

# City of

# Chico



**Financial Reports** 

# **CITY OF CHICO**

Chico, California



# **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

Year Ended June 30, 2019

**Prepared by: Chico Finance Department** 

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# ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

411 Main Street – 1<sup>st</sup> Floor P.O. Box 3420 Chico, CA 95927 (530) 879-7300 Fax (530) 895-4656 http://www.ci.chico.ca.us

November 20, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chico:

The City of Chico (City) submits to you its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Administrative Services Department publishes the CAFR to provide information about the City to its citizens, the investment community, the general public, and others who may have an interest in the financial well-being of the City. The data presented is designed to help readers assess our financial condition and understand the services we provide to the citizens of the City of Chico. This letter of transmittal is designed to be read with and complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City of Chico. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and fairly represent the financial position and changes in financial position of the City. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The City has a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The Charter of the City of Chico requires an annual audit to be conducted by an independent auditor employed by the City Council. The audit report is to be prepared in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Stated of America (GAAP) and submitted to the City Council on or before the first regular City Council meeting in February. Eide Bailly, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the attached financial statements. Based on the results of the audit, the City of Chico's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, received an unmodified ("clean") opinion in the independent auditor's report (which is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report).

# **Profile of Chico**

The City of Chico was founded in 1860 by General John Bidwell, and incorporated on February 5, 1872, with a population of approximately 1,000 persons in an area of 6.6 square miles. The incorporated area of the City of Chico has grown to over 30 square miles, with a population of 112,111.

Chico is the largest city in Butte County, located in the Northern Sacramento Valley approximately 90 miles north of Sacramento, and serves as the commercial center for a three-county regional market area. Chico supports a diverse range of industries including agriculture, recreation, tourism, education, medical,

and manufacturing. Chico is also the home of the second oldest institution in the California State University system, enrolling over 17,000 students annually.

Residents and visitors alike can sample locally grown almonds, bicycle in Bidwell Park (one of the largest municipally owned parks in the United States), tour the historic Bidwell Mansion, and take in the beauty of the California State University, Chico campus without having to stray too far from Chico's quaint and thriving downtown business district. A municipal airport and industrial park are situated in northern Chico.

The City is governed by a charter and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of seven members, elected to staggered four-year terms. An election held each November in even numbered years chooses either three or four council members. The Council selects a mayor and vice mayor from among its members to serve two-year terms. The mayor presides over the Council meetings, which are held on the first and third Tuesdays of each month. The City Council appoints a City Manager to implement its policies and directives, a City Clerk to maintain public records and manage the elections process, and a City Attorney to serve as its legal counsel.

The City provides a broad range of services including: police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; community development, including planning and zoning, building and safety, and housing activities; park and recreational activities; municipal airport; and general administrative services.

The City Council also governs the Chico Parking Authority. This agency is reported as a blended component unit in the attached financial statements. In addition, two members of the City Council serve on the board of the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority, which provides services exclusively to the City and thus is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The budget serves as the foundation for financial planning and control for the City of Chico. Budgetary control is maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual appropriated budget as approved and modified by the City Council. The City Charter requires the City Manager to present a proposed budget to the City Council by June 1 of each year. Budgetary control is at the department level.

# **Camp Fire**

In November 2018, Butte County experienced a wildfire, known as the Camp Fire. This event was one of the worst disasters in California history. The fire burned approximately 153,300 acre and destroyed approximately 14,000 residences as well as 528 commercial buildings primarily in the neighboring Town of Paradise. More than 50,000 residents from Paradise and the surrounding unincorporated area were evacuated. Many of the evacuees fled to Chico, to stay with friends and family and in evacuation shelters. Although the fire did minimal damage to properties in the City of Chico boundaries, the effects of the fire will impact the City of Chico in the short and long term.

The Department of Finance has confirmed Chico's population on January 1, 2019 at 112,111, which is an increase of 19,250 or 20.7% from January 1, 2018. This increase is largely a result of Camp Fire survivors who now call Chico home.

Although some municipal revenue, including sales tax and transient occupancy taxes, initially increased as a result of the new residents, the long term revenue projections are difficult to predict. The City is also trying to provide services to the new residents without corresponding long term revenue increases.

## **Chico's Economic Condition**

# Local Economy

Aside from the Camp fire effects, Chico's local economy continues to make steady positive progress and growth in the areas of economic development, housing market and employment.

One indicator of the local economy is the rate of unemployment. The unemployment rate for Chico remains at 5% as of June 2019 despite a 20% increase in the population due to Paradise population relocating to Chico following the Camp Fire.

Another indicator of the local economy is community development. During the fiscal year, 348 residential building permits were issued along with 125 commercial building permits. This continues the strong building market that occurred during the year ended June 2018, when 304 residential building and 118 commercial building permits were issued.

While there are clearly positive indications that the local economy is moving forward, the lingering question is whether or not the level of economic growth is sufficient to provide the revenue necessary to meet increasing City costs. The City will continue to partner with the private sector in order to further economic development and find new ways to attract businesses as well as finding new ways to provide City services more effectively and efficiently.

The influences of the local economy impacts, including the Camp Fire, are evidenced by the following key City revenue sources, which increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 as follows:

- Sales Tax increased 15%
- Property Tax revenue increased by 9%
- Utility Users tax revenue increased 2%
- Transient Occupancy Tax increased 25%

# Sales Tax

Sales tax revenue, which accounts for over 40% of all General Fund revenue, experienced growth in all major industry groups except for fuel and service stations as gas prices were stagnant. Major industry groups changed as follows:

INDUSTRY	PERCENTAGE INCREASE
AUTOS AND TRANSPORTATION	5%
BUILDING AND CONTRUCTION	4%
BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY	22%
FOOD AND DRUGS	8%
GENERAL CONSUMER GOODS	2%
RESTAURANTS AND HOTELS	9%

# **Property Tax**

Property tax revenue, which accounts for almost 30% of all General Fund revenue, increased 9% from the prior year. Property tax revenue is composed of numerous property related tax categories. Current secured property taxes increased 6%, which is closely related to the change in overall property values in the City. The local housing market is experiencing increased growth in construction of new homes and increased growth in the resale of existing homes. Indications are that the current level of growth will continue into the next year. Residual property tax revenue came into place following the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency. As the former Redevelopment Agency's obligations are liquidated, the City receives a larger share of this property tax source. This year, the growth in residual property tax increased 6%.

# Long-term Financial Planning

The largest financial challenge the City of Chico faces is the pending increases in the CalPERS retirement contributions. Current projections from CalPERS estimate that our annual unfunded actuarial liability payments will increase from approximately \$9,000,000 in 2019-20 to \$15,000,000 in 2029-30. These

increases exceed projected City revenue growth during that time frame. As such, City management is actively working with CalPERS to mitigate these large increases, but is also focusing on what can be done locally to tackle this challenge. Starting in August 2018, the City created and began funding a Pension Stabilization Trust to help fund future unfunded actuarial liability payments.

In light of the CalPERS retirement contribution increases, City management will continue to present Council with conservative budgets, recommendations to increase reserve fund balances, budgets that provide consideration of City cash flows, and as identified, additional fiscal controls that will ensure the City continues to improve financially.

# Relevant Financial Policies

The City Council has adopted a number of fiscal policies (See Appendix C-10 of the City's Annual Budget for the complete set of fiscal policies) designed to preserve the fiscal integrity of the City's resources, some of which are listed below.

- Emergency Reserve An Emergency Reserve has been established to help buffer the City from issues such as fluctuation in sales tax, changes in State laws as to how the sales tax is allocated, a sudden draw through employee attrition on vacation payment obligations, or other catastrophic events. The desired level of this reserve is established at 20% of the General Fund operating expenditures or approximately \$10,776,000. The balance in the Emergency Reserve as of June 30, 2019 is \$3,829,257 and is included in the General Fund's Committed Fund Balance. The City's fiscal policy (Section D.5 of the City of Chico's Fiscal Year 2019-20 Annual Budget) includes a Plan to increase Emergency Reserves. \$1,300,000 will be contributed in fiscal year 2019-120 with gradual increases reaching \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2021-22 and each year thereafter until the Reserve targets are met.
- Compensated Absence Reserve A Compensated Absence Reserve has been established to accumulate funds for the City's liability for compensated absences. Compensated absences are defined as paid time off, such as vacation, sick leave, and compensatory time off, which becomes a City liability when the employee earns their right to the paid time off. The Reserve is intended to accumulate funds to cover the City's liability with the intended target of reaching and maintaining a funding level of 50% of the City-wide liability. When the Reserve achieves a sufficient balance, the Reserve may be used for leave payouts when employees separate with the intent of minimizing the time necessary for City departments to replace vacant positions that occur without funds budgeted for these payouts. The balance in the Compensated Absence Reserve as of June 30, 2019 is \$940,196 and is included in the General Fund's Committed Fund Balance.
- Replacement Funds The City maintains a number of internal replacement funds including a Technology Replacement Fund (City Fund 931) to accumulate funds for the replacement of technological equipment, a Fleet Replacement Fund (City Fund 932) for the replacement of the City's vehicle fleet, and a Facilities Maintenance Fund (City Fund 933) for the repair and maintenance of City-owned facilities. Annual contributions are made from the funds owning such equipment or vehicles, based on the estimated cost to replace the item at the end of its useful life. Although the replacement funds are underfunded, the net fund balances of all replacement funds was \$2,764,216 as of June 30, 2019.

#### The Future

The City must look to the future in determining how to prepare and respond to the needs and realities facing many local governments in California. Specifically, the projected pensions costs and increasing need to invest in capital infrastructure is expected to majorly impact services in most California cities, including the City of Chico.

Since 2013-14, the City has been resolute and successful in turning the City from certain demise. However today, we see the impending impact coming from rising pension costs and crumbling infrastructure. Thus, the City is focusing on making decisions today that are intended to strengthen its ability to deal with the

issues of tomorrow. The City is ensuring it continues to grow its emergency and operating reserve funds, while making strategic investments in technology to improve reliability and longevity of critical systems. At the department level, each department head continues to re-evaluate operations to ensure the City is focusing on the value-added activities that are necessary while eliminating waste, delay, and duplication of efforts. The growth in expenditures is expected to outpace growth in revenue, so the City is evaluating options and approaches to dealing with the related issues that come from this disparity in resources.

# Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Chico for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This Financial Report is the result of the cooperative effort of many people. We wish to convey our appreciation to the members of the Finance team who contributed to and assisted with the successful completion of the audit. We would also like to express our appreciation to all the City departments, who provided assistance and support, and to the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark Orme

City Manager

Administrative Services Director

# DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS

# Randall Stone, Mayor

Alex Brown, Vice-Mayor

Scott Huber, Councilmember Sean Morgan, Councilmember

Karl Ory, Councilmember Kasey Reynolds, Councilmember

Ann Schwab, Councilmember

# **Mark Orme**

City Manager

**Chris Constantin** 

Assistant City Manager

**Debbie Presson** 

City Clerk

**Steve Standridge** 

Fire Chief

**Brendan Ottoboni** 

Public Works Director-Engineering

Erik Gustafson

Public Works Director-Operations & Maintenance Vincent C. Ewing

City Attorney

**Scott Dowell** 

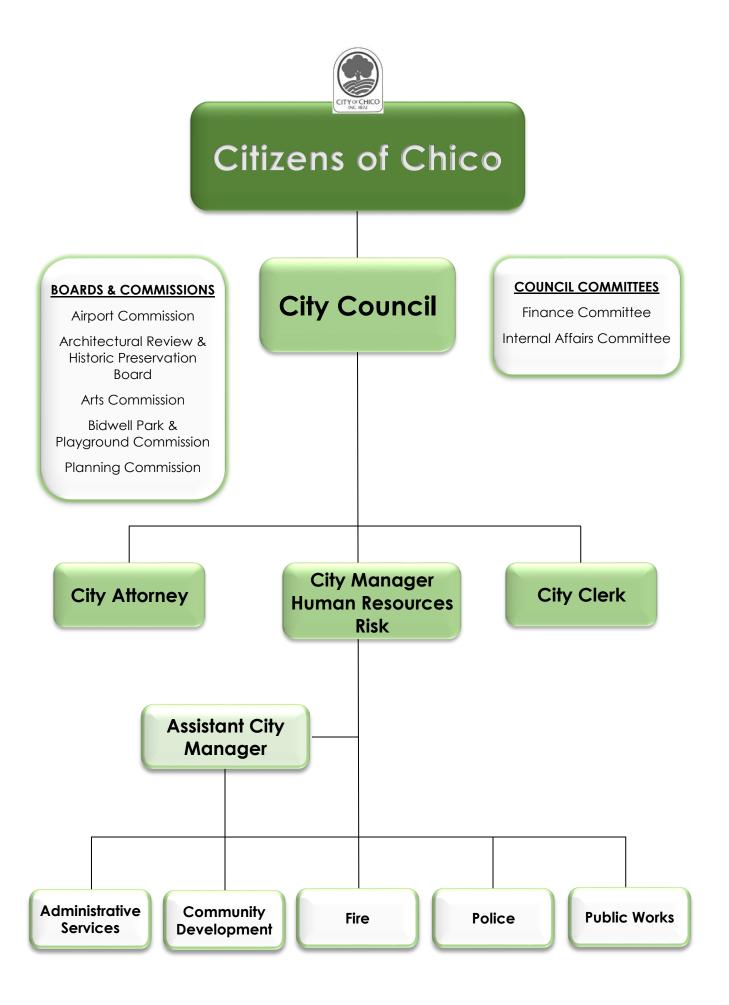
Administrative Services Director

Mike O'Brien

Chief of Police

**Brendan Vieg** 

Community Development Director





Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chico California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Chico, California

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chico, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of pension plan contributions, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods or preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California

sde Sailly LLP

November 25, 2019

As management of the City of Chico (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City had a net position at June 30, 2019 of \$453,899,458 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$407,963,065 is the *net investment in capital assets*.
- As of June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$121,682,699, an increase of \$15,267,449 in comparison with the prior year. Amounts available for spending include restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance. Restricted fund balances totaled \$101,587,996, although \$61,431,882 is composed of long-term loans receivable. Committed fund balances totaled \$5,017,069. Assigned fund balances totaled \$9,833,429 while unassigned fund balance reported a fund balance of \$5,175,097.
- At June 30, 2019, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$20,283,854.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components; (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also includes required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all City assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and unused vacation leave that has been earned).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, community development and community agencies. The business-type activities of the City include the sewer, parking, private development and airport.

Component units are included in our basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable or receives a financial benefit. The City has three component units – Chico Parking Authority, Chico Public Financing Authority and the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing. Based on the criteria generally accepted accounting principles, the Chico Parking Authority and Chico Public Financing Authority are blended into the City's basic financial statements. The Parking Authority and Chico Public Financing Authority's governing bodies are substantially the same as the governing body of the City. Both blended component

units are an integral part of the City's operations as they both provide operational and capital benefits to the City. The Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority's governing board is composed of two members of the City of Chico Council and two members of the Butte County Board of Supervisors but is reported as a discretely presented component unit due to the significance of the economic resources the City receives from it.

Complete financial statements of the Chico Public Financing Authority and Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City of Chico at 411 Main Street, Chico, California 95928.

