Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	310,074	\$	305,769	S	306,134	S	311,705	5	313,120	5	314,106	5	311,573	\$	312,439	\$	323,203	S	323,631
Restricted		64,494		69,526		82,485		89,720		87,015		91,661		94,268		98,771		108,002		116,537
Unrestricted	71	(43,720)	W.	(11,653)		(3,972)	2	(92,205)	1	(82,202)		(77,226)		(77,243)		(70,952)		(56,462)		(51,643)
Total governmental activities net position	8	330,848	\$	363,642	š	384,647	S	309,220	S	317,933	5	328,541	5	328,599	\$	340,258	8	374,743	5	388,525
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	114,359	\$	75,135	8	79,617	S	85,684	5	85,451	5	90,874	5	94,581	5	95,524	S	105,603	8	114.578
Restricted		3,588		5,230		6,857		8,804		10,641		12,519		14,427		16,369		17,283		32.964
Unrestricted	4	(990)		12,553		12,621		(743)		1,786		3		4_		1,749		5,951		
Total business-type activities net position	\$	116,957	\$	92,918	\$	99,095	S	93,745	5	97,878	5	103,396	\$	109,012	5	113,642	\$	128,836	<u>s</u>	147,542
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	424,433	\$	380,904	S	385,751	5	397,389	5	398,571	S	404,980	\$	406,155	8	407,963	S	428,806	\$	438,209
Restricted		68,082		74,756		89,342		98,524		97,656		104,180		108,695		115,140		125,285		116,538
Unrestricted	30.0	(44,710)		900		8,649	_	(92,948)		(80,416)	301	(77,223)		(77,243)	0.00	(69,203)		(50,511)		(18,679)
Total primary government net position	8	447,805	\$	456,560	\$	483,742	5	402,965	5	415,811	5	431,936	\$	437,607	\$	453,899	S	503,579	\$	536,068

City of Chico, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	-	2012		2013	_	2014	_	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	_	2020		2021
Expenses												1000000		0.000		Charles		474-200		1007,1176
Governmental activities																				
General government	S	2,341	5	2,667	\$	2,636	5	3,218	\$	3,972	5	4,577	5	5,059	5	5,160	5	7,182	S	18,655
Public safety		37,436		37,797		34,599		36,709		39,324		41,972		41.214		42,712		45,845		34,361
Public works		18,764		19,555		16,823		18,954		18,530		18,589		19,763		20,062		18,097		17,823
Parks and recreation		3,476		3,531		3,360		3,582		3,388		3,537		3,567		3,849		3,901		1,728
Arts and culture																		28		
Community development		4,088		2,575		2,654		2,296		2,588		3,360		2,432		2,207		2,679		8,362
Community agencies		354		323		162		53		99		100		50		2		10		3
Redevelopment		5,187				(53)				119		(nd)								- 7
Interest on long-term debt		2,424		1		3		1		85		80		82		140		46		81
Total governmental activities expenses	-	74,070	-	66,451	_	60,237	_	64,815	_	67,986	_	72,215	_	72,167	_	74,131	_	77,788	-	83,013
Business-type activities	-		_		-	- Conject	_	0.19015		0.1,700	_	78,810	-	72,107	-	14,121	_	77,700	-	113,013
Sewer		10,383		12,161		12,235		11,428		10,986		11,451		12,092		11,867		13,340		11,636
Parking		1,034		1,017		825		714		839		849		1,027		1,333		1,093		948
Private development		1,794		1,993		2,479		2,746		3,001		3,488		3,686		4,099		4,648		4,365
Airport		1,786		2,001		2,263		2,036		1,927		104,180		2,167		2,593		2,044		2,043
Waste management		11111						*,0,0		1,25		101,100		2,107		2,333		2,044		2,074.3
Total business-type activities expenses	-	14,997	-	17,172	_	17,802	_	16,924	_	16,753	_	119,968	_	18,972	-	19,892	-	21,125	_	18,992
Program Revenues	-	1.412.24	_	17,176	-	17,002	_	10,724	_	10,733	_	115,500	_	18,972	_	13/837	_	81,125	-	18,992
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government		97						349		188		247		318		1,226		7,721		772
Public safety		1,283		1,139		962		1,163		1,118		1,176		1,395		1,592		5,215		1,212
Public works		1,934		3,439		5,641		8,674		9,462		8,715		8,288		5,894		1,389		
Community development		5,793		2		17		0,074		94		215		237		16		67		11,449
Other activities		120		106		155		86		282		4,487		1,338		56		10		03
Operating grants and contributions		13,102		9,297		10,874		11,855		10,752		9,976		8,229		5,537		9,677		9,061
Capital grants and contributions		4,064		3,261		2,235		4,565		2,075		929		3,808						
Total governmental activities program revenues	-	26,393	-	17,244	_	19,884	-		_	23,971	_		-		_	6,714	-	5,790	-	8,424
Business-type activities:	-	20,393	-	17,244	-	19,884	_	26,693	-	23,971	_	25,745	_	23,612	8	21,034	_	29,869	-	30,987
Charges for services:																				
Sewer		10,000		14,857		14,942		16,465		14,333		14,737		13,802		14,788				
Private development		1,461		2,026		2,470		2,539		3,166		3,906		1,876				15,433		18,055
Other activities		1,525		1,496		1,506		1,453		1,633		1,745		3,923		2,210		5,061		5,103
		130		22/10/2009		174/2000		1,453								4,191		2,110		1,015
Operating grants and contributions				318		303				270		3,252		2,649		2,266		8,817		
Capital grants and contributions	-	10,655	-	8,713	_	4,535	_	7,352	_	812	_	1,942	-	292	_	77	_	2,588	_	11,223
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	23,771	_	27,410	_	23,756	_	27,809	_	20,214	_	25,582	_	22,543	-	23,532	_	34,010	_	15,396
Total primary government program revenues	1	50,164	_	44,654	-	43,640	_	54,502	_	44,185	_	51,327	_	46,155	_	44,567	_	63,878	_	75,663
Net (expenses)/revenue																				
Governmental activities		(47,677)		(49,207)		(40,353)		(38,122)		(44,015)		(46,470)		(48,555)		(53,097)		(47,920)		(52,027)
Business-type activities		8,774		10,238		5,954		10,885		3,461		(94,385)		3,571		3,641		12,885		16,404
Total primary government net expense	5	(38,903)	5	(38,969)	S	(34,399)	Ś	(27,237)		(40,554)	5 ((140,855)	8	(44,984)	5	(49,456)	5	(35,035)	S	(35,623