**Fund Financial Statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds*, *proprietary funds and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintained several individual governmental funds at June 30, 2019. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, CDBG and HOME Housing Fund, Capital Grants Fund, and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* found elsewhere in this report.

**Proprietary funds** are generally used to account for activities for which the City charges a fee to either its external or internal customers. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

*Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, parking, private development and airport operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City.

Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide goods and services for certain City programs and activities. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance, central garage, municipal building maintenance, and information services functions. Because these services benefit primarily governmental functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City's four internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. These statements include one Private-purpose Trust Fund that includes the activity of the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency and one Agency Fund that accounts for the assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts.

**Notes to Basic Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Required Supplementary Information** is presented in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. A Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios is included along with a Schedule of Contributions relating to the CalPERS Retirement Plans. The schedule of funding progress related to the City's participation in the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan is presented as required supplementary information. Budget Schedules for the major funds are also presented as required supplementary information.

**Other Information** includes the *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* referred to earlier. Specifically included is information for the Capital Grants Fund budget, nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds. These statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$453,899,458 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$407,963,065, or 93%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used by the City to provide services to the citizens. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Governmental and Business-type Activities assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position as of June 30, 2019 are presented in the following table:

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	Governmental Business-type										
	Activ	ities		Acti	vities	Total			I		Dollar
	2018		2019	2018	2019		2018		2019		Change
Current and other assets	\$ 134,955,922 314,132,849	\$	149,083,854 315,477,206	\$ 34,126,406 130,480,951	\$ 39,444,717 127,158,866	\$	169,082,328 444,613,800	\$	188,528,571 442,636,072	\$	19,446,243
Capital assets	 	_						_			(1,977,728)
Total assets	 449,088,771	_	464,561,060	164,607,357	166,603,583		613,696,128	_	631,164,643		17,468,515
Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred outflows related to pensions & OPEB	26,694,375		20,178,627	3,982,680	2,637,403		30,677,055		22,816,030		(7,861,025)
Current and other liabilities	127,573,032		124,102,794	22,096,179	22,245,277		149,669,211		146,348,071		(3,321,140)
Long-term liabilities	14,128,960		14,112,606	36,271,141	32,026,015		50,400,101		46,138,621		(4,261,480)
Total liabilities	141,701,992	_	138,215,400	58,367,320	54,271,292	_	200,069,312		192,486,692		(7,582,620)
Deferred Inflows of Resources  Deferred inflows related to pensions & OPEB	5,486,263	_	6,266,539	1,210,427	1,327,984		6,696,690		7,594,523		897,833
Net position: Net investment											
in capital assets	311,573,441	\$	312,439,193	94,581,345	95,523,872		406,154,786		407,963,065		1,808,279
Restricted	94,268,379		98,770,815	14,426,819	15,310,919		108,695,198		114,081,734		5,386,536
Unrestricted	(77,246,929)		(70,952,260)	4,126	2,806,919		(77,242,803)		(68,145,341)		9,097,462
Total net position	\$ 328,594,891	\$	340,257,748	\$ 109,012,290	\$ 113,641,710	\$	437,607,181	\$	453,899,458	\$	16,292,277

Governmental Activities. Primary changes in governmental activities are summarized below:

**Assets**. Total assets increased by \$15,472,289. The primary causes of the increase were an increase in restricted and unrestricted cash of approximately \$15,667,147.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources.** This classification balance, although similar to "assets," is set apart because these items do not meet the technical definition of being a City asset on the date of these financial statements. In other words, these amounts are not available to pay liabilities in the way assets are available. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflow of resources will become an expense.

The most significant deferred outflows of resources reported are related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB No. 75 for net pension liability and net OPEB reporting. GASB 68 and 75 require that contributions made to the retirement system subsequent to the measurement date be reported as deferred outflows of resources. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are also reported as deferred outflows and amortized over several years. The City has reported deferred outflows of resources for pension contributions and differences between actual and estimated earnings of plan investments totaling \$19,993,154 for pensions and \$185,473 for OPEB for governmental activities at June 30,2019. The deferred outflows of resources will be reflected in the change in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

*Liabilities.* Governmental activities liabilities decreased by \$3,484,592 primarily due to an decrease in the net pension liability of \$1,783,818.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources**. Deferred inflows of resources are the counterpart to deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources are not technically liabilities of the City as of the date of the financial statements. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflows of resources will become revenue or an increase to net position.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions represent a net amount attributable to the various components that impact pension and OPEB changes and can include the differences between actual and expected experience and changes in assumptions. The City has reported deferred inflows of resources for deferred pensions totaling \$4,310,436 and for OPEB totaling \$1,956,103 for government activities at June 30,2019.

*Net Position*. Governmental activities net position increased \$11,662,857 due primarily to increase in taxes.

Business-type Activities. Primary changes in business-type activities are summarized below:

Assets. Total assets increased by \$1,996,226. Construction in progress in the Sewer Fund increased by \$1,730,691.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources.** GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB 75 requires that contributions made subsequent to the measurement date be reported as deferred outflows of resources. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are also reported as deferred outflows and amortized over several years. The Business-type activities have reported deferred outflows of resources for deferred pension contributions totaling \$2,560,350 and for OPEB \$77,053.

*Liabilities.* Business-type activities liabilities decreased by \$4,096,028 primarily due to the payment of long-term debt related to the Sewer Fund.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources**. As discussed above, deferred inflows of resources are the counterpart to deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions represent a net amount attributable to the various components that impact pension changes and can include the differences between actual and expected experience and changes in assumptions. The City has reported deferred inflows of resources for deferred pensions totaling \$493,083 and for OPEB \$834,90 for business-type activities at June 30, 2019.

**Net Position**. Business-type activities net position increased \$4,629,420 primarily due to the fees exceeding expenses (from which net gains are reserved for future debt repayment and capital replacement.)

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities for the year ended June 30:

# **Condensed Statement of Activities**

	Government Activities	tal	Business Activitie		Total		Dollar
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	Change
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 9,807,167 \$	8,782,846	19,601,631 \$	21,189,162\$	29,408,798 \$	29,972,009 \$	563,211
Operating grants and							
contributions	8,229,294	5,536,995	292,340	2,266,256	8,521,634	7,803,251	(718,383)
Capital grants and contributions	3,808,123	6,714,357	2,649,150	77,051	6,457,273	6,791,408	334,135
General revenues:							
Taxes	50,625,023	57,013,160	-	-	50,625,023	57,013,160	6,388,137
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs	1,775,871	5,627,242	-	-	1,775,871	5,627,242	3,851,371
Unrestricted investment earnings	265,529	1,161,700	322,007	793,227	587,536	1,954,927	1,367,391
Miscellaneous	186,758	1,180,286			186,758	1,180,286	993,528
Total revenues	74,697,765	86,016,587	22,865,128	24,325,696	97,562,893	110,342,283	12,779,390
Expenses:							
General government	5,059,302	5,160,003	-	-	5,059,302	5,160,003	100,70
Public safety	41,213,981	42,712,128	-	-	41,213,981	42,712,128	1,498,14
Public works	19,763,113	20,061,696	-	-	19,763,113	20,061,696	298,58
Parks and recreation	3,566,533	3,848,819	-	-	3,566,533	3,848,819	282,280
Arts and culture		27,132			-	27,132	27,13
Community development	2,431,870	2,206,592	-	-	2,431,870	2,206,592	(225,278
Community agencies	50,000	2,292	-	-	50,000	2,292	(47,708
Interest on long-term debt	82,371	139,836	-	-	82,371	139,836	57,46
Sewer	-	-	12,091,786	11,866,946	12,091,786	11,866,946	(224,840
Parking	-	-	1,027,456	1,332,762	1,027,456	1,332,762	305,300
Private development	-	-	3,685,574	4,098,518	3,685,574	4,098,518	412,94
Airport			2,167,468	2,593,282	2,167,468	2,593,282	425,81
Transit	-	-			-	-	
Household Hazardous Waste			<u>-</u>				
Total expenses	72,167,170	74,158,498	18,972,284	19,891,508	91,139,454	94,050,006	2,910,55
Increase (decrease) in						``	
net position before transfers	2,530,595	11,858,089	3,892,844	4,434,188	6,423,439	16,292,277	9,868,838
Transfers	(427,855)	(195,232)	427,855	195,232			
Change in net position	2,102,740	11,662,857	4,320,699	4,629,420	6,423,439	16,292,277	9,868,838
Net position, beginning of year	326,492,151	328,594,891	104,691,591	109,012,290	431,183,742	437,607,181	6,423,439
Net position, end of year	\$ 328,594,891 \$	340,257,748	\$ 109,012,290 \$	113,641,710\$	437,607,181 \$	453,899,458	16,292,277

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$11,662,857 due to an increase in tax revenue.

**Revenues**. Total revenues for governmental activities were within 9% of prior year:

• Taxes increased \$6,388,137 due to increases in sales tax revenue and property tax revenue as the economy reacts to population changes due to the Camp Fire.

- Capital grants and contributions increased \$9,294,361 due primarily to increased grant activity in the 2019/20 fiscal year.
- Charges for service decreased \$1,024,320 due primarily to the write off of a loan.

Expenses. Total expenses for governmental activities increased \$1,991,324 from the prior year:

• Public safety operations during the year accounted for an increase in expenses of \$1,498,143 over the previous year, due to increases in wages and benefits.

**Business-type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$4,629,420. Charges for service revenues combined with expenses reductions increased net position. The operations of individual enterprise funds are presented more thoroughly in the Proprietary Funds section.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$121,682,699 an increase of \$15,267,449 compared to the prior year. While the City reported \$101,587,996 of restricted fund balance, \$61,431,882 is composed of long-term loans receivable. As a result, most of the restricted funds may be unavailable for operational purposes.

Nonspendable fund balance is composed of: \$69,108 in prepaid items.

Committed fund balance is composed of: \$940,196 for compensated absences, \$247,616 in donations and \$3,829,257 for emergency contingencies.

Total assigned fund balance is \$9,833,429. It is specifically assigned for equipment replacement of \$2,764,216 assigned for capital projects of \$4,908,110, assigned for remediation \$10,983 and subsequent year's budget of \$2,150,120.

The changes in fund balance as of June 30, is presented in the following table:

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

			Major	Funds			
						Low	and Moderate
	General	al CDBG and HOME Capital		Capital	Inco	me Housing	
	 Fund		Housing		Grants	Asset	
Revenues	\$ 61,187,794	\$	1,304,986	\$	3,675,516	\$	508,820
Expenditures	(52,734,382)		(1,239,169)		(1,285,882)		(309,284)
Other financing sources (uses), net	 (465,322)				-		
Change in fund balances	7,988,090		65,817		2,389,634		199,536
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	12,295,764		7,518,697		(3,309,562)		56,249,071
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 20,283,854	\$	7,584,514	\$	(919,928)	\$	56,448,607

	Nonmajor Funds								
		Special		Capital					
	Revenue		Revenue Projects			2019	2018		
	Funds			Funds		l Gevernmental	Total Gevernmental		
						Funds		Funds	
Revenues	\$	10,658,800	\$	5,302,067	\$	82,637,983	\$	72,986,670	
Expenditures		(6,877,607)		(5,428,905)		(67,875,229)		(65,232,312)	
Other financing sources (uses), net		(2,100,908)		3,070,925		504,695		(1,112,969)	
Change in fund balances		1,680,285		2,944,087		15,267,449		6,641,389	
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		7,222,532		26,438,748		106,415,250		99,773,850	
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	8,902,817	\$	29,382,835	\$	121,682,699	\$	106,415,239	

Revenues for governmental funds overall totaled \$82,637,983, an increase of 13% from the prior fiscal year, and expenditures for governmental funds totaled \$67,875,229, an increase of 4% compared to the prior year. Revenue increases were due primarily to increases in property and sales taxes. Expenditures increased due to additional capital outlay expenditures, capital lease debt service costs for radio equipment and applicable operational costs for filling police open positions. In the current fiscal year, revenues and other financing sources (uses) exceeded expenditures for governmental funds by \$15,267,449.

General Fund revenue increased \$7,163,807 due to an approximately 13% increase in sales tax revenue and a 9% increase in property tax revenue mainly due to sales tax from purchases made within the city limits following the Camp Fire.

Current year General Fund expenditures increased over 2018 by \$3,023,700. Expenditures in 2018-19 include \$870,306 for the purchase of a radios under a capital lease. This purchase is off-set by \$870,306 recognized as an Other Financing Source for Capital leases.

CDBG and HOME Housing Fund revenues and transfers exceeded expenditures by \$65,817. The excess of revenues over expenditures was the result of additional draws for the federal Home Program used for new loans. The draws are reported as revenue while the loan disbursements are reported as loans receivable.

Revenue in the Capital Grants Fund exceeded expenditures by \$2,389,635 due to timing of receipts for reimbursements of prior year expenditures.

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund's change in fund balance consists mostly of loans receivable received from the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency. Otherwise, there is very little activity occurring within this Fund as the revenue is considered restricted as most of it is composed of long-term loan receivables.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses and results of operations of proprietary funds for the current fiscal year:

	Private										
	 Sewer		Parking		velopment		Airport		Total		
Operating revenues	\$ 14,666,824	\$	1,241,922	\$	4,187,961	\$	956,511	\$	21,053,218		
Operating expenses	11,084,592		1,332,762		4,098,518		2,593,282		19,109,154		
Operating income (loss)	3,582,232		(90,840)		89,443		(1,636,771)		1,944,064		
Nonoperating revenues											
(expenses), net	18,776		58,941		48,382		97,769		223,868		
Income (loss) before											
contributions and transfers	3,601,008		(31,899)		137,825		(1,539,002)		2,167,932		
Contributions and transfers	 2,111,761		(39,600)		66,403		322,924		2,461,488		
Change in net position	\$ 5,712,769	\$	(71,499)	\$	204,228	\$	(1,216,078)	\$	4,629,420		

- Sewer Fund revenues increased over the prior year due to increased Water Pollution Control Plant capacity development fees collected. Expenses were within 1% of expense totals for 2018.
- Parking Fund revenues increased by \$13,780 over the prior year due primarily due to increase in the number of vehicles within the city limits increasing as a result of the Camp Fire.
- The Private Development Fund had an increase in net position of \$175,116. Operations in the fund reflected additional activity in the building industry in Chico during the year ended June 30, 2019.
- Airport Fund operating revenues increased \$316,505 primarily due to additional rental charges for airport related facilities. Transfers from the General Fund totaled \$392,700 to help cover annual operating costs of the airport.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget to actual information for the General Fund is presented as part of required supplementary information in this report. The City Council amended the budget several times during the period. These amendments, generally, were to adjust for actual beginning balances and carryovers after closing the prior fiscal year and for new sources and uses realized during the fiscal year.

Overall, actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue by \$5,312,541. Property tax revenues exceeded budget by \$236,880 while sales and use taxes exceeded budget \$2,534,702. Other taxes including transient and occupancy taxes (TOT) exceeded budget by \$1,130,167.

Overall, budgeted expenditures were under budget by \$4,803,131. All departments recognized actual expenditures under budget.

Amendments to the public works budget were made for capital projects initiated during the year. Fire had increases in the original budget to account for increases in wages and benefits.

In spite of City Council budgetary amendments, variances between actual amounts and the final budget occur. Generally, all of the variances were positive (i.e., actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures) due to the fact that a conservative budgetary approach was utilized.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$442,636,072 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Total current year depreciation expense was \$18,169,335.

Capital assets, net of depreciation, for the governmental and business-type activities are presented on the next page to illustrate changes from the prior year:

		Government	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities					
		2018		2019		2018	_	2019		
Land	\$	31,247,077	\$	31,456,230	\$	2,154,341	\$	2,154,341		
Buildings		10,036,536		9,532,339		5,701,345		5,196,601		
Improvements		7,827,374		7,284,000		116,929,049		112,300,962		
Equipment		9,855,501		10,758,302		638,667		718,722		
Infrastructure		238,100,023		238,019,303		-		-		
Construction in progress		17,066,338		18,427,032		5,057,549		6,788,240		
Total, Net	\$	314,132,849	\$	315,477,206	\$	130,480,951	\$	127,158,866		

						Tota	ıl	
		To	otal			Dollar	Percentage	
		2018		2019		Change	Change	
Land	\$	33,401,418	\$	33,610,571	\$	209,153	1%	
Buildings		15,737,881		14,728,940		(1,008,941)	-6%	
Improvements		124,756,423		119,584,962		(5,171,461)	-4%	
Equipment		10,494,168		11,477,024		982,856	9%	
Infrastructure		238,100,023		238,019,303		(80,720)	0%	
Construction in progress		22,123,887		25,215,272		3,091,385	14%	
Total, Net	\$	444,613,800	\$	442,636,072	\$	(1,977,728)		

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Land-Increased due to an acquisition of land for a bike trail.
- Buildings Decrease is due primarily to depreciation expense. No significant capitalized construction to building category occurred.
- Improvements Decrease is due primarily to depreciation expense
- Equipment Increases reflect the lease of radios for the fire department
- Infrastructure Decrease is due primarily to depreciation expense.

• Construction in progress (CIP) – Increase is due to initiation of projects not yet completed and transferred to appropriated capital accounts.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note II D of this report.

# Long-term liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the City had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$14,112,606 an overall decrease of \$16,353 from June 30, 2018. Additional information related to the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note II E of this report. Information related to the City's OPEB liability can be found in Note III D of this report.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The Chico City Council adopted the fiscal year 2019-20 final budget on June 4, 2019, with a total Operating Budget of \$95,092,544, which is a \$2,967305 increase from the prior fiscal year's final modified budget. The adopted Capital Improvement Budget totaled \$39,863,688 which is approximately \$880,378 increase from the prior year. Total General Fund revenue and transfers in total of \$56,672,241, which is lower than budgeted expenditures and transfers out of \$58,010,996. The City has also assigned fund balance from June 30, 2019 of \$2,150,120 to cover expenditures in the fiscal year 2019-20 budget. As reflected in this CAFR, the City's General Fund experienced the benefit of management decisions that cut expenditures, and thanks to an economy that yielded better than estimated results, revenue also was higher. Management believes that the current fiscal policies and current economic climate will continue to assist with the process of building operating and emergency reserves.

# **Local Revenue Base**

Chico's local economy is demonstrated material changes in sales tax and transient occupancy tax as a result of population increase due to the Camp Fire. Noted revenue percentage increases include the following:

- Sales tax revenue increased 13%
- Property tax revenue increased 9%
- Transient occupancy tax increased 22%

The most significant economic factor impacting revenue in the City is the increase in population as a result of the Camp Fire. According to the Department of finance, the fire destroyed 14,600 housing units. Most of the displaced persons relocated to Chico adding over 19,000 citizens to the City. The demand for housing was immediate and as a result, real estate values are strong, and the construction of new neighborhoods has jumped.

Although the local economy is rebounding, the City will continue to budget very conservatively due to the fact that minimal reserves exist.

# **Requests for Information**

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be requested as follows:

US Mail: or Phone: or (530) 879-7300 Email: scott.dowell@chicoca.gov

Administrative Services Director
P.O. Box 3420
Chico, California 95927

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		JUNE 30, 20	)19			
	_		Primary Gover	nment		Component Unit
						Chico Urban
		Governmental	Business-ty			Area Joint Powers
A COPPER		Activities	Activities	<u> </u>	Total	Financing Authority
ASSETS						
Current Assets:		(2.5(0.112	21.45	4.005 0	0.4.2.42.000	Φ.
Cash and investments	\$	62,769,113 \$			84,243,998	
Restricted cash and investments		1,991,108	15,31	0,919	17,302,027	12,399,820
Receivables:						4.00.04
Interest		11,214,371		-	11,214,371	160,042
Property taxes		783,704		-	783,704	-
Accounts		2,088,556		8,801	4,707,357	-
Intergovernmental		8,465,334	3	6,593	8,501,927	-
Loans		61,431,882		-	61,431,882	-
Deposits with others		136,674		-	136,674	-
Prepaid		144,554	:	3,518	148,072	=
Other assets		58,558		-	58,558	-
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable		49,883,262	8,94	2,581	58,825,843	-
Depreciable, net		265,593,944	118,21	6,285	383,810,229	-
Total assets		464,561,060	166,60	3,582	631,164,642	12,559,862
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		185,473	7	7,053	262,526	
Deferred outflows related to pensions		19,993,154		0,350	22,553,504	_
Total deferred outflows of resources		20,178,627		7,403	22,816,030	
I I A DVI VIDICO		, ,	,	,	, ,	
LIABILITIES  Comment Linkilities						
Current Liabilities:		2 700 200	1.02	0.200	4 (49 507	
Accounts payable		2,709,309		9,288	4,648,597	-
Accrued salaries and benefits		910,022	10	6,352	1,016,374	-
Intergovernmental payable		37,249	20	-	37,249	-
Interest payable		50,303		6,534	436,837	-
Deposits		30,173		7,176	57,349	-
Unearned revenue		40,540	27	4,476	315,016	-
Other accrued liabilities		61,394		-	61,394	
Long-term liabilities:		2 002 002	4.40	0.620	T 401 TO1	
Due within one year		3,082,083	<i></i>	9,638	7,491,721	-
Due in more than one year		11,030,523	27,61		38,646,900	23,059,478
Total OPEB liability		7,148,573		5,204	8,143,777	-
Total pension liability		113,115,230	18,51		131,631,477	
Total liabilities		138,215,399	54,27	1,292	192,486,691	23,059,478
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		1,956,103	83-	4,901	2,791,004	
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4,310,436	49.	3,083	4,803,519	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,266,539	1,32	7,984	7,594,523	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		312,439,193	95,52	3.872	407,963,065	_
Restricted for:		012, 100, 100	, , , , ,	5,072	.07,505,005	
Capital projects		29,814,658	15,31	0.919	45,125,577	=
Housing		64,033,120	13,31	-	64,033,120	_
Maintenance districts		3,712,658		-	3,712,658	-
Telecommunications equipment		3,712,638 464,755		-		-
		· ·		-	464,755	-
Abandoned vehicle program		100,731		-	100,731	-
Public safety Unrestricted (deficit)		644,893	2 00	- 6,918	644,893	(10,499,616)
,	•	(70,952,259)			(68,145,341)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total net position (deficit)	\$	340,257,749	113,64	1,709 \$	453,899,458	\$ (10,499,616)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# TY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Primary Government

								t (Expense) Revenu			
					Program Revenue	es		Changes in Net Posit	ion	Component Unit	
					0	0.51				Chico Urban Area Joint	
			CI C	Operating	Capital Grants and	0					
	Direct	Indirect	Total	-	Charges for Grants and		Governmental	Business-type	T-4-1	Powers Financing	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:	Expenses	Expenses	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 7,081,847	\$ (1,932,653)	\$ 5,149,194	\$ 1,225,596	\$ 863,313	\$ -	\$ (3,060,285)	s -	\$ (3,060,285)		
Public safety	42,713,704	9,231	42,722,935	1,591,661	303,286	ψ -	(40,827,988)	_	(40,827,988)		
Public works	19,660,051	401,645	20,061,696	5,894,010	2,104,336	6,714,357	(5,348,993)	_	(5,348,993)		
Parks and recreation	3,561,423	287,396	3,848,819	15,731	104,141	-	(3,728,947)	_	(3,728,947)		
Arts and culture	27,132	207,370	27,132		-	_	(27,132)	_	(27,132)		
Community development	2,118,315	88,277	2,206,592	55,848	2,161,919	_	11,175	_	11,175		
Community agencies	2,292	-	2,292		_,,	_	(2,292)	_	(2,292)		
Interest on long-term debt	139,836	_	139,836	_	_		(139,836)	_	(139,836)		
Total governmental	133,030		137,030	-	-	. ———	(133,030)		(133,030)		
activities	75,304,600	(1,146,104)	74,158,496	8,782,846	5,536,995	6,714,357	(53,124,298)	_	(53,124,298)		
Business-type activities:											
Sewer	11,420,814	446,134	11,866,948	14,787,991	2,266,256	-	-	5,187,299	5,187,299		
Parking	1,229,888	102,874	1,332,762	1,246,922	-	-	-	(85,840)	(85,840)		
Private development	3,792,031	306,487	4,098,518	4,191,142	-	-	-	92,624	92,624		
Airport	2,440,557	152,725	2,593,282	963,108	-	77,051	-	(1,553,123)	(1,553,123)		
Total business-type											
activities	18,883,290	1,008,220	19,891,510	21,189,163	2,266,256	77,051	-	3,640,960	3,640,960		
Total primary government	\$ 94,187,890	\$ (137,884)	\$ 94,050,006	\$ 29,972,009	\$ 7,803,251	\$ 6,791,408	(53,124,298)	3,640,960	(49,483,338)		
				-	-						
Component unit:											
Chico Urban Area Joint											
Powers Financing Authority	\$ 225,964	\$ -	\$ 225,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,900,000				\$1,674,036	
	General revenue	es:									
	Taxes:										
	Property taxes	s					16,750,026	-	16,750,026	-	
	Sales and use	tax					25,173,855	-	25,173,855	-	
	Utility users t	ax					7,199,740	-	7,199,740	-	
	Other taxes						7,889,539	-	7,889,539	-	
	Grants and con	tributions not rest	ricted to specific pr	rograms			5,627,242	-	5,627,242		
	Unrestricted in	vestment earnings		1,161,700	793,227	1,954,927	339,195				
	Miscellaneous			1,180,286	-	1,180,286	-				
	Transfers				(195,232)	195,232					
	Total general	revenues and tran	sfers				64,787,156	988,459	65,775,615	2,013,231	
	Change in net	position					11,662,858	4,629,419	16,292,277	2,013,231	
	Net position (de	ficit), beginning o	f year				328,594,891	109,012,290	437,607,181	(12,512,847)	
	Net position (de	ficit), end of year					\$ 340,257,749	\$ 113,641,709	\$ 453,899,458	\$ (10,499,616)	
							_	_	_	_	

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds consist of the General Fund, special revenue funds and capital projects funds.

Major Governmental Funds include:

#### • General

The City's primary operating fund. Accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# • CDBG and HOME Housing

Accounts for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) annual federal grant program and the State and Federal HOME grant programs. The CDBG program provides for development of viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment and expansion of economic opportunities, principally for low and moderate income residents. The HOME program provides for the development of affordable housing and mortgage subsidy programs and housing rehabilitation to benefit low income households. Use of CDBG and HOME funding is restricted per federal guidelines.

# • Capital Grants

Accounts for receipts and disbursements of a variety of governmental fund capital grants.

## • Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund accounts for all activities resulting from the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency's low and moderate income housing function. Primarily, this Fund utilizes program income from loan payments restricted for the development and assistance for low-income households. Use of Housing Funds is restricted according to the provisions contained in California State Assembly Bill 1X26 and California State Assembly Bill 1484.

# **Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds consist of the enterprise funds and the internal service funds.

Major enterprise funds include:

#### Sewer

Accounts for sanitary sewer collection system and Water Pollution Control Plant operations including major repair and replacement of the City's Water Pollution Control Plant facilities.

#### Parking

Accounts for parking facilities operations and improvements and debt service on the 1994 Parking Revenue Bonds issued to finance the downtown parking structure.

# • Private Development

Accounts for private development planning and building inspection and subdivision planning and inspection.

#### Airport

Accounts for airport operations and improvements.

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

# **Fiduciary Fund Type**

Fiduciary funds include:

# • Private-purpose Trust Fund

Accounts for the assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency.

# • Agency Fund

Accounts for assets held in an agency capacity for parties outside the City. The resources of this fund cannot be used to support the City's own programs. The Fund accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts.

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General		CDBG & HOME Housing		Capital Grants		Low & Moderate Income Housing Housing Asset Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	13,209,647	\$	23,795	\$	-	\$	3,153,593	\$	37,668,188	\$	54,055,223
Restricted cash and investments		1,359,793		-		-		-		331,315		1,691,108
Receivables:												
Interest		392,081		1,105,829		-		9,714,088		2,373		11,214,371
Property taxes		780,085		-		-		-		3,619		783,704
Accounts		1,864,765		-		-		-		48,322		1,913,087
Intergovernmental		5,878,574		176,390		1,153,783		-		1,252,719		8,461,466
Loans		-		7,419,509		-		53,978,768		33,605		61,431,882
Deposits with others		-		-		136,674		-		-		136,674
Prepaid items		64,056		2,042		-		47		2,963		69,108
Advances to other funds	_	-		-		-		-		1,721,793		1,721,793
Total assets	\$	23,549,001	\$	8,727,565	\$	1,290,457	\$	66,846,496	\$	41,064,897	\$	141,478,416
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	949,353	\$	33,338	\$	210,555	\$	56	\$	940,917		\$2,134,219
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	805,722	Ψ	3,884	Ψ	210,333	Ψ	2,742	Ψ	56,381		868,729
Deposits		10,573		-		_		20,000		-		30,573
Intergovernmental payable		-		_		_		37,249		_		37,249
Due to other funds		_		_		1,051,645		-		_		1,051,645
Unearned revenue		12,284		-		28,256		_		_		40,540
Other accrued liabilities		61,395		-		-		_		_		61,395
Advances from other funds	_	363,178		-		-		-		1,721,793		2,084,971
Total liabilities		2,202,505		37,222		1,290,456		60,047		2,719,091		6,309,321
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable housing loan interest revenue		-		1,105,829		-		9,714,088		-		10,819,917
Unavailable revenue		1,062,642		-		919,929		623,754		60,154		2,666,479
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,062,642		1,105,829		919,929		10,337,842		60,154		13,486,396
Fund balances (deficit):												
Nonspendable		64,056		2,042		-		47		2,963		69,108
Restricted		1,831,389		7,584,514		-		56,448,560		35,800,642		101,665,105
Committed		5,017,069		-		-		-		-		5,017,069
Assigned		5,601,803		- (2.045)		(010.020)		-		4,231,626		9,833,429
Unassigned		7,769,537		(2,042)		(919,928)	. —	-		(1,749,579)		5,097,988
Total fund balances (deficit)		20,283,854		7,584,514		(919,928)		56,448,607		38,285,652		121,682,699
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	s, \$	23,549,001	\$	8,727,565	\$	1,290,457	\$	66,846,496	\$	41,064,897	\$	141,478,416
					-		-	. ,	-		-	