City of Chico, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual bases of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2012		2020		2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				MERON																
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes	S	25,998	8	11,604	8	12,327	S	13,649	S	14,564	8	15,169	8	15,410	8	16,750	8	18,616	S	19,896
Sales and use tax		12,367		12,783		13,945		14,597		17,320		21,134		21,832		25,173		24,435		28,177
Sales tax in-lieu		4,128		4,261		4,597		4,812		2,589						-				8
Utility users tax		6,655		6,241		6,305		6,203		6,552		6,895		7,052		7,200		7,317		8,119
Other taxes		3,976		4,078		4,324		5,536		4,836		5,200		6,332		7,890		7,507		7,777
Unrestricted grants and contributions		33		2,483		8,576		8,837		5.854		0		1,776		5,627		14,110		2,073
Unrestricted investment earnings		54		168		136		231		250		109		266		1,162		1,568		929
Miscellaneous		200		158		921		155		83		182		588		1,180		714		782
Extraordinary Gain due to dissolution of RDA		70,196				000000		1000		-						111711123		*		1000
Loss on disposition of capital assets		34		(667)		(118)		(545)				- 8						*		
Loans received from private-purpose trust fund		1		6,361		4,100												1		
Honds received from private-purpose trust fund				- 9		6,467						8 8								
Special item				and the		1.3.				7200								8,012		water with
Transfers		200		(9,729)		(222)		(718)		(601)		(370)		(428)		(195)		125		(1,942)
Business-type activities:																				
Unrestricted investment carnings				38						70		149		322		793		812		361
Special item		- 4		- 4		- 3						01/01/2						1,623		0.00
Transfers	8	(200)	0.00	9,729		222		718		601		370		428	1	195	_	(125)	_	(1,942
Total business-type autivities		(200)		9,729		222		718		671		519		750	0.1	988	_	2,310		2,303
Total primary government	S	123,607	8	47,470	S	61,580	5	53,475	8	52,118	8	48,838	<u>s</u>	750	S	65,775	5	84,715	5	68,113
Change in Net Position																		ASSAMOTE:		
Governmental activities	S	76,129	5	(11,467)	S	21,005	S	14,635	5	7,432	5	10,607	5	2,103	\$	11,663	8	34,485	S	13,783
Business-type activities	- 5	8,574	1	19,968		6,177	-	11,603	***************************************	4,133		8,409	-	4,321	-	4,629	-	15,194		18,706
	S	84,703	S	8,501	5	27,182	5	26,235	S	11,565	S	19,016	S	6,423	S	16,292	8	49,679	8	32,489

City of Chico, California Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

										Fiscal Year	Endin	g June 30								
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Ocneral Fund																				
Nonspendable	S	1,088	5	554	s	52	8	236	5	243	5	224	S	235	s	64	\$	67	\$	175
Restricted		Hemore		0.00		11/2		727172		377977		2000		William	30	1,831	630	2,229	70	2,250
Committed		4,262		9		- 2		988		1,025		2,461		3,650		5,017		12,205		12,329
Assigned								2,980		678		3,837		4,576		5,602		11,236		9,488
Unassigned				(8,219)	-	(2,858)				4,643		2,454		3,835		7,770		4,161		15,191
Total General Fund	\$	5,350	\$	(7,665)	\$	(2,806)	5	4,204	<u>s</u>	6,589	<u>\$</u>	8,976	<u>s</u>	12,296	5	20,284	5	29,898	5	39,433
All other Governmental funds																				
Nonspendable	s	56,356	1 5	3,008	5	1,841	5	757		\$5	\$	41	s	- 2		5		152	S	
Restricted	10	5,411	1	70,020	3.0	82,397	0	84,034	05	87,431		92,390		94,714	8	99,757	S		1 3	
Committed				10,020												99,157		109,407		114,419
Assigned		2,924		848		2,871		1 262						3,650						7.55
Unassigned		(2,333)		(7,871)		(4,985)		4,263 (4,413)		4,429		4,926		9,233		4,232		4,305		5,951
Total other Governmental Funds		62,359		66,005	-	- Contraction and	-	- 1000 0000	-	(3,527)	-	(6,560)	-	(1,416)	W.	(2,594)		(1,519)		(834)
t that order Croverimental Punds	3	92,339	3	66,003	2	82,124	3	84,641	3_	88,388	3	90,797	3	106,180	S	101,399	5	112,345	5	119,536

⁽a) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

 Changes were due primarily to the reclassification of the Redevelopment Agency Fund (blended component unit) to a
Major Special Revenue Fund in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Changes were due primarily to the reclassification of loans receivable previously reported as nonspendable but now reported as restricted fund balance.
 Changes were due reclassification of indiviual Public Facilities Impact Fees to one fund.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Revenues																				
Property taxes	\$	25,991	\$	11,589	5	12,311	5	13,649	5	14,564	\$	15,169	S	15,410	\$	16,750	S	18,616	5	19,896
Sales and use taxes		16,502		17,044		18,542		19,408		19,908		21,134		21,832		25,174		24,435		28,177
Other taxes		10,517		10,198		10,509		11,739		11,389		12,095		13,383		15,089		14,824		15,896
Licenses and permits		121		136		133		131		108		91		147		139		91		91
Intergovernmental		15,993		10,831		12,215		14,951		12,817		10,137		11,261		15,450		14,472		18,025
Charges for services		7,327		3,118		5,619		7,994		6,875		9,083		8,811		6,118		13,119		11,758
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		882		776		743		854		777		840		806		904		731		492
Use of money and property		502		426		361		528		728		814		989		1,834		2,161		1,682
Miscellaneous		414		360		1,138		247		216		524		348		1,180		714		782
Total revenues		78,249		54,478		61,571		69,501		67,382		69,887		72,987		82,638		89,163		96,796
Expenditures																				
General government		1,762		2,278		2,232		2,397		3,692		4,265		4,615		4,456		5,636		5,764
Public safety		35,085		35,332		32,853		34,203		37,820		37,896		37,554		39,528		40,552		42,189
Public works		9,248		9,794		7,652		9,119		9,219		9,639		9,982		10,041		8,026		8,300
Parks and recreation		2,916		3,044		2,883		2.976		3,074		3,153		3,022		3,312		3,275		3,344
Arts and culture		2,210		agores.		w. james		2,270		2,000		MARIE A.		2,000		27		28		24.45
Community development		4,050		2,468		2,589		2,228		2,657		3,189		2,393		2,131		2,501		8,344
Community agencies		350		323		162		53		99		100		50		2		10		4
Redevelopment		5,312		323		102		-						-						
Contribution to other governments		3,312		10		- 0						- 40		4						- 2
Capital outlay		6,941		4,357		2,581		8,290		7,427		6,793		7,153		7,897		8,537		10,153
Principal retirement		2,793		4,337		2,501		0,070		279		384		381		392		512		528
Interest and fiscal charges		3,726				1				85		80		82		90		96		81
Total expenditures		72,183	-	57,600	_	50,956	-	\$9,269	_	64,352	-	65,498	_	65,232	-	67,875	_	69,174	_	78,706
1 oai expenditurex		72,103	_	37,000	_	30,930	-	37,207	_	041332	9	032170	_	00/202	-	0.7,0.0			_	
Excess of revenues						10.014				3,030		4,389		138,219		14,763		19,989		18,090
over (under) expenditures		6,066		(3,122)		10,616		10,232		3,030		4,389		138,219		14,763		19,989		14,000
Other financing sources (uses)																				
Transfers in		5,834		6,424		5,864		5,038		5,620		4,692		4,624		6,596		5,909		7,561
Transfers out		(5,613)		(16,306)		(6,069)		(5,742)		(5,651)		(4,754)		(5,737)		(6,962)		(5,338)		(8,925)
Capital leases		-								3,132		473				870				
Issuance of long-term debt		554		-														**		*
Extraordinary gain due to dissolution of RDA		41,849										. 4				7				
Extraordinary loss due to dissolution of RDA		(79,156)		200100		4		•												*
Loans received from private-purpose trust fund				6,361		4,100						370				*				
Hond Proceeds from private purpose trust fund	-	- 1	_		_	6,467	-		-		-	- +	2		-				_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(36,532)		(3,521)		10,362	_	(704)		3,101		411		(1,113)		505		571	_	(1,364)
Net change in fund balance		(30,466)	•	(6,643)	5	20,977	5	9,528	s	6,131	s	4,799	s	137,106	s	15,267	s	20,560	5	16,726
		(30,-130)	-	(0,000)	-	- Contraction	minum	- widelines	NO.	шиновенны	***************************************	- middinings	military.	- Armanda Armanua	Market		and the same		Kirthy	- Control of the Cont
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		10%		096		0%		0%		1%		196		1%		1%		156		1%

^{) -} Decrease in debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures is due to the reclassification of loans into the City's Sewer Fund.