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2019}$

Total fund balances (deficit) - total governmental funds	\$	121,682,699
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in		
governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,		
are not reported in the governmental funds.		315,445,801
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position		
Related to OPEB	51,502	
Related to Pension 18,8	664,332	19,015,834
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the		
fund.		13,486,396
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial		
resources, therefore,, interest payable is not reported as a liability in		
government funds.		(50,303)
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position		
Related to OPEB (1,5	94,374)	
Related to Pension (4,0	93,042)	(5,687,416)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the		
costs of activities to individual funds. The asset and		
liabilities of internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(5,332,947)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability (104,9	51,678)	
Capital leases payable (3,0	38,013)	
Other post employment benefits liability (6,7	(44,577)	
Compensated absences (3,5)	668,047)	(118,302,315)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	340,257,749

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>General</u>		CDBG and Housing		Capital Grants	Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:	<b>.</b>					Φ.		d			4 5 7 7 0 0 0 5	
Property taxes		50,026	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,750,026	
Sales and use taxes		73,855	-		-		-		-		25,173,855	
Other taxes		70,392	-		-		18,887		-		15,089,279	
Licenses and permits		38,578	-		-		-		-		138,578	
Intergovernmental		90,912	1,288,036		3,675,516		-		8,995,986		15,450,450	
Charges for services		23,534	-		-		1,440		5,992,645		6,117,619	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	8	867,193	-		-		-		36,477		903,670	
Use of money and property		31,882	16,950		-		488,493		896,900		1,834,225	
Miscellaneous	1,1	41,422	 -						38,859		1,180,281	
Total revenues	61,1	87,794	 1,304,986		3,675,516		508,820		15,960,867		82,637,983	
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government	3,2	256,401	-		247,038		-		952,793		4,456,232	
Public safety	38,8	305,132	-		-		_		722,402		39,527,534	
Public works	4,2	213,848	-		_		_		5,827,464		10,041,312	
Parks and recreation	3,2	290,038	-		_		_		21,842		3,311,880	
Arts and culture		27,132	-		_		_		-		27,132	
Community development		33,614	550,595		_		309,283		137,170		2,130,662	
Community agencies	•	2,292	-		-		-		-		2,292	
Capital outlay:	_	115.055	coo 57.4		1 020 044				4.502.261		7.026.624	
Capital outlay - Operations		15,955	688,574		1,038,844		-		4,583,261		7,026,634	
Capital outlay - Capital leases	8	370,306	-		-		-		-		870,306	
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		37,525	-		-		-		54,175		391,700	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	82,137	 -						7,396	_	89,533	
Total expenditures	52,7	34,380	 1,239,169		1,285,882		309,283		12,306,503		67,875,217	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	8,4	53,414	 65,817		2,389,634		199,537		3,654,364		14,762,766	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in	3,3	377,073	-		-		-		3,219,100		6,596,173	
Transfers out	(4,7	12,701)	-		-		-		(2,249,083)		(6,961,784)	
Increase in obligations under												
Capital leases	8	370,306	 -		=		-		-		870,306	
Total other financing												
sources (uses)	(4	65,322)	 						970,017	_	504,695	
Net change in fund balances	7,9	988,092	65,817		2,389,634		199,537		4,624,381		15,267,461	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning												
of year	12,2	295,762	 7,518,697		(3,309,562)		56,249,070		33,661,271		106,415,238	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 20,2	283,854	\$ 7,584,514	\$	(919,928)	\$	56,448,607	\$	38,285,652	\$	121,682,699	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 15,267,461
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	7,026,634	
Capital outlay leases	870,306	
Depreciation expense	(12,178,089)	(4,281,149)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e. disposals, transfers, donations, etc.) was to increase (decrease) net position:		
Increase in obligations under capital leases	(870,306)	
Capital Contributions	5,627,242	4,756,936
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Unavailable revenues		(2,248,552)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net assets. Also, governmental funds		
report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when		
debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the		
statement of activities.		
Principal retirement		391,700
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in interest payable	(50,303)	
Change in net pension liability	(2,843,793)	
Change in compensated absences	(196,016)	
Change in OPEB liability	(109,581)	(3,199,693)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		
activities to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) of internal		07/ 155
service funds is reported with governmental activities.	-	976,155
Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 11,662,858

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Business	-type Activities - Enter	orise Funds		
	Sewer	Parking	Private Development	Airport	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 15,982,782	\$ 2,425,264	\$ 2,077,731	\$ 989,108	\$ 21,474,885	\$ 8,713,890
Accounts	2,441,135	2,661	164,498	10,507	2,618,801	175,469
Intergovernmental	5,332	-	-	31,261	36,593	3,868
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	1,051,645
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	58,558
Prepaid expenses	1,900	174	604	840	3,518	75,446
Total current assets	18,431,149	2,428,099	2,242,833	1,031,716	24,133,797	10,078,876
Noncurrent assets:	15 210 010				15 210 010	200,000
Restricted cash and investments Advances to other funds	15,310,919	-	-	-	15,310,919	300,000
Capital assets:	-	-	-	-	-	363,178
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets,	6,258,869	1,317,999	-	1,365,713	8,942,581	30,391
net of accumulated depreciation	102,834,049	1,713,799		13,668,437	118,216,285	1,014
Total noncurrent assets	124,403,837	3,031,798		15,034,150	142,469,785	694,583
Total assets	142,834,986	5,459,897	2,242,833	16,065,866	166,603,582	10,773,459
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	33,210	5,986	33,210	4,647	77,053	33,971
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,103,524	198,896	1,103,524	154,406	2,560,350	1,128,822
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,136,734	204,882	1,136,734	159,053	2,637,403	1,162,793
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1,664,986	15,202	224,861	34,239	1,939,288	574,690
Accrued salaries and benefits	48,840	8,069	42,818	6,625	106,352	41,293
Interest payable	386,534	-	-	-	386,534	-
Deposits	17.266	2.152	27,176	2.250	27,176	26.426
Compensated absences - current portion	17,366	2,152	19,048	2,258	40,824	26,426
Claims liability - current portion  Loan payable - current portion	4,368,814	-	-	-	4,368,814	2,177,493
Unearned revenue	-,500,014	_	274,476	_	274,476	-
Total current liabilities	6,486,540	25,423	588,379	43,122	7,143,464	2,819,902
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Loan payable	27,266,180	_	_	_	27,266,180	_
Compensated absences	148,968	18,462	163,397	19,370	350,197	162,465
Claims liability	-		-	· -		5,140,162
Total OPEB liability	548,504	65,076	369,344	12,280	995,204	403,996
Net pension liability	7,980,597	1,438,400	7,980,597	1,116,653	18,516,247	8,163,551
Total noncurrent liabilities	35,944,249	1,521,938	8,513,338	1,148,303	47,127,828	13,870,174
Total liabilities	42,430,789	1,547,361	9,101,717	1,191,425	54,271,292	16,690,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	365,942	60,963	356,401	51,595	834,901	361,729
Deferred inflows related to pensions	212,522	38,304	212,521	29,736	493,083	217,394
Total deferred inflows of resources	578,464	99,267	568,922	81,331	1,327,984	579,123
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	77,457,924	3,031,798	-	15,034,150	95,523,872	31,405
Restricted for insurance	-	-	-	-	-	300,000
Restricted for capital projects	15,310,919	-	-	-	15,310,919	-
Unrestricted	8,193,624	986,353	(6,291,072)	(81,987)	2,806,918	(5,664,352)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 100,962,467	\$ 4,018,151	\$ (6,291,072)	\$ 14,952,163	\$ 113,641,709	\$ (5,332,947)

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business	-type	Activities - Ente	rprise	Funds			_	
	 Sewer	 Parking		Private Development	Airport			Total Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:										
Charges for services	\$ 14,644,277	\$ 1,241,922	\$	2,547,790	\$	72,592	\$	18,506,581	\$	16,744,735
Licenses and permits	-	-		1,640,171		-		1,640,171		-
Rental charges	 22,547	 _				883,919		906,466		<u>-</u>
Total operating revenues	 14,666,824	 1,241,922		4,187,961		956,511		21,053,218		16,744,735
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Salaries and benefits	1,095,912	748,887		2,625,981		983,817		5,454,597		3,585,602
Materials and supplies	932,182	14,182		27,740		9,004		983,108		542,448
Purchased services	979,725	158,849		566,797		68,982		1,774,353		2,809,589
Other expenses	3,497,084	227,012		876,158		307,334		4,907,588		9,292,014
Depreciation	 4,579,689	183,832		1,842		1,224,146		5,989,509		1,737
Total operating expenses	 11,084,592	 1,332,762		4,098,518		2,593,283		19,109,155		16,231,390
Operating income (loss)	 3,582,232	 (90,840)		89,443		(1,636,772)		1,944,063		513,345
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):										
Intergovernmental	-			-		77,051		77,051		
Interest income	679,964	53,941		45,201		14,121		793,227		117,997
Interest expense	(782,354)	-		-		-		(782,354)		182,646
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)	 121,166	 5,000		3,181		6,597		135,944		(8,212)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 18,776	 58,941		48,382		97,769		223,868		292,431
Income (loss) before capital contributions										
and transfers	3,601,008	(31,899)		137,825		(1,539,003)		2,167,931		805,776
Capital contributions	2,266,256	-		-		-		2,266,256		-
Transfers in	-	-		394,883		400,637		795,520		1,250,000
Transfers out	 (154,495)	 (39,600)		(328,480)		(77,713)		(600,288)		(1,079,621)
Change in net position	5,712,769	(71,499)		204,228		(1,216,079)		4,629,419		976,155
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	 95,249,698	 4,089,650		(6,495,300)		16,168,242		109,012,290		(6,309,102)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 100,962,467	\$ 4,018,151	\$	(6,291,072)	\$	14,952,163	\$	113,641,709	\$	(5,332,947)

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Governmental
	 Sewer		Parking		Private Development		Airport		Total Enterprise Funds	_	Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 14,666,812	\$	1,244,922	\$	4,312,160	\$	966,119	\$	21,190,013	\$	- 16,914,173
Payments to suppliers and claimants Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	(3,379,832) (2,204,121)		(199,022) (398,748)		(713,944) (2,216,239)		(237,977) (307,962)		(4,530,775) (5,127,070)		(13,147,120) (2,259,508)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (749,032) 8,333,827		(198,634) 448,518		(614,094) 767,883		(212,370) 207,810		(1,774,130) 9,758,038	_	1,507,545
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	 , ,		,		,		,		, ,		
Interfund borrowings Transfers in Transfers out	- - (154,495)		(39,600)		394,883 (328,480)		400,637 (77,713)		795,520 (600,288)		2,878,573 1,250,000 (1,079,621)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(154,495)		(39,600)	_	66,403		322,924		195,232		3,048,952
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED											
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid	(167,447) (4,264,613) (844,574)		(148,730)		(2)		(84,987)		(401,166) (4,264,613) (844,574)		- - -
Intergovernmental receipts  Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	 (5,276,634)		(148,730)	_	(2)		205,153 120,166	_	205,153 (5,305,200)	_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid	679,964		53,941		45,201		14,121		793,227	-	
Net cash provided by investing activities	679,964		53,941	_	45,201		14,121		793,227		-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,582,662		314,129		879,485		665,021		5,441,297		4,556,497
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, beginning of year CASH AND INVESTMENTS, end of year	\$ 27,711,039 31,293,701	\$	2,111,135 2,425,264	\$	1,198,246 2,077,731	\$	324,087 989,108	\$	31,344,507 36,785,804	\$	4,457,393 9,013,890
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Cash and investments	15,982,782		2,425,264		2,077,731		989,108		21,474,885		8,713,890
Restricted cash and investments	 15,310,919		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>		15,310,919		300,000
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, end of year	\$ 31,293,701	\$	2,425,264	\$	2,077,731	\$	989,108	\$	36,785,804	\$	9,013,890

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Business-	type	Activities - Enter	rprise	Funds			Government	
	Sewer		Parking		Private Development		Airport	Total Enterprise Funds			Activities - Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)											
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING											
ACTIVITIES:											
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,582,232	\$	(90,840)	\$	89,443	\$	(1,636,772)	\$	1,944,063	\$	513,345
Changes in assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities											
and deferred outflows of resources:											
Depreciation	4,579,689		183,832		1,842		1,224,146		5,989,509		1,737
OPEB expense	24,019		4,329		24,019		3,361		55,728		24,571
Pension expense	(1,181,249)		338,381		408,965		670,010		236,107		1,362,646
Miscellaneous revenues	121,166		5,000		3,181		6,597		135,944		292,431
Change in assets and liabilities:											
Accounts receivable	(142,088)		(2,000)		116,836		3,011		(24,241)		(123,523)
Intergovernmental receivables	20,910		-		-		-		20,910		532
Inventories	-		-		-		-		-		(8,697)
Deposits with others	1,734		-		-		-		1,734		-
Prepaid	(1,900)		(174)		(604)		(840)		(3,518)		(48,727)
Accounts payable	1,280,293		2,561		143,261		(64,187)		1,361,928		176,869
Accrued salaries and benefits	10,701		996		3,158		1,351		16,206		6,936
Compensated absences	38,320		6,433		(26,400)		1,133		19,486		(68,061)
Unearned revenue	-		-		4,238		-		4,238		-
Deposits	-		-		(56)		-		(56)		400
Claims liability	 										(622,914)
Total adjustments	 4,751,595		539,358		678,440		1,844,582		7,813,975		994,200
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 8,333,827	\$	448,518	\$	767,883	\$	207,810	\$	9,758,038	\$	1,507,545
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING											
ACTIVITIES:											
Transfer of capital assets	\$ 2,266,256	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,266,256	\$	

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

		Private-purpose Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets	-	Trace Tana		rigency runus
Restricted cash and investments	\$	6,694,880	\$	600,164
Receivables:		, ,		,
Loans		670,127		39,726
Capital Assets - Land	_	1,667,105	_	
Total assets	_	9,032,112	\$	639,890
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	280	\$	-
Special assessment deposits		-		639,890
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		4,735,000		-
Due in more than one year	_	62,885,000	_	
Total liabilities	=	67,620,280	\$	639,890
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Deferred amount on bond refunding	_	425,710		
Net Position				
Total net position (deficit) held in trust	\$	(59,013,878)		

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Private-purpose				
	 Trust Fund				
Additions:					
Property taxes	\$ 8,572,329				
Sale of capital asset	42,788				
Use of money and property	 134,947				
Total additions	 8,750,064				
<b>Deductions:</b>					
Redevelopment obligations	1,900,000				
Interest on bonds payable	2,036,070				
Distribution of sales proceeds	761,793				
City administrative expenses	 168,310				
Total deductions	 4,866,173				
Change in net position	3,883,891				
Net deficit - beginning	 (62,897,769)				
Net deficit - ending	\$ (59,013,878)				

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Chico, California (City) was incorporated on February 5, 1872 under the laws of the State of California. The City is a charter city and is governed by a seven member City Council. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation; parking and transportation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. The City's reporting entity includes all of the funds of the City, as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable.

Due to the financial and operational relationships of the following entities, the City has two blended component units – Chico Public Financing Authority and Chico Parking Authority and one discretely presented component unit - Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority. Based on generally accepted accounting principles, the Chico Public Financing Authority and the Chico Parking Authority are blended into the City's basic financial statements, as the governing bodies are substantially the same as the governing body of the City. In addition, the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA) is reported as a discretely presented component unit as the economic resources of the JPFA directly benefit the City and its inclusion is considered necessary to ensure complete financial reporting.