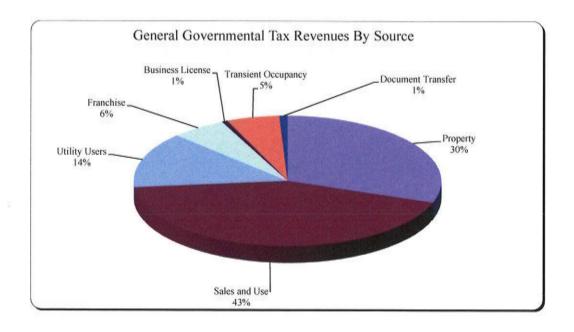
City of Chico, California General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

						Oth	er Taxes		
Fiscal Year		Property	Sales and Use	Utility Users	Franchise	Business License	Transient Occupancy	Document Transfer	Total
2012	(1)	25,991	16,502	6,655	1,293	515	1,970	197	53,123
2013	(2)	11,589	17,044	6,241	1,480	319	2,049	230	38,952
2014		12,311	18,542	6,305	1,548	311	2,219	245	41,481
2015		13,649	19,409	6,203	2,927	304	2,362	288	45,142
2016		14,564	19,909	6,553	1,877	295	2,522	312	46,032
2017		15,169	21,134	6,895	1,998	298	2,712	386	48,592
2018		15,410	21,832	7,052	2,943	296	2,835	441	50,810
2019		16,750	25,174	7,200	3,441	326	3,569	531	56,990
2020		18,616	24,435	7,317	3,737	292	3,000	454	57,851
2021		19,896	28,177	7,360	3,429	386	2,747	532	62,526

Notes: General Governmental Revenues includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds.

- (1) Decrease was due to the dissolution of the City Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012
- (2) Decrease was due to the first full year subsequent to the dissolution of the City Redevelopment Agency

Source: City of Chico, Finance Department.



City of Chico, California Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

City of Chico

Fiscal Year	Secured Roll	Utility Roll	Unsecured Roll	Gross Assessed Value	Less Exemptions	Net Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate %
2012	7,140,144	969	485,354	7,626,467	623,104	7,003,363	1.0000
2013	7,051,026	969	474,665	7,526,660	674,431	6,852,229	1.0000
2014	7,300,487	969	474,173	7,775,629	740,734	7,034,895	1.0000
2015	7,506,597	766	496,210	8,003,573	660,197	7,343,376	1.0000
2016	7,974,709	766	497,516	8,472,991	703,805	7,769,186	1.0000
2017	8,334,966	766	527,595	8,863,327	738,780	8,124,547	1.0000
2018	8,805,532	662	560,997	9,367,191	768,498	8,598,694	1.0000
2019	9,336,796	1,057	579,295	9,917,149	803,824	9,113,324	1.0000
2020	9,319,927	527	571,141	9,891,595	1,041,111	9,891,594	1.0000
2021	10,752,282	527	654,294	11,407,103	854,124	10,552,979	1.0000

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

City of Chico, California Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City of Chic	0	Overla	pping Rates	
Fiscal Year	Basic Countywide Levy %	City %	Total Direct Tax Rate %	Chico Unified School District % (1)	Butte College % (2)	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates %
2011	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0415	0.0209	1.0624
2012	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0211	0.0209	1.0420
2014	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0401	0.0209	1.0610
2015	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0451	0.0209	1.0660
2016	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0291	0.0209	1.0500
2017	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0817	0.0466	1.1283
2018	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0874	0.0413	1.1287
2019	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0616	0.0413	1.1029
2021	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0843	0.0414	1.1256

On June 6, 1978, California voters approved an amendment to the Article XIIIA of the California Constitution. The amendment, commonly known as Proposition 13, limits the taxing power of California public agencies. The California Legislature enacted legislation to implement Article XIIIA (Statues of 1978, Chapter 292, as amended) providing that local agencies may not levy any property tax except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978, and that each county will levy the maximum tax permitted of \$1.00 per 100 of full assessed value.

- Chico Unified School District: 1998 Series B, 2012 Chico Refunding and 2012 Measure E Series A.
- (2) Butte-Glenn Community College District: General obligation bonds, Refunded Series A and B, and Series B and C.

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

City of Chico, California **Principal Secured Property Taxpayers** June 30, 2021 Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

			2021			2012	
Taxpayer	Tax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
Sierra Nevada Brewing Company	\$	102,400	1	0.98	24,017	4	0.38
Merle A Webb and Sons LP		93,884	2	0.90			-
Ameal Chico LLC		58,376	3	0.56			2
MP Core Chico LLC		58,315	4	0.56			
Chico Crossroads LP		43,322	5	0.42	28,914	2	0.46
North Chico LLC		41,384	6	0.40			19/03/163
Comcast		38,717	7	0.37			
ECP TPB1 LLC		33,249	8	0.32			2
Chico Senior Living LP		31,950	9	0.31			7
Air Spray USA Inc		30,828	10	0.30			2
Chico Mall LP					\$ 55,583	1	0.88
Carwood Skypark LLC					24,535	3	0.39
California Water Service					23,181	5	0.37
Costco Wholesale					19,608	6	0.31
Evergreen Orchard LLC					18,541	7	0.29
Lowes HIW					15,154	8	0.24
Gregory L. and Joan R. Webb					14,334	9	0,23
Walmart Real Estate Business Trust		200000000000000000000000000000000000000			14,047	10	0.22
Largest Secured Property Valuation		532,428			237,912		
Other Secured Taxpayers		9,896,278			6,064,619		
Total Secured Property Valuation - Net of Exemptions	\$	10,428,706		100,00%	\$ 6,302,531		100.00%

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office,
HdL's " 2017/18 Top Property Taxpayers - Secured."
2009 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statistics Table 8

City of Chico, California Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Tota	ıl Tax Levy		10000	rrent Tax	Percent of Levy Collected (1)	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy
2012	\$	25,991	(2)	\$	25,991	100		25,991	100
2013	\$	11,589	(3)	\$	11,589	100	-	11,589	100
2014	\$	12,311		\$	12,311	100	-	12,311	100
2015	\$	13,649		\$	13,649	100	-	13,649	100
2016	\$	14,564		\$	14,564	100	7	14,564	100
2017	\$	15,169		\$	15,169	100		15,169	100
2018	\$	15,410		\$	15,410	100		15,410	100
2019	\$	16,750		\$	16,750	100		16,750	100
2020	\$	18,616		\$	18,616	100	-	18,616	100
2021	\$	19,896		\$	19,896	100	-	19,896	100

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office. City of Chico, Finance Department.

Note: Amounts shown are net of property tax administration fee. The amounts presented include City property taxes and former Chico Redevelopment Agency tax increment. This schedule also includes amounts collected by the City and former Chico Redevelopment Agency that were passed through to other taxing agencies.

- (1) The City participates in the County "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes and assessments to the City based on levy, not on collections.
- (2) Tax levy decreased substantially in 2012 due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012. Included tax increment for the first half of the fiscal year.
- (3) Tax levy decreased substantially in 2013 due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012. No tax increment in the fiscal year.

City of Chico, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except percentage of personal income)

	Govern	mental Activ	ities	Business-Typ	e Activities	12000	2-20-20-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue Bonds	Loans	Capital <u>Leases</u>	Revenue Bonds	Loans	Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal <u>Income</u>	Per <u>Capita</u>
2012	1	46,364		12	13,072	59,436	0.81	679
2013	2	Extense cross	2	1	55,746	55,746	0.76	636
2014	2	<u> </u>	1	22	51,966	51,966	0.66	588
2015				-	48,093	48,093	0.58	537
2016	8		2,852	*		2,851	0.03	31
2017		-	2,568		40,063	42,631	0.47	457
2018	-		2,559			2,559	0.03	23
2019	-	-	3,038	§1	31,635	34,673	0.35	314
2020	<u>U</u>	_	2,526	2	27,266	29,792	0.29	323
2021	2		1,998	¥1	31,635	33,633	0.32	364

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Revenue bonds are no longer an obligation of the City's, but rather of the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency due to the dissolution of the City Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012.

In 2013, existing loans were moved from Governmental Activities to Business-Type Activities to more accurately reflect the Funds responsible for the debt.

Source: City of Chico, Finance Department.

U.S. Census Bureau.

State of California, Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit.

City of Chico, California Direct and Overlapping Government Activities Debt June 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Jurisdiction	C Bo	et General Obligation onded Debt utstanding	Percentage Applicable to City *	ity Share
Overlapping Debt Repaid with Property Tax: Chico Unified School District Butte-Glenn Community College District	\$	159,750 136,445	75.58% 45.87%	\$ 120,732 62,590
Subtotal, overlapping debt				183,322
City of Chico direct debt				
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 183,322

^{*} The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the city's taxable assessed value and dividing it by the Chico Unified School District's and Butte-Glenn Community College District's taxable assessed value.

Chico Unified School District. Butte Community College.

City of Chico, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2012		2013		2014	1	Fiscal Year 2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Total Assessed Valuation (less other exemptions)	S	7,003,363	s	6,852,229	s	7,034,895	S	7,343,376	s	7,769,186	s	8,124,547	s	8,598,694	s	9,113,324	5	9,891,594	s	10,552,979
Debt Limit - 15 Percent of Assessed Valuation (1) Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	s	1,050,504	s	1,027,834	S	1,055,234	S	1,101,506	\$	1,165,378	\$	1,218,682	\$	1,289,804	\$	1,366,999	\$	1,483,739	\$	1,582,947
Legal Debt Margin	\$	1,050,504	\$	1,027,834	\$	1,055,234	s	1,101,506	s	1,165,378	s	1,218,682	s	1,289,804	s	1,366,999	s	1,483,739	s	1,582,947
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

⁽¹⁾ Section 43605 of the California Government Code provides that:
"A city shall not incur an indebtedness for public improvements which exceeds in the aggregate 15 percent of the assessed value of all real and personal property of the city. Within the meaning of this section "indebtedness' means bonded indebtedness of the city payable from the proceeds of taxes levied upon taxable property in the city."

City of Chico, California Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Parking Fund Bond (1) Tax Allocation Bonds (2) Net Revenue Fiscal Gross Operating Available for Total % Tax Debt Service % Coverage Coverage Year Revenue Expenses **Debt Service Debt Service** Increment Interest 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

Source: City of Chico, Finance Department.

Note:

2020 2021

(1) 1994 Parking Revenue Bonds:

- Operating Expenses exclude Depreciation and one-time non-recurring items.
- Parking Bonds were retired in August 2009.
- (2) 2001, 2005 and 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds. Bonds were no longer an obligation of the City due to the dissolution of the Chico Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012.

City of Chico, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Butte County Unemploy- ment Bate (3)	Butte County Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Butte County Personal Income (thousands of dollars) (2)	Butte County Population (1)	City of Chico Unemploy- ment Rate (5)	City of Chico Population (1)	Piscal Year
12.3	71 E, EE	7,372,059	221,273	5.11	002,78	2102
0.01	ELI'EE	7,347,286	221,485	€.9	149'48	2013
1,8	125'58	166'406'4	222,316	2.7	685,88	2014
6.9	182'9€	8,250,752	224,323	L.2	Þ£9'68	2015
7.9	976'98	011,892,8	224,601	9.8	494,29	2016
6.3	964'6€	\$26,600,6	226,404	£.2	585,59	2017
L'\$	985'17	748'S97'6	129,722	1,4	92,348	2018
0,2	43,828	9,925,500	256,466	3.5	111,111	2019
0.6	894'84	10,255,376	162,012	2.6	110,326	SOSO
0.2	094'15	10,490,209	502,669	S.A.	064,111	2021

THE CITY OF CHICO SALES VALUE HISTORY

Single Family Residential Full Value Sales (01/01/2019 - 7/31/2021)

Year	Full Value Sales	Average Price	Median Price	Median % Change
2019	1,519	\$384,723	\$365,000	
2020	1,327	\$402,136	\$385,000	5.48%
2021	777	\$456,122	\$434,000	12.73%



^{*}Sales not included in the analysis are quitclaim deeds, trust transfers, timeshares, and partial sales.

City of Chico, California Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	202	ΟÏ		2011²					
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment			
Enloe Medical Center	3,563	1	8.69%	2,275	1	5.10%			
Chico Unified School District	1,494	2	3.64	1,400	3	3.14			
California State University, Chico	1,106	3	2.70	1,825	2	4.09			
Build.com	543	4	0.01			H			
Sierra Nevada Brewery	485	5	1.18	325	6	0.73			
United Health Care	425	6	0.01						
City of Chico	369	7	0.90	402	4	0.90			
Costco	350	8	0.85			-			
Walmart	276	9	0.67	400	5	0.90			
Lulu's Fashion Lounge	217	10	0.01			Li Backo			
Sun Gard Bi-Tech				200	7	0.45			
Aero Union Corporation				175	8	0.39			
Chico Enterprise Record			_	150	9	0.34			
Smuckers				125	10	0.28			
Total	8,828		21.53%	7,277		16.31%			

¹ No current data available for this statistic, therefore 2020 statistics are carried forward from 2019 except for City of Chico, which represents represents the actual 2020 amount.

Source: City of Chico staff.