### **Blended Component Units**

### **Chico Public Financing Authority**

In order to facilitate the financing of public improvements, as well as other facilities and improvements which can be funded through the issuance of tax exempt bonds, the City Council and the governing board of the Chico Redevelopment Agency (now known as the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency) established a joint powers agency, known as the Chico Public Financing Authority (CPFA), pursuant to the provisions of the joint powers laws of the State of California, as set forth in Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1, of the California Government Code (commencing with Government Code Section 6500). The CPFA is authorized, among other things, to issue bonds pursuant to the provisions of the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985, as set forth in Article 4, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1, of the California Government Code (commencing with Government Code Section 6584) for the purpose of financing facilities and improvements. Facilities and improvements constructed become assets of the City. The financing activity of the CPFA is included in the Private-Purpose Trust Fund. Complete financial statements for the CPFA may be obtained from the Finance Office of the City of Chico at 411 Main Street, Chico, California 95928.

### Chico Parking Authority

The Chico Parking Authority was activated by a resolution of the Chico City Council on March 7, 1978, pursuant to the Parking Law of 1949 (Section 32500 et seq. of the Streets and Highways Code of the State of California). The Parking Authority has the power to acquire, construct, finance and lease parking facilities in the City. The Parking Authority is governed by the City Council. The operations of the Parking Authority are an integral part of the City's operations as the funds are used to enhance parking in downtown Chico. The financial activity of the Chico Parking Authority is included in the City's financial statements as a major enterprise fund.

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

### Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority

In August 2005, the governing boards of the Chico Redevelopment Agency, which due to State Assembly Bill 1X 26 is now known as the Successor Agency to the Chico Redevelopment Agency, and the County of Butte, established a joint powers agency known as the Chico Urban Area Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA) to facilitate the financing, construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements in the greater Chico urban area. The JPFA was formed pursuant to the provisions of the joint powers laws of the State of

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

California, as set forth in Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Code (commencing with Government Code Section 6500). Subsequent to dissolution of the Chico Redevelopment Agency, the governing Board of the JPFA is composed of two members of the Butte County Board of Supervisors and two members of the Chico City Council. The JPFA is authorized to obtain state or federal loans for the purpose of financing the construction and installation of sewer facilities and improvements. The financial activity of the JPFA is included in the City of Chico's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit as the JPFA provides a financial benefit by contributing to the City's Sewer Enterprise Fund. Complete financial statements of the JPFA may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City of Chico at 411 Main Street, Chico, California 95928.

### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment earnings, and other items, which are excluded from program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The CDBG and HOME Housing Special Revenue Fund accounts for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) annual federal grant program and the state and federal HOME grant programs. The CDBG program provides for the development of a viable urban community by providing a suitable living environment and expansion of economic opportunities, principally for low and moderate income residents. The HOME program provides for the development of affordable housing and mortgage subsidy programs and housing rehabilitation to benefit low-income households. Use of CDBG and HOME funding is restricted per federal guidelines.

The Capital Grants Capital Projects Fund accounts for the receipts and disbursements for a variety of governmental fund capital grants.

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund accounts for all activities resulting from the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency's low and moderate housing function. Primarily, this Fund utilizes program income from loan payments restricted for the development and assistance for low income households. New loans conveyed to the Fund from the Successor Agency are

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

recorded as other transfers from the private-purpose trust fund. Use of these Housing Funds is restricted according to the provisions contained in California State Assembly Bill 1X26 and California State Assembly Bill 1484.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Sewer Enterprise Fund** accounts for sanitary sewer collection system and Water Pollution Control Plant operations, including major repair and replacement of the City's Water Pollution Control Plant facilities.

The Parking Enterprise Fund accounts for parking facilities operations and improvements.

The **Private Development Enterprise Fund** accounts for private development planning and building inspection and subdivision planning and inspection.

The Airport Enterprise Fund accounts for airport operations and improvements.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

**Internal Service Funds** account for self insurance, central garage, municipal building maintenance, pension funding and information services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The **Private-purpose Trust Fund** is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, deferred inflows, liabilities, and activities of the Successor Agency of the City of Chico Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) and the Chico Public Financing Authority which is also included within the Successor Agency's fiscal activity.

The **Agency Fund** is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The Fund has no equity since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The Fund accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for bonded assessment districts.

### C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales tax true up payments, which the City considers to be available if they are collected within seven months of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, certain expenditures, such as principal, interest and compensated absences, are recorded as fund liabilities only when

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

they become due and payable. The City includes certain indirect costs as program expenses, which are reported in the City's functional activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are exchange or exchange-like transactions between functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments (including restricted assets) held in the City's investment pool are reported as cash and cash equivalents in the statements of cash flows of the proprietary fund types.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

### Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments represent amounts that are restricted for debt service, capital projects, and other amounts held in connection with the City's self-insurance programs.

### Receivables and Payables

Balances representing lending/borrowing transactions between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as either "due from/due to other funds" (amounts due within one year) or "advances to/from other funds" (non-current portions of interfund lending/borrowing transactions). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances to other funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All property taxes are collected and allocated by the County of Butte to the various taxing entities. Property taxes are determined annually as of March 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of January 1. Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10,

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

respectively. The City participates in the County "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes to the City based on assessments, not on collections. Property tax is recognized when it is measurable and available. The City considers property tax as available if it is received within 60 days after year end.

Revenue from taxpayer-assessed taxes (sales and use, business license, transient occupancy, utility users, gas, and franchise fees) are accrued in the governmental funds when they are both measurable and available. The City considers these revenues available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable occurs. Historically, the majority of these taxes are received within 60 days of the fiscal year end; therefore, revenue from taxpayer-assessed taxes is accrued if it is received by August 31. The City records its receivables as follows:

- 1. Interest receivable represents interest earned by the City's cash and investment pool at year end and available within the 60 day availability period. In addition, interest receivable also includes interest from loans receivable with the portion available within 60 days recorded as revenue and the portion not available within 60 days recorded as unavailable revenue or deferred inflows of resources.
- 2. Property taxes receivable represents property taxes received from Butte County within the 60 day availability period.
- Accounts receivable represents amounts due from non-governmental entities for revenue earned and available at year end. These include transient occupancy taxes, franchise fees and utility user taxes.
- 4. Intergovernmental receivables represent amounts due from governmental entities for revenue earned and available at year end and within the 60 day availability period. These include sales taxes, grants, and other revenue from federal, state and county sources.

Grant and entitlement revenues are recorded as receivables in the funds when they are susceptible to accrual (i.e., when all eligibility requirements have been met). The corresponding governmental fund revenues are recorded when they become measurable and available, with the differences recorded as deferred inflows of resources. The corresponding proprietary fund grant revenues are recorded as nonoperating revenues when the receivables are recorded.

### Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost is recorded as inventory when items are purchased and as expenses when the items are used.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, easements, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$20,000 and all other capital assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$100,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. In addition, the City capitalizes all capital assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 for all assets acquired with federal funds. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the enterprise funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Depreciation is recorded using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings30-40 yearsImprovements other than buildings20-50 yearsEquipment, furniture and vehicles3-30 yearsRoadways50 yearsBridges30-50 yearsDrainage50 years

Capital leases are recorded as an asset and an obligation at an amount equal to the present value at the beginning of the lease term of future minimum lease payments during the lease term.

### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and compensatory time. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or such events take place. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in various governmental funds or proprietary funds as appropriate. For all governmental funds, amounts expected to be paid out of current financial resources are recorded as fund liabilities; as these liabilities represent the matured value due to retirement or resignations; the long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability only when matured. The long-term portion of governmental activities is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund types and fiduciary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, along with other long-term obligations are reported as long-term liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are expensed in the period incurred.

### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the City's Governmental Funds report the following fund balances:

Non-spendable fund balances are not expected to be converted to cash within the next operating cycle and

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

are typically comprised of long-term receivables, prepaid items and advances to other funds.

Restricted fund balances include amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restrictions are also recorded for long-term loans receivable that originate from funding sources that are externally restricted.

Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council has authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment through a City Resolution.

Assigned fund balances include amounts that are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. As contained in the City's budget policies, the City Council has authorized the City Manager to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance assignment made within the confines of the budget policies.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the City's funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that may report a positive unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

### **Net Position**

In the government-wide statements, the City's net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted net position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted or invested in capital assets net of related debt for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's practice to use restricted resources first followed by unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### Reserve Policies

The City Council has established policies for operating reserves, emergency reserves and compensated absence reserves. The operating reserve is targeted at seven and one-half percent of General Fund operating expenditures. The emergency reserve was established to help buffer the City from issues such as fluctuation in sales tax, changes in state laws that impact City finances and other catastrophic events. The desired level of the emergency reserve is twenty percent of General Fund operating expenditures. The compensated absence reserve is targeted at 50% of the citywide liability for leave payouts when employees separate from City employment. The City is not meeting the minimum operating or desired emergency reserve and compensated absence reserve levels.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of

resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflows related to OPEB and pensions reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This item represents pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and is discussed in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has four types of deferred inflows of resources. Two items are the deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB that is reflected in the statements of net position. These items are further discussed in Notes 12 and 13. Two items, unavailable housing loan interest revenue and unavailable revenue, arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, these items are reported only in the governmental funds statement of net position and are discussed in Note 4. The Private Purpose Trust fund includes deferred inflow related to the deferred amount on refunding.

### E. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### F. OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Budgetary Data**

The annual operating budget is adopted by the City Council on or before the first meeting in July each year on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, function, and activity. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts up to \$50,000 between departments without City Council approval. Any budget transfers in excess of \$50,000 must be approved by City Council. All City governmental and proprietary funds have approved budgets. Original appropriations are adjusted by supplemental appropriations and budget modifications approved during the year, creating the modified adopted budget.

Budgetary comparisons and reconciliations are included in Required Supplementary Information as Schedules of Revenue and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual, for the General Fund, CDBG and HOME Housing Fund, and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund. In addition, a budgetary comparison and reconciliation is included in the Supplemental Budgetary Comparisons section as Schedules of Revenue and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual, for the Capital Grants Fund. Annual budgets are adopted on a budgetary basis.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Interfund Transactions**

Interfund transactions between funds are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables or payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. The City transfers resources among funds in the course of normal operations. Services provided, deemed to be at market or

near market rates, such as vehicle maintenance, are accounted for as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the correct fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the original fund. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

### G. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) releases new accounting and financial reporting standards which may have a significant impact on the City's financial reporting process. New standards applicable to the year ending June 30, 2019 are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 83 – Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital asset should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City has determined that there is no material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City implemented this as of July 1, 2018.

The City is currently analyzing its accounting and financial reporting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources,

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statement prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 – Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91 – Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 61. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2019, the City's cash and investments at fair value were as follows:

	Primary Government	C	Discretely Presented omponent Unit	Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position	Total		
Cash and investments Restricted cash and	\$ 84,243,998	\$	-	\$ -	\$	84,243,998	
investments Total cash and	 17,302,027		12,399,820	 7,295,044		36,996,891	
investments	\$ 101,546,025	\$	12,399,820	\$ 7,295,044	\$	121,240,889	

At June 30, 2019, the City's cash and investments consist of the following: Authorized Investments

\$ 23,566,154
 97,674,735
\$ 121,240,889
\$ \$

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy and California Government Code Section 53601. The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the California Government Code, as the City may not invest in derivatives, reverse repurchase agreements, or corporate bonds. The City's investment policy limits the amount of funds invested in instruments with maturities over one year to 15%, unless adequate liquidity is available, yield appears favorable and the City Manager approves the investment in advance. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City rather than the general provisions of the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum	
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment	Minimum
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer	Rating
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%	AAA
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	None	None	None
State of California and California Local				
Agency Bonds	5 years	15%	5%	None
Repurchase Agreements	5 years	None	5%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	None	None

### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by the provisions of the debt agreements. These agreements specify that the eligible investments are those that are permitted by California Government Code Section 53601 at the time of the investment.

### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that the City's bank deposits are insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

and securities lending transactions: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by depository regulated under stated law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. As of June 30, 2019, the City's balance in financial institutions was \$20,094,208, which was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the name of the City of Chico.

### **Interest Rate**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which provides the necessary cash flow and liquidity needed for operations, as well as purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturing evenly over time. The City uses the segmented time distribution method for reporting its interest rate risk.

As of 2019, the City's investments distributed by maturity are as follows:

	Under 30	31-365	1-5	Fair
	Days	 Days	 Years	 Value
Investments held by fiscal agents:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 4,070	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,070
Section 115 Trust Mutual Funds	1,359,793	-	-	 1,359,793
Total investments held by fiscal agents				 1,363,863
Investments held in City treasury:				
Local Agency Investment Fund	67,829,627	-	-	67,829,627
Federal Agency Securities	-	-	1,000,002	1,000,002
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,223,877	-	-	2,223,877
Certificates of Deposit	 	 7,767,366	 17,490,000	 25,257,366
Total investments held in City treasury				 96,310,872
Total investments by maturity	\$ 70,057,574	\$ 7,767,366	\$ 18,490,002	\$ 97,674,735

### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the City's policy to purchase investments with the minimum ratings required by the California Government Code.

### Investments held in City treasury

			1 all	v aiu	·C		
S&P/Moody's Rating	Local Agency Investment Fund	F	Federal Agency Securities (FFCB)		Money Market Mutual Funds	Certificates of Deposit	Total
AA+/Aaa	\$ _	\$	1,000,002	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,000,002
Not Rated	67,829,627				3,587,740	25,257,366	96,674,733
Total	\$ 67,829,627	\$	1,000,002	\$	3,587,740	\$ 25,257,366	\$ 97,674,735

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City invests funds in the State Treasurer's Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA) through the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a voluntary program created by statute in 1977. The PMIA has regulatory oversight from the Pooled Money Investment Board and an in-house Investment Committee. LAIF has oversight by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire pool.

In accordance with authorized investment laws, LAIF invests in various structured notes and mortgage-backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations. LAIF is not registered with the Security and Exchange Commission and is not rated.

### Discretely Presented Component Unit

Restricted cash and investments held by the JPFA total \$12,399,820. JPFA's restricted cash includes \$11,615,545 held in LAIF. The JPFA's remaining restricted cash of \$784,275 is maintained in the City's Treasury.

### Restricted Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2019 cash and investments that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following:

### Governmental Activities:

General Fund	Amount		Totals
Restricted Section 115 Pension Trust	\$ 1,359,793		
Total General Fund		\$	1,359,793
Non-major Governmental Funds Restricted bond proceeds	331,315		
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	331,313		331,315
Internal Service Funds			,
Insurance deposits	300,000	_	
Total Internal Service Funds			300,000
Total governmental activites restricted cash and investments			1,991,108
Business-Type Activities:	15 210 010		
Restricted for sewer capital projects - State Revolving Fund	15,310,919	_	
Total business-type activities restricted cash and investments			15,310,919
Total primary government restricted cash and investments			17,302,027
Discretely Presented Component Unit:	12 200 020		
Restricted for capital projects and debt service	12,399,820	_	
Total JPFA restricted cash and investments			12,399,820
Fiduciary Funds			
Private-purpose Trust Fund	( (04 000		
Restricted for Successor Agency Recognized Obligations	6,694,880	_	
Total Private-purpose Trust Fund			6,694,880
Restricted for debt service	600,164	_	
Total Agency Funds			600,164
Total Fiduciary Fund restricted cash and investments			7,295,044
Total restricted cash and investments		\$	36,996,891

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") *Fair Value Measurements and Application*, sets forth the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes investment valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB 72 are described as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

<u>Level 2</u> – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by the City's management. City management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment. The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. City management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The City's Level 1 investments consist of mutual funds that have values calculated from the daily closing prices of all the underlying assets.