No current data available for this statistic, therefore 2011 statistics are carried from the Fiscal Year 2010 except the City of Chico, which represents the actual 2011 amount. All numbers are estimates except the City of Chico amounts.

City of Chico
Taxable Sales by Category
Last Ten Calendar Years
(in thousands of dollars)
Adjusted for Economic Data

Total	\$ 1,693,001	\$ 1,799,897	\$ 1,904,356	\$ 1,990,114	\$ 2,103,703	\$ 2,154,686	\$ 2,296,342	\$ 2,446,169	\$ 2,726,862	\$ 2,620,741
All Other Outlets	350,407	377,501	413,463	432,285	466,943	491,931	530,656	549,144	682,831	729,804
Other Retail Stores	269,391	273,413	287,590	300,556	312,590	313,409	320,049	341,029	368,931	331,445
Service Stations	148,345	158,714	152,012	148,133	121,206	104,258	118,721	140,011	156,977	98,756
Auto Dealers and Supplies	162,485	179,016	197,372	216,129	237,427	249,327	268,474	279,649	284,736	280,835
Building Materials	188,695	218,756	249,603	267,063	309,780	323,989	357,967	393,836	445,204	533,382
Eating and Drinking Places	174,593	185,980	195,278	208,922	224,799	233,119	243,192	259,328	278,607	206,213
Food Stores	66,577	69,397	69,032	70,633	70,758	72,465	73,581	76,863	82,268	89,689
General Merchandise	253,650	255,407	253,744	256,841	260,410	258,559	264,131	272,557	283,108	255,297
Apparel Stores	\$ 78,859	\$81,714	\$ 86,262	\$ 89,553	\$ 99,791	\$ 107,632	\$ 119,571	\$ 133,751	\$ 144,199	\$ 95,320
Adjusted for Economic Data	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Sources: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office, The Hdt. Companies

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue.

City of Chico, California Full-time and Part-time City of Chico Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time and Part-time Employees Function General government Public safety 148 4 143 4 131 4 136 4 143 4 143 4 148 4 153 4 154 4 Police Fire Public works 67 2 Parks and recreation Community development 8 1 36 3 Sewer Parking Private development Airport Total

Note: Numbers shown reflect budgeted Full-Time Equivalent positions. Budget to actuals variance at any time is immaterial. The number of employees may not agree with the Principal Employers table due to timing and methodology differences. Employees per function are rounded to the nearest

Source: City of Chico, Annual Budgets.

^{1 -} Represents a reclassification of three positions from Private Development to Community Development in Fiscal Year 2011-12.

^{2 -} Functions for Sewer and Parking were moved to Public works in Fiscal Year 2012-13.

^{3 -} Functions for Private development were moved to Community development in Fiscal Year 2012-13.

^{4 -} Full Time (Contractual Services) for the Animal Shelter employees are not included.

City of Chico, California Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function										
Police										
Calls for service*	129,790	132,143	132,030	126,577	131,077	135,013	126,669	128,699	129,340	112423
Arrests*	5,272	4,762	4,965	5,150	4,696	6,243	7,120	9,386	9,280	5671
Fire										
Service calls answered*	789	827	883	851	969	929	1,026	1037	1134	1312
Medical emergencies*	8,498	8,969	8,919	9,390	9,696	9,537	8,751	8,428	5,365	4868
Public works										
Street resurfacing (tons of asphalt)	683	1,070	491	1,092	1,196	1,401	550	323	575	627
Community development										
Annexation activity (net acreage)*	16,252	16,252	16,252	16,278	16,280	16,288	16,376	16,385	16,798	17003
Code violation notices issued	260	355	361	434	441	175	214	120	462 2	123
Sewer										
Maximum daily treatment										
capacity (million gallons)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parking										
Parking meter repairs	765	769	1090	1366	573 3	624	819	620	846	830
Private development										
Residential building permits*	117	211	226	242	317	306	401	348	311 4	335
Commercial building permits*	52	51	64	87	81	88	118	125	33 4	31
Airport										
Passengers per year (loading/unloading)	41,832	37,813 (39,246 (16,825 (0	0	O	0	O	0

The City of Chico's transit operations transferred over to Butte County Association of Governments (BCAG) July 1, 2005; therefore, the City of Chico has no transit operating indicators from 2006 through the present.

Note: Indicators are not available for general government, parks and recreation, community agencies,

Source: City of Chico departments.

Represents passengers through December 2, 2014. Commercial air service terminated in its
 Represents actual letter notices generated and sent. This amount does not reflect the verbal
 Number of meter repairs is significantly lower due to transition to smart meters. It is
 anticipated to return to normal levels in future years.

^{*} These statistics only available on a calendar year basis.

City of Chico, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function										
Police										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	24	24	24	24	25	25	25	28	33	33
Fire										
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4
Fire hydrants*	3,299	3,322	3,357	3,834	3896	4030	4042	4,148	4,136	4,200
Public works										
Street (miles)**	257.9	258.3	289.2	296.3	293.8	300	300.8	303.7	312.2	318.4
Traffic signals	99	99	100	101	102	102	103	103	103	104
Parks and recreation										
Park acreage***	3751.2	3751.2	3679.0	3679.0	3836.0	3836.0	3836.0	3744.0	3744.0	3744.0
Sanitary sewer (miles)	213.4	213.8	214.6	216.2	217.3	219.32	220.33	221.97	226.64	222.62
Storm sewer (miles)	222.4	222.8	223.4	225.6	226.67	228.4	229.33	230,94	235.55	236.27
Parking lots	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parking structures	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Airport										
Runway lengths 13L/31R (feet)	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724
Runway lengths 13R/31L (feet)	3005	3005	3005	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000

The City of Chico's transit operations transferred over to Butte County Association of Governments (BCAG) July 1, 2005; therefore, the City of Chico has no transit Capital Asset indicators from 2006 to present.

Note: Indicators are not available for general government, community development, community agencies, redevelopment, private development and waste management functions.

Source: Various City of Chico departments.

^{*}Data available for calendar year only.

^{**} Based on inventory performed for City's Pavement Management Plan (no longer includes Upper Park Rd graded section) (2016).

^{***}Does not include greenways, open space or preserves.

CITY OF CHICO SINGLE AUDIT REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



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CITY OF CHICO TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM, REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	3
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	6
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	7
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	9



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Chico, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chico (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Chico, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Chico's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021, that contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021

CITY OF CHICO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Pass-Through Assistance Entity Identifying Listing Number Number		Federal Expenditures			s Through to precipients	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:							
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	14.218		\$	718,943	\$	208,393	
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	14.218		130	136,946	-10	116,279	
Subtotal CDBG Cluster:	1000000			855,889		324,672	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239			152,999		104,049	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239			5,961,556			
Subtotal CFDA 14.239:	14.250			6,114,555		104,049	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			\$	6,970,444	s	428,721	
Total C.C. Suparation of Todaying and Grant Street			100000	*Hometoworstimes	Name and Address of the Owner, where		
U.S. Economic Development Adminstration:							
Cohasset Road Widening	11.307	07-79-07584	\$	30,507	\$	•	
IIS Department of Justice							
U.S. Department of Justice	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0538	\$	2,812	S	2,238	
Justice Assistance Grant (JAG 19) Program		2020-DJ-BX-0339	Ф	42,666	Ψ	14,401	
Justice Assistance Grant (JAG 20) Program Subtotal CFDA 16,738;	16.738	2020-th-py-0339	_	45,478	_	16,639	
	100200						
Justice Assistance Grant (JAG COVID) Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-1540	_	5,464	_		
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	50,942	\$	16,639	
U.S. Department of Transportation:							
Federal Aviation Administration:							
Airport Improvement Program 40	20.106	3-06-0041-040	\$	1,566,332	\$		
Airport Improvement Program 42	20.106	3-06-0041-042	5	1,513,020			
Subtotal CFDA 20.106:				3,079,352			
Highway Planning and Construction:							
Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ)	20.205	03-BUT-0-CHC/5037 (027)		818,758		-	
Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ)	20.205	03-BUT-0-CHC/5037 (028)		835,945		-	
Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ)	20.205	03-BUT-0-CHC/5037 (037)		245,780		-	
Walnut Ave (SR32) Road Diet	20.205	03-BUT-0-CHC/HSIPL-5037 (029)		74,893		-	
Emergency Vehicle Preemptive System	20.205	03-BUT-0-CHC/HSIPL-5037 (030)		143,915			
SHR 99/Eaton Rd Interchange	20.205	03-BUT-1-CHC/HSIPL-5037 (035)		74,512			
Passed through California Department of Transportation:							
Salem Street @ LCC	20.205	BRLO-5037 (022)		188,390			
Guynn Rd @ Lindo Channel	20.205	BRLO-5037 (023)		192,364			
Pomona Rd @ LCC	20.205	BRLO-5037 (024)		133,789			
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.200	5, 65, 550, (52-)		2,708,346	=		
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	5,787,698	\$		
U.S. Department of Treasury							
COVID-19 Coronavirous State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF)	21.027		\$	14,514	\$		
ANNO PER CONTROL DE MARIO DE PROPERTO DE LA PROPERTO DE PROPERTO DE PROPERTO DE PROPERTO DE PROPERTO DE PROPE LOS CONTROLS DE LA PROPERTO DE LOS CONTROL DE LA PROPERTO DE LA PROPERTO DE PROPERTO DE PROPERTO DE PROPERTO D							
Passed through State of California - EDD	1 g 12020	There is		100			
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CARES Unemployment Reimbursement)	21.019	NA		14,106		-	
Passed through State of California Cotrollers Office				******************			
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CARES)	21.019	NA		1,362,210			
Subtotal CFDA 21.019:			_	1,376,316			
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	1,390,830	\$		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	14,230,421	\$	445,360	
. vin mpendidive vi . voti di citt di do			_		_	1,777	

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the City of Chico for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards with the exception of Assistance Listing 21.019, which follows criteria determined by the Department of Treasury for allowability of costs. Under these principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule reporesent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditues in prior years.

NOTE 3 CATALOG OF FEDERAL ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBERS

The program titles and federal assistance listing numbers were obtained from the federal or pass-through grantor or the 2021 *Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance*. When no CFDA number had been assigned to a program, the two-digit federal agency identifier and the federal contract number were used. When there was no federal contract number, the two-digit federal agency identifier and the word "unknown" were used.

NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

The City did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414.

NOTE 5 PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES' IDENTIFYING NUMBER

When federal awards were received from a pass-through entity, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards shows, if available, the identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity. When no identifying number is shown, the City determined that no identifying number is assigned for the program or the City was unable to obtain an identifying number from the pass-through entity.

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 LOANS WITH CONTINUING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

Outstanding federally-funded program loans, with a continuing compliance requirement, carried balances as of June 30, 2021 as follows:

		Outstanding			Federal Aw ard
		Loans	Loans	New	Expended
Federal Assistanc e Lisitng No.	Federal Program	June 30, 2021	July 1, 2020	Loans	June 30, 2021
14.239	Home Investment Partnership Program	5,521,983	5,323,003	638,553	5,961,556

CITY OF CHICO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Section I – Summary	of Auditors'	Results		
Finan	cial Statements				
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified			
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	x	no
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		yes	x	none reported
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	3	yes	x	no no
Feder	ral Awards				
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:				
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	*	yes	x	_ no
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		yes	x	_ none reported
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified			
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		yes	x	no
Identi	ification of Major Federal Programs				
	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Fe	deral Pro	ogram or Cl	uster
	14.239 21.019	HOME Inves Coronavirus			
	threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B programs:	\$750,000	1		
Audite	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?	x	yes	¥	_ no

CITY OF CHICO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

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To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Chico, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Chico as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021. We have previously communicated to you information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, Government Auditing Standards, and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant audit findings

Qualitative aspects of accounting practices

Accounting policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by City of Chico are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

As described in Note 1, the City changed accounting policies related to fiduciary activities by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in 2021. The City has determined there is no material impact to the financial statements.

We noted no transactions entered into by the entity during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the financial statements was (were):

- Management's estimate of the net pension liability and related deferred inflows/outfows of pension resources is based on actuarial valuation reports obtained from CalPERS.
- Management's estimate of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability and related deferred inflows/outfows of pension resources is based on actuarial valuation reports obtained from experts.
- Management's estimate of the claims liability is based on actuarial reports obtained from experts

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these accounting estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.



To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Page 2

Financial statement disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties encountered in performing the audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Uncorrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Corrected misstatements

None of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management

Disagreements with management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during our audit.

Management representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 7, 2021.

Management consultations with other independent accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the entity's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Significant issues discussed with management prior to engagement

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to engagement as the entity's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our engagement.

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Page 3

Other information in documents containing audited financial statements

With respect to the required supplementary information (RSI) accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the RSI, including whether the RSI has been measured and presented in accordance with prescribed guidelines, whether the methods of measurement and preparation have been changed from the prior period and the reasons for any such changes, and whether there were any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the RSI. We compared the RSI for consistency with management's responses to the foregoing inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. Because these limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

With respect to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) accompanying the financial statements, on which we were engaged to report in relation to the financial statements as a whole, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the SEFA to determine that the SEFA complies with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period or the reasons for such changes, and the SEFA is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the SEFA to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. We have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

With respect to the combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules (collectively, the supplementary information) accompanying the financial statements, on which we were engaged to report in relation to the financial statements as a whole, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period or the reasons for such changes, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. We have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

The introductory and statistical sections accompanying the financial statements, which is the responsibility of management, was prepared for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

* * *

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Page 4

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of City of Chico and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Roseville, California

CITY OF CHICO

PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



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CITY OF CHICO

PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

AVIATION PASSENGER FACILITIES CHARGES INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER 1 **FACILITY CHARGES** 3 SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE 5 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES, REVENUES, AND EXPENSES PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT 7 AUDITING STANDARDS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

9



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Chico, California

Report on the Schedule

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges (Schedule) of the City of Chico (City), for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this schedule in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the schedule based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* (Guide) issued by the Federal Aviation Administration. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico

Opinion on Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges

In our opinion, the Schedule referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the passenger facility charges received, held, and used by the City for the period and each quarter during the period from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, as defined by the Federal Aviation Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021

CITY OF CHICO SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Program Description	37200	ginning PFC set Balance	Re	evenues	Ехре	nditures	nding PFC et Balance
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION							
Passenger Facility Charges (PFC): Application No. 10-05-C-00-CIC	\$	361,225	\$	7,730	\$	*	\$ 368,955
Total	<u> </u>	361,225	\$	7,730	\$	福	\$ 368,955

CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges presents only the activity of the Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) Program of the City of Chico.