For a large portion of the City's portfolio, the City's custodians generally uses a multi-dimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others. The City's Level 2 investments primarily consist of investments in certificates of deposit that did not trade on the City's fiscal year end date.

The City did not have any Level 3 investments at June 30, 2019. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy.

### CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments in money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts are reported at amortized cost. Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's proportionate share in these types of investments is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

As of June 30, 2019, the City has the following fair value measurements:

		Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Total			
Investments by fair value:						
Certificates of Deposit	\$	25,257,366	\$	25,257,366		
Federal Securities		1,000,002		1,000,002		
Mutual Funds				1,359,793		
Total investments measured						
at fair value	\$	26,257,368	\$	27,617,161		
Investments measured at amortized costs or Local Agency Investment Fund Money Market	· not s	subject to fair		67,829,627 2,227,947		
Total investments measured at fair value			\$	97,674,735		

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 3. RECEIVABLES

The following summarizes the City's governmental activities receivables as of June 30, 2019:

							Inter-				
		Interest	 Property Taxes		Accounts		governmental		Loans		Total
Governmental activities:											
General Fund	\$	392,081	\$ 780,085	\$	1,864,765	\$	5,878,574	\$	-	\$	8,915,505
CDBG and HOME Housing Fund		1,105,829	-		-		176,390		7,419,509		8,701,728
Capital Grants Fund		-	-		-		1,153,783		-		1,153,783
Low and Moderate Income									-		
Housing Asset Fund		9,714,088	-		-		-		53,978,768		63,692,856
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,373	3,619		48,322		1,252,719		33,605		1,340,638
Internal Service Funds			 		175,469		3,868		-		179,337
Total governmental activities	s \$	11,214,371	\$ 783,704	\$	2,088,556	\$	8,465,334	\$	61,431,882	\$	83,983,847

### Loans Receivable

The loans receivable in the CDBG and HOME Housing Fund and Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund of \$ 7,419,509 and \$ 53,978,768 consist of loans made for low and moderate income housing rehabilitation, property improvement and small business origination. The loans are collateralized by deeds of trust on the improved properties and bear annual interest at 0.0 - 7.5 percent. The City considers these long-term loans to be collectible, and the amounts are included in restricted fund balance. Due to the likelihood of collectability, the City has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Related accrued interest is recorded as interest receivable and unavailable revenue.

The following summarizes the City's business-type activities receivables as of June 30, 2019:

	Accounts	Int	ergovernmental	 Total
Business-type activities:				
Sewer Fund	\$ 2,441,135	\$	5,332	\$ 2,446,467
Parking Fund	2,661		-	2,661
Private Development Fund	164,498		-	164,498
Airport Fund	10,507		31,261	 41,768
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,618,801	\$	36,593	\$ 2,655,394

Accounts receivable in the Sewer Fund is composed of \$ 2,441,135 in sewer service fees billed for services rendered on or before June 30, 2019 and received in the months of July and August of 2019 and \$ 5,332 in sewer development impact fees owed to the City as of June 30, 2019.

The intergovernmental receivable of \$31,261 in the Airport Fund represents a receivable for an Airport Improvement Program grant.

Accounts receivable in the Private Development fund are for services provided for community development services provided to developers.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 4. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

The City recognized deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund statements. These items are an acquisition of fund balance by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized in the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (i.e., measureable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Government funds report revenues not susceptible to accrual as deferred inflows of resources. The City has two items that are reportable on the government fund statements: the first item relates to housing loan interest receivable and the second relates to grant receivables and development impact fees receivables that are not available for revenue recognition.

Deferred inflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	I	Unavailable Housing Loan Revenue	 Unavailable Revenue	 Total
General Fund	\$	_	\$ 1,062,642	\$ 1,062,642
CDBG and HOME Housing Fund		1,105,829	_	1,105,829
Capital Grants Fund		-	919,929	919,929
Low and Moderate Income				
Housing Asset Fund		9,714,088	623,754	10,337,842
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		<u> </u>	 60,154	 60,154
Total governmental funds	\$	10,819,917	\$ 2,666,479	\$ 13,486,396

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 31,247,077	\$ 209,153	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,456,230
Construction in progress	17,066,338	3,455,354		(2,094,660)	18,427,032
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	48,313,415	3,664,507		(2,094,660)	49,883,262
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	22,360,648	_	_	_	22,360,648
Improvements other than buildings	20,951,926	_	_	_	20,951,926
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	22,606,002	2,501,150	(1,027,915)	50,672	24,129,909
Infrastructure	376,269,026	7,358,526	-	2,043,988	385,671,540
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	442,187,602	9,859,676	(1,027,915)	2,094,660	453,114,023
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(12,324,112)	(504,197)	-	-	(12,828,309)
Improvements other than buildings	(13,124,552)	(543,374)		-	(13,667,926)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	(12,750,501)	(1,649,021)	1,027,915	-	(13,371,607)
Infrastructure	(138,169,003)	(9,483,234)			(147,652,237)
Total accumulated depreciation	(176,368,168)	(12,179,826)	1,027,915		(187,520,079)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	265,819,434	(2,320,150)		2,094,660	265,593,944
Governmental activities capital					
asset, net	\$ 314,132,849	\$ 1,344,357	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 315,477,206

### Reconciliation of Governmental activities capital asset increases:

Total capital assets, not being depreciated - increases	\$ 3,664,507
Total capital assets, being depreciated - increases	 9,859,676
Governmental activities capital asset increases	\$ 13,524,183
Governmental Funds - capital outlay	\$ 7,026,634
Governmental Funds - capital lease	870,306
Donations and contributed capital*	 5,627,243
Governmental activities capital asset increases	\$ 13,524,183

<sup>\*</sup>Donations and contributed capital represents infrastructure conveyed to the City as a result of completed subdivisions, easements and infrastructure donated through developer agreements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

		Beginning		_				Ending
<b></b>	_	Balance	_	Increases	-	Decreases	_	Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being								
depreciated:	Φ.	2.154.241	Ф		Φ.		¢.	2 154 241
Land	\$	2,154,341	\$	1.720.601	\$	-	\$	2,154,341
Construction in progress		5,057,549		1,730,691				6,788,240
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated:		7,211,890		1,730,691		-		8,942,581
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		19,412,388		_		-		19,412,388
Improvements other than buildings		189,947,081		692,567		-		190,639,648
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		2,898,949		249,750		(46,319)		3,102,380
Total capital assets, being		_		_		_		
depreciated:		212,258,418		942,317		(46,319)		213,154,416
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(13,711,043)		(504,744)		-		(14,215,787)
Improvements other than buildings		(73,018,032)		(5,320,654)		-		(78,338,686)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		(2,260,282)		(164,111)		40,735		(2,383,658)
Total accumulated depreciation		(88,989,357)		(5,989,509)		40,735		(94,938,131)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		123,269,061		(5,047,192)		(5,584)		118,216,285
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	130,480,951	\$	(3,316,501)	\$	(5,584)	\$	127,158,866

### Reconciliation of Business-type activities capital asset increases:

Total capital assets, not being depreciated - increases	\$ 1,730,691
Total capital assets, being depreciated - increases	 942,317
Business-type activities capital asset increases	\$ 2,673,008
Business-type activities - capital outlay	\$ 406,752
Donations and contributed capital*	 2,266,256
Business-type activities capital asset increases	\$ 2,673,008

<sup>\*</sup> Donations and contributed capital represent the conveyance of sewer infrastructure from the JPFA to the City's Sewer Fund as well as completed subdivisions, easements and infrastructure donated through developer agreements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 401,873
Public safety	1,468,978
Public works	9,842,010
Parks and recreation	456,600
Community development	8,628
Capital assets held by the government's internal	
service funds are charged to the various functions	
based on their usage of the assets	 1,737
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 12,179,826
Business-type activities:	
Sewer	\$ 4,579,689
Parking	183,832
Private Development	1,842
Airport	 1,224,146
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 5,989,509

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows

	 Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Reductions	Ending Balance		 Due within One Year	
Governmental Activities:								
Direct Borrowings								
Capital leases-direct financing	\$ 2,559,407	\$	870,306	\$	(391,700)	\$	3,038,013	\$ 512,357
Compensated absences	3,628,983		2,157,787		(2,029,832)		3,756,938	392,233
Self-insurance claims & settlements	 7,940,569		1,154,061		(1,776,975)		7,317,655	 2,177,493
Governmental activities								
long term liabilities	\$ 14,128,959	\$	4,182,154	\$	(4,198,507)	\$	14,112,606	\$ 3,082,083
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>								
Direct Borrowings								
Loans payable	\$ 35,899,606	\$	-	\$	(4,264,612)	\$	31,634,994	\$ 4,368,814
Compensated absences	371,535		227,300		(207,814)		391,021	40,824
Business-type activities	 							
long-term liabilities	\$ 36,271,141	\$	227,300	\$	(4,472,426)	\$	32,026,015	\$ 4,409,638

The City's outstanding capital leases from direct borrowings, secured by equipment, related to governmental activities of \$3,038,013 contain provisions that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the City is unable to make a payment, if the City is unable to pay the full balance all equipment is to be returned at the expense of the City.

The City's outstanding loans from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$31,634,994 contain a provision that in an event of default, the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due.

Type of Indebtedness (Purpose)	Maturity	Interest Rates	 Annual Installments	 Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:					
<u>Capital Leases</u>					
Oshkosh Capital	7/25/2024	2.46%	\$ 136,868	\$ 1,200,359	\$ 753,883
Oshkosh Capital	4/25/2025	2.80%	224,132	1,931,551	1,222,253
Tymco, Inc	12/15/2021	2.85%	99,899	472,572	191,571
Motorola Solutions, Inc.	11/1/2025	4.06%	145,322	870,306	870,306
Total governmental activities capital lease				4,474,788	3,038,013
Total governmental activities				\$ 4,474,788	\$ 3,038,013
Business-Type Activities:					
Loans Payable					
State Revolving Fund Loan Program	10/20/2020	2.60%	\$ 2,276,673	\$ 33,613,142	\$ 4,381,728
State Revolving Fund Loan Program	12/31/2029	2.40%	2,642,146	40,624,861	25,279,617
State Revolving Fund Loan Program	2/26/2030	1.00%	190,366	3,422,120	1,973,649
Total business-type activities loans payable				77,660,123	31,634,994
Total business-type activities				\$ 77,660,123	\$ 31,634,994

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities:  Direct financing Capital Leases	<u>Ar</u>	<u>mount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Lease payable to Oshkosh Capital; for a Pierce Arrow XT Quint Aerial Truck for the Fire Department; interest at 2.46%; due in annual installments on July 25, in the amount of \$136,868, including interest, through July 25, 2024. Original lease amount was \$1,200,359. Payments to be made from General Fund.	\$	753,883	
Lease payable to Oshkosh Capital; for three Pierce Velocity Pumpers for the Fire Department; interest at 2.80%; due in annual installments on April 22, in the amount of \$224,132, including interest, through April 25, 2025. Original lease amount was \$1,931,551. Payments to be made from General Fund.	1,	,222,253	
Lease payable to Tymco, Inc, for two Tymco model 600 Regenerative Air Sweepers for Public Works, interest at 2.85%; due in annual installments on December 15, in the amount of \$99,899. Original lease amount was \$472,572. Payments to be made 59% from General Fund and 41% from Street Maintenance Equipment Fund.		191,571	
Lease payable to Motorola, Inc, 130 All Band Digital Portable Radios for the police department. Interest is 4.060%, payments are in annual installments on November 1, in the amount of \$145,323 Original lease amount was \$870,305.76. Payments to be made from the General Fund.		870,306	
Total governmental activities capital leases			\$ 3,038,013
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities			\$ 3,038,013
Business-Type Activities:			
Direct borrowings			T
Direct borrowings  Loans Payable	<u>Ar</u>	<u>nount</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Direct borrowings		mount ,381,728	<u>Totals</u>
Direct borrowings Loans Payable  Loan payable to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program; for the 2000 upgrade of the Water Pollution Control Plant; interest at 2.60%; due in annual installments on October 20, in the amount of \$2,276,673, including interest, through October 20, 2020. Original loan amount was	\$ 4,		<u>Totals</u>
Direct borrowings Loans Payable  Loan payable to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program; for the 2000 upgrade of the Water Pollution Control Plant; interest at 2.60%; due in annual installments on October 20, in the amount of \$2,276,673, including interest, through October 20, 2020. Original loan amount was \$33,613,142.  Loan payable to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program; for the 2008 upgrade and expansion of the Water Pollution Control Plant. Interest on the loan is 2.40%; due in annual installments on December 31, in the amount of \$2,642,146, including interest, through December 31, 2029.	\$ 4,	,381,728	Totals
Direct borrowings Loans Payable  Loan payable to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program; for the 2000 upgrade of the Water Pollution Control Plant; interest at 2.60%; due in annual installments on October 20, in the amount of \$2,276,673, including interest, through October 20, 2020. Original loan amount was \$33,613,142.  Loan payable to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program; for the 2008 upgrade and expansion of the Water Pollution Control Plant. Interest on the loan is 2.40%; due in annual installments on December 31, in the amount of \$2,642,146, including interest, through December 31, 2029. Original loan amount was \$40,624,861.  Loan payable to the State Revolving Fund Loan Program; for the 2009 replacement of the existing outfall and diffuser at the Water Pollution Control Plant. Interest on the loan is 1.00%; due in installments on February 26, in the amount of \$190,366, including interest, through	\$ 4,	,381,728	\$ <u>Totals</u>

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Debt service requirements at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				 Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities
	Ca	apital Leases fro	m Direct	Financing	 Loans from Di	rect	Borrowings
Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2020	\$	512,357	\$	93,864	\$ 4,368,814	\$	740,372
2021		527,782		78,439	4,475,602		633,584
2022		443,788		62,534	2,308,368		524,144
2023		457,343		48,979	2,361,332		471,180
2024		471,329		34,993	2,415,543		416,970
2025-2029		625,414		26,231	12,936,632		1,225,932
2030					 2,768,703	_	63,810
Total	\$	3,038,013	\$	345,040	\$ 31,634,994	\$	4,075,992

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when all terms of the lease agreement are met.