PFC are fees imposed by the City on enplaned passengers for the purpose of generating revenue for City projects that increase capacity, increase safety and/or mitigate noise impact.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Chico, California

Report on Compliance for Passenger Facility Charges

We have audited the compliance of the City of Chico (City) with the compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* (Guide), issued by the Federal Aviation Administration, for its Passenger Facility Charge program for the period from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to its passenger facility charge program.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, the City of Chico complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its passenger facility charge program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to the Passenger Facility Charge program.



Board of Supervisors City of Chico

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the Passenger Facility Charge program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico Chico, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges (Schedule) of the City of Chico (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial Schedule and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial schedule, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial schedule, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial schedule will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Schedule is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial Schedule amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Chico's Responses to Findings

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021

CITY OF CHICO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

2021 - 001

Type of Finding:

- Significant Deficiency in internal control over Compliance
- Significant Deficiency in internal control over Financial Reporting

Condition: We noted the City was not able to produce the SOAR reports for the 2021 audit period.

Criteria: Section 158.63 requires that the public agency provide quarterly reports to carriers collecting PFC revenues for the public agency, with a copy to the appropriate Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) airport's office. Per the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies, data from the quarterly reports should reconcile to supporting documentation and accounting records maintained by the public agency.

Context: Without the SOAR reports, we are unable to compare the City's records with the FAA's records.

Effect: By not submitting the SOAR reports, the City is at risk of noncompliance with section 158.63.

Cause: Based on our discussion with City management, the City has reached out to the FAA several times to discuss obtaining and reconciling reports from the SOAR system. The City is awaiting a solution from the FAA on how best to correct the SOAR accounting in order to obtain accurate reports from SOAR to submit by the deadline.

Recommendation: This is a repeat finding from the fiscal year 2020 audit. We recommend that the City continue to work with FAA representatives to obtain accurate reports from the FAA SOAR reporting module that reconcile back to the City's accounting records.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The City has continued multiple discussions with the FAA regarding the status of the FAA SOAR system and the reconciliation differences that occurred in prior years. The City will continue to work with the FAA to adjust the SOAR reporting.

CITY OF CHICO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

2021 - 002

Type of Finding:

- Significant Deficiency in internal control over Compliance
- Significant Deficiency in internal control over Financial Reporting

Condition: During our testing of the quarterly reporting requirements, we identified that the City did not submit the fiscal year 2021 quarterly reports timely (within the period stated in Section 158.63).

Criteria: Section 158.63 requires that the public agency provide quarterly reports on or before the last day of the calendar month following the calendar quarter or other period agreed by the public agency and collecting carrier.

Context: The conditions noted above were identified during our testing of the quarterly reports. We found that none of the fiscal year 2021 quarterly reports were submitted on or before the last day of the calendar month following the calendar quarter end.

Effect: By not submitting the quarterly reports by the required dates, the City is at risk of noncompliance with section 158.63.

Cause: The City's procedures do not ensure that the quarterly reports are submitted in compliance with Section 158.63 and the City does not have procedures in place to prevent or detect errors on the quarterly report.

Recommendation: This is a repeat finding from the 2020 audit. We recommend that the City ensure that the quarterly reports are submitted timely in accordance with section 158.63. In addition, we recommend the quarterly reports are reviewed by a member of management outside of the preparer prior to submission to the FAA.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The City is exploring options to submit reporting annually since there is no activity in the PFC other than interest earnings.

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California)

Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California) June 30, 2021

Table of Contents

Page(5)
Independent Auditors' Report1	-2
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	3
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	4
Notes to Financial Statements5-	4
Supplemental Budgetary Comparisons (Capital Projects Fund) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund	6



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority Chico. California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the City of Chico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the component unit's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of Directors Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Authority at June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental budgetary comparison schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental budgetary comparison schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2021 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allan LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California)

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Сар	oital Projects Fund		Adjustments (Note II D)		Statement of Net Position
Assets						
Current assets:						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	1,516,271	\$	5	\$	1,516,271
Interest receivable	-	103,385	-			103,385
Total assets	\$	1,619,656	\$		_	1,619,656
Liabilities						
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Loans payable	\$	<u> </u>		23,059,478		23,059,478
Total non-current liabilities	Ni	* *		23,059,478		23,059,478
Total liabilities		#	_	23,059,478		23,059,478
Fund Balance/Net Position						
Fund balances:						
Restricted for sewer projects		1,619,656		(1,619,656)		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,619,656				
Net Position:						
Unrestricted				(21,439,822)		(21,439,822)
Total net position (deficit)			\$	(21,439,822)	\$	(21,439,822)

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Capital Projects Fund		Adjustments (Note II D)		Statement of Activities
Expenditures:					
Administrative expenses	\$ 39,804	\$	-	\$	39,804
Construction expenses	8,394,728		(8,394,728)		-
Conveyance of capital assets			8,394,728	2	8,394,728
Total expenditures/expenses	8,434,532		-	2	8,434,532
Program revenues:	1 000 000		/1 000 000		
Intergovernmental revenue	1,900,000		(1,900,000)		1 000 000
Capital grants and contributions	1 000 000	2	1,900,000	32	1,900,000
Total program revenues	1,900,000	-		-	1,900,000
Net program (expense) revenue	(6,534,532)		***		(6,534,532)
General revenues:					
Investment earnings	59,016	2	-		59,016
Total general revenues	59,016	-	27		59,016
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(6,475,516)		20		(6,475,516)
Change in fund balance/net position	(6,475,516)		W		(6,475,516)
Fund balance/net position (deficit):					
Beginning of the year	8,095,172	9	(23,059,478)		(14,964,306)
End of the year	\$ 1,619,656	\$ _	(23,059,478)	\$ _	(21,439,822)

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In August 2005, the governing boards of the Chico Redevelopment Agency, which due to State Assembly Bill 1X 26 is now known as the City of Chico, Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency (Agency) and the County of Butte established a joint powers agency known as the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA) to facilitate the financing, construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements in the greater Chico urban area. The JPFA was formed pursuant to the provisions of the joint powers laws of the State of California, as set forth in Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Code (commencing with Government Code Section 6500). The JPFA is authorized to obtain state or federal loans for the purpose of financing the construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements. The activity of the JPFA is included in the City of Chico's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit due to the close relationship and financial integration with the City,

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the JPFA. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Investment earnings and other items which are excluded from program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the JPFA's major governmental fund and are reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the JPFA considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment earnings are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue of the current period. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the JPFA.

The activities of the JPFA are accounted for in a capital projects fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the JPFA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Capital Assets/Construction Expenses

Although the JPFA's sole purpose is to construct infrastructure to facilitate the installation of sewer connections for residents located in the benefited area, the infrastructure is ultimately conveyed to the City of Chico, and as a result, the construction costs of the sewer infrastructure are shown as construction expenses (not capital assets) in these financial statements. As the construction occurs, the infrastructure is conveyed to the City of Chico's Sewer Enterprise Fund as capital assets.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities and, in the fund financial statements; the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Fund Equity

Restricted fund balances include amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution or external resource providers.

Net Position

Net position is classified as unrestricted net position which is not restricted for any project or any other purpose. Negative net position occurs when liabilities of the JPFA exceed the assets. In the case of the JPFA, it is assuming the debt of the project, but does not own the assets which can create a negative net position.

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

II. DETAILED NOTES (Continued)

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments held for the JPFA are included in and inseparable from the City's pooled cash and investments. See Note 2 of the City of Chico ACRFR for more information on the investment policies of the City as well as the related credit, custodial credit, concentration credit, and interest rate risk applicable to the City's pooled Funds.

June 30, 2021 equity in pooled cash and investments is \$1,516,271.

B. CONSTRUCTION EXPENDITURES

During the current period, the JPFA constructed sewer related infrastructure totaling \$8,394,728. The infrastructure is annually conveyed to the City of Chico's Sewer Enterprise Fund.

C. PROGRAM REVENUES/ANNUAL CONTRIBUTION

After formation of the JPFA in August 2007, it obtained a loan (the Loan) from the California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) to finance the construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements in the Greater Chico Urban Area Redevelopment Project Area. The Agreement with the State obligated the Chico Redevelopment Agency to repay the loan, in the amount of \$1,900,000 per year for each year commencing with the effective date of the Agreement and ending with the fiscal year in which the last payment is due on the Loan. Neither the City nor the County have any obligation to make the loan payments under the Loan Agreement. The Loan Agreement provides that the sole source of contributions to the JPFA is the pledge by the Redevelopment Agency which, post-dissolution is the obligation of the Successor Agency. On December 17, 2013, the State Department of Finance confirmed that the annual \$1,900,000 payments were considered an enforceable obligation. As of June 30, 2021, \$20,900,000 has been received by the JPFA from the Redevelopment Agency and Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency.

D. RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

E.	Total governmental fund balance	\$1,619,656
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are	
	different because:	
	Loans payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore	
	are not reported in the funds.	(23,059,478)
	Net position of governmental activities	\$(21,439,822)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

II. DETAILED NOTES (Continued)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	\$(6,475,516)				
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$(6,475,516)				

F. LONG-TERM DEBT

Loans Payable

A loan in the amount of \$38,000,000, has been approved by the SWRCB for the JPFA's Nitrate Compliance Program. During the life of the project, the Loan Program allows the JPFA to make loan draws at 83.33% of the project cost, while requiring the JPFA to recognize 16.67% as a local match to be included as an additional loan amount payable to the State. The JPFA records the additional loan amount as accreted interest in the Statement of Activities due to the cost of obtaining the 0% loan from the SWRCB. As of June 30, 2021, construction draws on the loan were \$23,059,478, while the local match totals \$3,843,323. No payments are due on the loan until project completion, currently estimated in fiscal year 2020-21. The JPFA will use the \$1,900,000 received annually from the Agency to pay the debt when it becomes due.

Changes to the JPFA's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	July 1, 2020	June 30, 2021
Loans Payable:		
State Revolving Fund Loan	\$23,059,478	\$23,059,478

Total accumulated accreted interest as of June 30, 2021 was \$3,843,323.

G. RISK MANAGEMENT

The JPFA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; pollution; and natural disasters. The JPFA participates in the City insurance programs to insure against these losses. Additional information on the City's risk management program can be found in the notes to the City's financial statements.

CHICO URBAN AREA JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Chico, California)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							93 V	
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance Final Budget		
Expenditures: Administrative	\$	39,804	\$	39,804	\$	39,804	\$	<u>a</u>	
Construction	Ф	2,582,997	Φ	2,582,997	Ф	8,394,728	ф	(5,811,731)	
Total expenditures	-	2,622,801	=	2,622,801		8,434,532	_	(5,811,731)	
Program revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenue		1,900,000	_	1,900,000		1,900,000	_	#	
Net program (expenditure) revenue		(722,801)		(722,801)		(6,534,532)		(5,811,731)	
General revenues: Investment earnings	-	200,000	·	60,000		59,016		(984)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(522,801)		(662,801)		(6,475,516)		(5,812,715)	
Fund balance: Beginning of the year		7,572,371		7,572,371		8,095,172		π_	
End of the year	\$	7,049,570	\$	6,909,570	\$	1,619,656	\$		



!NDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority Chico, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the City of Chico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Board of Directors Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CiiftonLarsonAllen LLP

Roseville, California December 7, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Chico, California

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the Appropriations Limit calculation of the City of Chico as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City of Chico management is responsible for the Appropriations Limit calculation.

The City of Chico has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of presenting the Appropriation Limit calculation in accordance with the requirements of Section 1.5 of Article XIII-B of the California Constitution and Proposition 111. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and the associated findings are as follows:

 Obtain the completed Appropriations Limit calculation and compared the limit and annual adjustment factors in the calculation to the limit and annual adjustment factors that were adopted by resolution of the City Council.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

Compute current year adjustments based on selected population and inflation options, using information provided by the State Department of Finance.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

 Compare the prior year appropriations limit presented in the Appropriations Limit Calculation to the prior year appropriations limit adopted by the City Council for the prior year.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

4. Add the results of step two (2) to the prior year Appropriations Limit and compare the resulting amount to the current year approved limit.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.



Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Chico, California

We were engaged by the City of Chico to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the Appropriations Limit calculation of the City of Chico. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the City of Chico and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City of Chico and management of the City of Chico and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California August 3, 2021



Finance Committee Agenda Report

Meeting Date: 12/22/21

TO:

Finance Committee

FROM:

Barbara Martin, Deputy Director - Finance

RE:

Budget Modification Approval/Authority Review

REPORT IN BRIEF:

The goal of the budget approval process is to establish the programs, projects, personnel, and funding levels for the coming fiscal year. Industry-wide, the common authority level of city councils/governing bodies is at the Fund level. We recommend a variation of this concept moving forward.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Consider change from category level approval to Fund level by Department approval for budget modifications.

FISCAL IMPACT: N/A

DISCUSSION:

Currently, the City Council must approve all budget modifications at the category level that are above certain limits as outlined in Budget Policy D.1.f. This process provides expenditure controls but also requires less efficient operations under some circumstances. This new concept acknowledges the need to keep ultimate appropriation approval at the City Council level while providing the day-to-day operation flexibility needed within the City departments. Along with moving the approval level to Department within a Fund, the following parameters would be in place. Any changes that include the following would be presented to City Council for approval:

- New Programs
- New Personnel (Any change to the B Appendices in the budget)
- New Capital Projects
- Budget modifications from capital to non-capital and vice versa
- Any appropriations affecting Fund balance

The ultimate goal is to streamline processes so that departmental operations can continue efficiently while maintaining transparency and providing City Council members with the information and decision-making abilities they desire.

Submitted by:

Barbara Martin, Deputy Director - Finance

Reviewed and Approved by:

Scott Dowell, Administrative Services Director

Approved by:

Mark Orme, City Manager