	Interest Rate	Present Value at June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:		
Fire Department Tiller Truck	2.46%	\$ 753,883
Fire Department Pumpers (3)	2.80%	1,222,253
Sweepers (2)	2.85%	191,571
Radios	4.06%	870,306
Total Capital Lease Obligations		\$ 3,038,013
capital lease are as follows:		Governmental Activities
Equipment		\$ 4,474,788
Less: accumulated amortization		 (347,118)
Net Value		\$ 4,127,670
As of June 30, 2019, capital lease annual amortization are as follows:		Governmental
Vear ending June 30:		Activities

Year ending June 30:	 Activities
2020	\$ 606,222
2021	606,222
2022	506,322
2023	506,322
2024	506,322
2025-2029	651,644
Total requirements	3,383,054
Less interest	(345,041)
Present value of remaining payments	\$ 3,038,013

Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

### Due From/To Other Funds

Amounts due from/to other funds at June 30, 2019

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
Internal Service Funds	Capital Grants Fund	\$	1,051,645
	Total Due From/Due	\$	1,051,645

Due from/to other funds typically result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made, or (4) revenue earned by the Fund is not received until just after the end of the fiscal year, normally 60 days. All of these due from/to balances are anticipated to be paid back completely within the next fiscal year.

### Advances To/From Other Funds

Advances from /to other funds at June 30, 2019

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	1,721,793
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		363,178
	Total Advances	\$	2,084,971

All advances are due to cash deficits as listed for each payable fund. In addition, no formal borrowing arrangements exist. Finally, all payable funds may be unable to repay the advance within the next fiscal year.

Development Impact Fee Funds: Four Development Impact Fee Funds require a total of \$1,672,470 in cash advances. Deficits in the funds occurred due to a former practice of capital spending prior to the collection of fees. For the three largest cash deficits, repayment (collection of impact fee revenue) is estimated to take approximately 20-25 years from the time of the purchase and construction of the buildings and land. Although the deficits are significant, management has analyzed the nexus between the projects and fee recovery and has determined that recovery of future revenue is estimated to be sufficient to cover existing deficits. During fiscal year 2018-19, the three Funds recovered \$1,941,128 of the prior cash deficit. However, if future revenue is not sufficient, it is likely the general Fund will be responsible for any remaining deficits. The advances do not have formal borrowing agreements but are allowable in accordance with State law and City fiscal policies.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY (Continued)

### Transfers From/To Other Funds

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers from/to other funds as of June 30, 2019:

Transfer From	Transfer To	_	Amount		
General Fund	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,748,898		
	Enterprise Funds				
		1,250,000			
	Subtotal	_	4,712,701		
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	_	2,200,000		
	Enterprise Funds		49,083		
	Subtotal	_	2,249,083		
Enterprise Funds	General Fund	_	135,618		
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		432,036		
	Enterprise Funds		32,634		
	Subtotal	_	600,288		
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	_	1,041,455		
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		38,166		
	Subtotal	_	1,079,621		
		_			
	Total Transfers	\$	8,641,693		

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenue.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

### A. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The following is a detailed schedule of the Governmental Funds fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2019:

	 General	CD	BG & HOME Housing	Capital Grants	Inc	w & Moderate come Housing Asset Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances (deficit): Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	\$ 64,056	\$	2,042	\$ _	\$	47	\$	2,963	\$	69,108
1	 64,056		2,042	_		47		2,963		69,108
Restricted	<u> </u>							<u> </u>		
Capital projects	-		-	-		-		26,820,716		26,820,716
Housing	-		7,584,514	-		56,448,560		-		64,033,074
Transportation related projects	-		-	-		-		4,637,387		4,637,387
Maintenance districts	-		-	-		-		3,712,658		3,712,658
Other purposes	-		-	-		-		629,881		629,881
Police officer salary grant	500,000		-	-		-		-		500,000
Setion 115 Trust	 1,331,389		_							1,331,389
	 1,831,389		7,584,514	 		56,448,560		35,800,642		101,665,105
Committed										
Committed Compensated absences	940,196									940,196
Donations	247,616		-	-		-		-		247,616
Emergency contingencies	3,829,257		-	-		-		-		3,829,257
Emergency contingencies	 5,017,069			 						5,017,069
	 3,017,009			 <u>-</u>			_		_	3,017,009
Assigned										
Equipment replacement	-		-	-		-		2,764,216		2,764,216
Capital projects	3,451,683		-	-		-		1,456,427		4,908,110
Remediation	-		-	-		-		10,983		10,983
Subsequent year budget	2,150,120		-	-		-		-		2,150,120
	5,601,803					-		4,231,626		9,833,429
Unassigned	7.760.50 <b>7</b>									5.500.505
General Fund	7,769,537		-	-		-		(55.100)		7,769,537
Special Revenue Funds	-		(2.042)	-		-		(77,109)		(77,109)
Debt Service Funds	-		(2,042)	(010.020)		-		(1, (70, 470)		(2,042)
Capital Projects Funds	 		- (2.042)	 (919,928)				(1,672,470)		(2,592,398)
	 7,769,537		(2,042)	 (919,928)				(1,749,579)		5,097,988
Total fund balances (deficit)	\$ 20,283,854	\$	7,584,514	\$ (919,928)	\$	56,448,607	\$	38,285,652	\$	121,682,699

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### B. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The Funds listed below reported deficit fund balances or net position on June 30, 2019:

Fund	Deficit Fund Balance
Private Development Fund	\$ (6,291,072)
Capital Grants Fund	(919,928)
Operating Grants Fund	(77,109)
Bidwell Park Land Acquisition Fund	(1,007,582)
Administrative Building Fund	(534,608)
Zone J Neighborhood Parks	(130,280)
Central Garage Fund	(2,478,832)
Municipal Building Maintenance Fund	(1,789,538)
Information Services Fund	(3,682,616)
Total Deficit Funds	\$ (16,911,565)

**Private** 

### **Development Fund**

The Net Position of the Private Development Fund has a deficit largely due to the recording of the net pension liability under GASB No. 68 and the OPEB liability under GASB No. 75.

### Capital Grants Fund Deficit

The Capital Grants Capital Projects Fund deficit represents grant expenditures that had not been reimbursed by granting agencies within the 60-day period of availability for which corresponding revenues have not been recognized. The deficit amount is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on the Fund's Balance Sheet. Projects are invoiced at completion and expenditures are subject to audit by the granting agencies. Collection of reimbursements can take several years.

### Central Garage, Municipal Building Maintenance, Self Insurance and Information Service Internal Service Funds

The Net Position of Internal Service Funds have a deficit largely due to the recording of the net pension liability under GASB No. 68 and the OPEB liability under GASB No. 75. Actuarial estimates for future claims reserve contributed to a deficit in the Self Insurance Fund.

### Other Deficits

The remaining fund deficits represent development impact fee funds that have constructed infrastructure projects prior to the collection of impact fees. These funds by their nature are created in a way that total fees collected/earned over the life of each fund should be adequate to cover total expenses. As a result, future revenue should cover the deficits over the life of each impact fee fund. However, failure by each fund to recover future revenue necessary to reduce each fund deficits may result in remaining deficits becoming an obligation of the General Fund.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

### C. OTHER FUND DISCLOSURES

The following funds had an excess of expenditures over appropriations on June 30, 2019:

General Fund Department	nditures over propriations
Public works department	\$ 143,949
Community development department	51,963
Arts & Culture	 27,132
Total Deficit Funds	\$ 223,044

### D. RESTRICTED COMPONENTS OF NET POSITION

The restricted components of net position are assets that are subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted for Capital Assets Capital projects		\$ 26,820,716
Restricted for Housing Affordable housing loans CDBG housing loans	7,584,514 56,448,560	64,033,074
Restricted for Transportation		4,637,387
Restricted for Maintenance Districts Maintenance districts		3,712,658
Restricted for Telecommunications Equipment Telecommunications equipment		464,755
Restricted for Abandoned Vehicle Program Abandoned vehicle program		100,731
Restricted for Public Safety Public safety		500,000
Restricted for Section 115 Trust		1,331,389
Restricted for Other Purposes		 64,395
Total restricted component of net position - governmental activities		\$ 101,665,105

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City established the general liability and workers' compensation liability funds (self-insurance funds) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the general liability program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000 for each general liability claim, and the workers' compensation program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$750,000 for each workers' compensation claim.

#### Workers' Compensation Insurance

The workers' compensation program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$750,000 per occurrence. The City purchases excess insurance to cover losses over \$750,000 up to State statutory limits.

The claims liability reported in the self-insurance fund at June 30, 2019, is based on the requirements of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 30, which require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's provision of \$6,119,471 for insurance losses through June 30, 2019 represents the estimated cost of settling self-insurance liability claims. The provision for insurance losses was established by an outside actuary using accepted actuarial methods. These methods consider case-basis reserves established by the City, the rate of loss development on older claims, the effects of IBNR claims and the effects of inflation and other economic factors to determine ultimate cost.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability are as follows:

				Current Year			
	(	Claims Liability		Claims and	Current Year	Claims Liability	Current
		July 1	Ch	anges in Estimate	 Payments	 June 30	 Portion
2017-18	\$	7,392,989	\$	760,501	\$ (1,508,859)	\$ 6,644,631	\$ 1,538,618
2018-19		6,644,631		991,197	(1,516,357)	6,119,471	1,538,618

#### General Liability Insurance

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (Authority) for liability insurance purposes. The Authority is comprised of California member cities and special districts organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of self-insurance and insurance for the pooling of losses and to purchase excess liability coverage. The Board of Directors consists of representatives from each member entity, with an Executive Committee consisting of the President and Vice President elected by the Directors every two years, and Executive Committee non-officer positions filled by a permanent rotation list every two years. Annual deposits are paid by member entities and may be adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City self-insures the first \$500,000 of each loss.

Participating entities share in loss occurrences in excess of \$500,000 or \$1,000,000 and up to \$5,000,000, and purchase insurance to provide additional coverage up to \$40,000,000. The auto/general liability program of the Authority provides coverage for comprehensive general liability, personal injury, employment practices liability (\$6,000,000 sublimit), contractual liability, errors and omissions, and auto liability. The City also participates in the Authority's auto physical damage program which provides property damage coverage for vehicles, with a \$10,000 deductible for vehicles, and in the Authority's property insurance program which provides property

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

and boiler & machinery coverage with a \$25,000 deductible per occurrence.

Premium payments by member entities are planned to match expenses of insurance premiums for coverage in excess of the self-insured amount, estimated claims resulting from self-insurance programs and Authority operating expenses. Total premiums paid to the Authority during the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$353,895.

The claims liability reported in the Self Insurance Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2019, was also based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, as described. The City's provision of \$1,198,184 for insurance losses represents the estimated cost of settling self-insurance liability claims.

Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

			(	Current Year				
	(	Claims Liability		Claims and	Current Year	C	laims Liability	Current
		July 1	Cha	nges in Estimate	 Payments		June 30	 Portion
2017-18	\$	1,486,185	\$	1,092,435	\$ (390,714)	\$	1,295,938	\$ 638,875
2018-19		1,295,938		162,864	(260,618)		1,198,184	638,875

#### 10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits and has other claims pending, some of which seek substantial monetary damages. Some claims may not be covered under the City's excess liability insurance policy; however, management is of the opinion that the potential liability would not have a significant adverse effect on the City's financial position.

#### **Grant Programs**

The City participates in a number of federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by grantors or their representatives. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City's management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material.

#### Construction and Other Commitments

The City has commitments of \$9,038,078 in the Capital Grants Fund for contracts awarded but not completed as of June 30, 2019. The major contracts outstanding are \$205,249 for Bruce Road Reconstruction, \$89,921 for Bicycle Path Improvements, and \$2,060,930 for Southeast Trunk Sewer Project.

Business-type commitments of \$2,645,695 are for Airport Improvement Grant funds committed to Reconstructing Taxiway A and Cross Taxiways.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Summary of Pension Plan Balances

Pension related balances presented on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019 by individual plan are described in the following table:

	_	Deferred Outflows- Pension	_	Net Pension Liability	_	Deferred Inflows- Pension	_	Pension Expense
CALPERS Miscellaneous Agent Multiple Employer Plan	\$	8,723,510	\$	(63,087,725)	\$	(1,680,013)	\$	7,424,948
CALPERS Safety Agent Multiple Employer Plan		13,829,994		(68,543,752)		(3,123,506)		8,606,777
Total	\$	22,553,504	\$	(131,631,477)	\$	(4,803,519)	\$	16,031,725

#### General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and may be amended by City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic and PEPRA safety CalPERS members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA CalPERS miscellaneous members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

		Miscellaneous	
Hire Date	Classic	Classic	PEPRA - on or after January 1, 2013
Formula	2% @ 55	3% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	60	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	2.000%	3.000%	2.000%
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%	8.000%	6.750%
Required employer contribution rates	12.815%	12.815%	12.815%
		S	afety
Hire Date		Classic	PEPRA - on or after January 1, 2013
Formula		3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule		5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments		monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age		50	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary		3.000%	2.700%
Required employee contribution rates		9.000%	12.000%
Required employer contribution rates		21.016%	21.016%

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows: *Employees Covered* – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	324	228
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	168	62
Active employees	203	148
Total	695	438

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuations process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions by the City for the Miscellaneous Plan were \$5,299,890 and for the Safety Plan \$6,289,265.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

*Actuarial Assumptions* – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety			
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017			
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018			
Actuarial Cost Method	Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Meth				
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%			
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%			
Payroll Growth	3.00%	3.00%			
Projected Salary Increase	3.30% to 14.20%	3.30% to 14.20% (1)			
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.15%			

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of a CalPERS experience study for the period of 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment, expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, CalPERS took into account both short term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical rates of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are the same for each Plan and are summarized in the table on the next page.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Asset Class	Assumed Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10	Real Return Years 11+
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%, unchanged from the June 30, 2018 measurement date. To determine whether the municipal bond rates should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB No. 68 section. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment, expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan for the measurement date of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
Miscellaneous Plan:	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)				
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$183,025,742	\$119,359,291	\$63,666,451				
Changes in the year:							
Service Cost	2,702,893	-	2,702,893				
Interest on the total pension liability	12,817,844	-	12,817,844				
Differences between actual and expected experience	792,512	-	792,512				
Changes in assumptions	(1,220,368)	-	(1,220,368)				
Plan to plan resource movement	-	(293)	293				
Contribution - employer	-	4,892,157	(4,892,157)				
Contribution - employee	-	1,211,601	(1,211,601)				
Projected earnings on investments	-	10,107,344	(10,107,344)				
Miscellaneous income (expense)		(353,207)	353,207				
Administrative expenses	-	(185,995)	185,995				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(9,357,597)	(9,357,597)	-				
Net changes	5,735,284	6,314,010	(578,726)				
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$188,761,026	\$125,673,301	\$63,087,725				
Safety Plan:	Total Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)				
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$216,101,557	\$145,675,004	\$70,426,553				
Changes in the year:	, ,						
Service Cost	4,390,653	-	4,390,653				
Interest on the total pension liability	15,059,804	-	15,059,804				
Differences between actual and expected experience	(1,573,264)	-	(1,573,264)				
Changes in assumptions	(1,049,800)	-	(1,049,800)				
Plan to plan resource movement	-	(359)	359				
Contribution - employer	-	5,601,393	(5,601,393)				
Contribution - employee	-	1,542,571	(1,542,571)				
Projected earnings on investments	-	12,224,670	(12,224,670)				
Administrative expenses	-	(227,002)	227,002				
Miscellaneous income (expense)		(431,079)	431,079				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(10,094,391)	(10,094,391)					
Net changes	6,733,002	8,615,803	(1,882,801)				
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$222,834,559	\$154,290,807	\$68,543,752				
Total of all plans	\$411,595,585	\$279,964,108	\$131,631,477				

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 87,019,372 \$	100,213,180 \$	187,232,552
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 63,087,725 \$	68,543,752 \$	131,631,477
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 43,198,892 \$	42,727,977 \$	85,926,869

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about each pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$16,031,725. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Plan				
	D	eferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	5,299,890	\$	-	
Differences between actual and expected experience		509,472		(895,491)	
Changes in assumption		2,581,170		(784,522)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		332,978		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	8,723,510	\$	(1,680,013)	

	Safety Plan			
	De	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	6,289,264	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		57,357		(2,036,251)
Changes in assumption		6,932,498		(1,087,255)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		550,875		
Total	\$	13,829,994	\$	(3,123,506)
Total of all plans	\$	22,553,504	\$	(4,803,519)

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The amounts of \$5,299,890 for the Miscellaneous plan, and \$\$6,289,265 for the safety plan reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Miscellaneous	 Safety	 Total
2020	\$ 3,094,021	\$ 3,188,155	\$ 6,282,176
2021	228,056	2,455,943	2,683,999
2022	(1,235,171)	(837,660)	(2,072,831)
2023	(343,299)	 (389,214)	 (732,513)
	\$ 1,743,607	\$ 4,417,224	\$ 6,160,831

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (OPEB)

**Plan Description** - The City of Chico Retiree Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The plan allows retirees the option to participate in the City's group medical insurance plan, which covers both active and retired participants. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The City of Chico is the governing authority over the plan.

**Benefits Provided** - The premium amount retirees pay is a blended rate for covering both active and retired OPEB Plan members. Retirees participating in the City's medical insurance plan pay the full premium. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended through agreements and memorandums of understanding between the City, its non-represented employees, and the unions representing City employees. Employees are eligible to participate in the City's Retiree Healthcare Plan if they retire directly from the City under CalPERS and pay the full premium. Since premiums are determined for actives and retirees on a combined basis, an implied subsidy must be reflected under GASB 75.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms -

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	76
Active employees	<u> 297</u>
Total membership	<u>373</u>

**Total OPEB Liability** – The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	3.87%
Inflation	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	3.25%
Mortality	Based on CalPERS tables (*)
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.50% trending down to 5.00% in later years

<sup>\*</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 year mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the CalPERS 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS website.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (OPEB) (Continued)

The discount rate of 3.58 percent is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index at June 30, 2018. Mortality rates were taken from the 2014 CalPERS OPEB Assumptions Model

Changes in Total OPEB Liability	Total	Total OPEB liability	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	9,808,658	
Changes for the year			
Service Cost		390,946	
Interest		346,132	
Differences between actual and expected experience		(1,869,037)	
Changes in assumptions		(252,572)	
Benefit payments		(280,350)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,664,881)	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	8,143,777	

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.87%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate.

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% Decrease (2.87%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$9,057,660
Current Discount Rate (3.87%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$8,143,777
1% Increase (4.87%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$7,344,251

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.0% to 4.8%) or 1-percentage point higher (6.0% to 6.8%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% Decrease (4.0% to 4.5%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$7,271,172
Assumed Rate (5.00% to 5.5%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$8,143,777
1% Increase (6.0% to 6.5%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$9,158,240

*OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB*— For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$452,405. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	 of Resources		of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	1,700,654	
Changes of Assumptions	-		1,090,350	
OPEB benefits provided susequent to measurement date	262,526			
	\$ 262,526	\$	2,791,004	

The \$262,526 reported as deferred outflow of resources relates to benefits provided by the City subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ (284,672)
2021	(284,672)
2022	(284,672)
2023	(284,672)
2024	(284,672)
Thereafter	 (1,367,644)
Total	\$ (2,791,004)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill X1 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

Due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The following components of this footnote document the Successor Agency's capital assets and long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2019.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS - LAND**

As of June 30, 2019, the Successor Agency owns six parcels of land with a cost of \$1,667,105. During the year three lots were sold for \$761,793. The remaining land will be utilized for a public purpose at a time to be determined by the Successor Agency's Oversight Board.

#### LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2019, the balances of the Successor Agency long-term obligations are presented below:

		Beginning Balance			]	Ending Balance	Due within
	June 30, 2018		e 30, 2018 Deductions			June 30, 2019	One Year
2017 Successor Agency to the							
Chico RDA Tax Allocation							
Refunding Bonds Series A	\$	65,475,000	\$	-	\$	65,475,000	\$ 2,590,000
2017 Successor Agency to the							
Chico RDA Tax Allocation							
Refunding Bonds Series B		6,750,000		(4,605,000)		2,145,000	 2,145,000
Successor Agency long-term liabilities	\$	72,225,000	\$	(4,605,000)	\$	67,620,000	\$ 4,735,000

#### **Successor Agency Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds**

A deferred amount on refunding of \$475,793 was recognized with the issuance of the bonds. The unamortized balance at June 30, 2019, was \$425,710 and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

#### LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Successor Agency Long-term Liabilities

<u>Direct Placements</u>

Revenue Bonds

2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A (2017 TABS Series A)
were issued in the amount of \$65,475,000 for the purpose of refunding the

were issued in the amount of \$65,475,000 for the purpose of refunding the outstanding 2001 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, the 2005 Tax Allocation Bonds, and the 2007 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. Interest rates for the term of the 2017 TABS Series A is 2.82%. Payments are due in semi-annual installemnts on October 1 and April 1 through April 1, 2032.

\$65,475,000

2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series B (2017 TABS Series B) were issued in the amount of \$12,435,000 for the purpose of partially refunding the outstanding 2001 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds. Interest rates for the term of the 2017 TABS Series B is 2.81%. Payments are due in semi-annual installemnts on October 1 and April 1 through April 1, 2020.

2,145,000

Total Successor Agency long-term liabilities

\$67,620,000

The following is a schedule of total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2019 for the tax allocation bonds:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		 Total
2020	\$	4,735,000	\$	1,906,670	\$ 6,641,670
2021		4,860,000		1,773,357	6,633,357
2022		4,665,000		1,636,305	6,301,305
2023		4,795,000 1,504,		1,504,752	6,299,752
2024		4,925,000		1,369,533	6,294,533
2025-2029		26,080,000		4,730,127	30,810,127
2030-2032		17,560,000		999,690	18,559,690
Total	\$	67,620,000	\$	13,920,434	\$ 81,540,434

The Successor Agency's outstanding bond debt from direct placements includes a priority pledge of "Tax Increment Revenues" allocated to the Successor Agency by the Butte County Auditor Controller. The Successor Agency is prohibited from entering any new enforceable obligations which are secured by a lien on this pledged collateral.

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Miscellaneous
- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Safety
- Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous
- Schedule of Contributions Safety
- Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget to Actual, (General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds):
  - General Fund
  - CDBG and HOME Housing Fund
  - Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

#### ${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ CHANGES\ IN\ NET\ PENSION\ LIABILITY\ AND\ RELATED\ RATIOS\ (UNAUDITED)}$

#### CalPERS MISCELLANEOUS RETIREMENT PLAN

#### LAST TEN YEARS\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$2,702,893	\$2,762,977	\$2,352,654	\$2,441,836	\$3,139,806
Interest	12,817,844	12,410,522	12,292,564	12,098,168	11,852,134
Differences between expected and actual experience	792,512	(3,454,037)	(3,764,124)	(3,748,881)	-
Changes in assumptions	(1,220,368)	9,955,942	-	(2,850,219)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(9,357,597)	(8,680,046)	(8,251,225)	(8,129,122)	(7,723,542)
Net change in total pension liability	5,735,284	12,995,358	2,629,869	(188,218)	7,268,398
Total pension liability beginning	183,025,742	170,030,384	167,400,515	167,588,733	160,320,335
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$188,761,026	\$183,025,742	\$170,030,384	\$167,400,515	\$167,588,733
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$4,892,157	\$4,835,288	\$3,774,160	\$3,273,509	\$3,326,062
Contributions - employee	1,211,601	1,042,124	960,903	950,096	991,678
Net investment income	10,107,344	12,216,475	574,677	2,533,100	17,333,730
Plan to plan resource movement	(293)	12,210,475	(3,366)	3,313	17,333,730
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	( )		(= ,= = = )	- /	
contributions	(9,357,597)	(8,680,046)	(8,251,225)	(8,129,122)	(7,723,542)
Administrative Expense	(185,995)	(162,567)	(68,942)	(127,469)	=
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(353,207)	=	=	-	-
Net change in fiduciary net position	6,314,010	9,251,274	(3,013,793)	(1,496,573)	13,927,928
Plan fiduciary net position beginning	119,359,291	110,108,017	113,121,810	114,618,383	100,690,455
Plan fiduciary net position ending (b)	\$125,673,301	\$119,359,291	\$110,108,017	\$113,121,810	\$114,618,383
					_
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$63,087,725	\$63,666,451	\$59,922,367	\$54,278,705	\$52,970,350
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
pension liability	66.58%	65.21%	64.76%	67.58%	68.39%
Covered payroll	\$12,101,584	\$12,743,802	\$12,095,926	\$11,927,104	\$14,799,933
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	521.56%	499.59%	495.39%	455.09%	357.91%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) Caipers safety retirement plan

#### LAST TEN YEARS\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$4,390,653	\$4,563,295	\$3,944,837	\$4,060,125	\$4,587,446
Interest	15,059,804	14,578,548	13,926,474	13,452,675	12,801,088
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,573,264)	105,155	(2,584,243)	(602,213)	-
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(1,049,800)	12,709,578	-	(3,450,890)	- (5.400.001)
contributions	(10,094,391)	(9,308,811)	(8,981,039)	(8,373,881)	(7,428,081)
Net change in total pension liability	6,733,002	22,647,765	6,306,029	5,085,816	9,960,453
Total pension liability beginning	216,101,557	193,453,792	187,147,763	182,061,947	172,101,494
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$222,834,559	\$216,101,557	\$193,453,792	\$187,147,763	\$182,061,947
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$5,601,393	\$5,349,238	\$4,852,766	\$4,398,219	\$4,361,304
Contributions - employee	1,542,571	1,550,187	1,404,504	1,236,718	1,260,761
Net investment income	12,224,670	14,750,340	663,425	2,981,880	20,361,356
Plan to plan resource movement Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(359)	-	3,366	(3,313)	-
contributions	(10,094,391)	(9,308,811)	(8,981,039)	(8,373,881)	(7,428,081)
Administrative Expense	(227,002)	(197,150)	(82,684)	(152,694)	-
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(431,079)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Net change in fiduciary net position	8,615,803	12,143,804	(2,139,662)	86,929	18,555,340
Plan fiduciary net position beginning	145,675,004	133,531,200	135,670,862	135,583,933	117,028,593
Plan fiduciary net position ending (b)	\$154,290,807	\$145,675,004	\$133,531,200	\$135,670,862	\$135,583,933
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$68,543,752	\$70,426,553	\$59,922,592	\$51,476,901	\$46,478,014
rect pension hability chaing (a) - (b)	\$00,343,732	\$70,420,333	\$37,722,372	\$31,470,701	\$40,470,014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
pension liability	69.24%	67.41%	69.02%	72.49%	74.47%
Covered payroll	\$13,938,580	\$14,048,439	\$14,048,202	\$14,089,826	\$15,179,163
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	491.76%	501.31%	426.55%	365.35%	306.20%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

## CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED) CaIPERS MISCELLANEOUS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN YEARS\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Actuarially determined contributions  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$5,299,889 (5,299,889)	\$4,898,914 (4,898,914)	\$4,840,128 (4,840,128)	\$3,774,896 (3,774,896)	\$3,273,509 (3,273,509)	
Covered payroll	\$12,095,926	\$12,101,584	\$12,743,802	\$12,095,926	\$11,927,104	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll	43.82%	40.50%	37.98%	31.21%	27.45%	
Notes to Schedule						
Valuation date:	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:						
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal co	st method				
Amortization method	Level percent of pay	roll				
Average remaining period	29 Years as of the va	aluation date				
Asset valuation method	Market Value					
Inflation	2.50%					
Salary Increase	3.30% to 14.20% de	pending on age, ser	rvice and type of er	nployment		
Payroll Growth	3.00%					
Discount Rate	7.15%					
Retirement age	50 or 57 years depen	ding on type of em	ployment and entr	y date		
Mortality	The probabilities of	mortality are based	on the 2010 CalPI	ERS experience stud	dy	
	for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality					

rates include five years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA.

st Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED) Calpers SAFETY RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN YEARS\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contributions  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$6,289,265 (6,289,265)	\$5,618,264 (5,618,264)	\$5,352,995 (5,352,995)	\$4,943,984 (4,943,984)	\$4,398,219 (4,398,219)
Covered payroll	\$13,715,620	\$13,938,580	\$14,048,439	\$14,048,202	\$14,089,826
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	45.85%	40.31%	38.10%	35.19%	31.22%
Notes to Schedule					
Valuation date:	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method
Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Average remaining period 29 Years as of the valuation date

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service and type of employment

Payroll Growth 3.00% Discount Rate 7.15%

Retirement age 50 or 57 years depending on type of employment and entry date

Mortality

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include five years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS\*

	2019	2018
Measurement Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$390,946	\$411,300
Interest	346,132	292,769
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,869,037)	-
Changes in assumptions	(252,572)	(1,047,604)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(280,350)	(240,838)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,664,881)	(584,373)
Total OPEB liability beginning	9,808,658	10,393,031
Total OPEB liability ending	\$8,143,777	\$9,808,658
Covered employee payroll	\$25,811,546	\$25,211,635
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	31.55%	38.91%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years ares shown.

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	ed Amo	ounts		
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 15,512,731	\$	16,513,146	\$ 16,750,026	\$ 236,880
Sales and use taxes	22,189,153		22,639,153	25,173,855	2,534,702
Other taxes	13,134,000		13,940,225	15,070,392	1,130,167
Licenses and permits	90,700		90,700	138,578	47,878
Intergovernmental	425,585		1,237,875	1,490,912	253,037
Charges for services	194,000		294,000	123,534	(170,466)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	754,000		754,000	867,193	113,193
Use of money and property	187,271		195,245	431,882	236,637
Miscellaneous	 127,000		210,909	 1,141,422	 930,513
Total revenues	 52,614,440		55,875,253	 61,187,794	 5,312,541
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Administrative services department	1,932,393		1,899,283	1,898,613	670
City attorney department	638,339		638,339	423,531	214,808
City clerk department	916,326		1,000,805	944,355	56,450
City manager department	2,109,513		2,112,752	1,933,913	178,839
Less - indirect costs	 (1,944,011)		(1,944,011)	 (1,944,011)	 450.767
General government	 3,652,560		3,707,168	 3,256,401	 450,767
Police department	25,765,560		25,603,924	25,289,569	314,355
Fire department	 13,096,043		14,173,052	 13,515,563	 657,489
Public safety	 38,861,603		39,776,976	 38,805,132	 971,844
Public works department	 4,204,102		4,069,899	 4,213,848	 (143,949)
Parks department	 3,357,536		3,367,696	 3,290,038	 77,658
Community development department	 1,041,375		1,081,651	 1,133,614	 (51,963)
Arts & Culture	 			 27,132	 (27,132)
Community agencies	 		15,000	 2,292	 12,708
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay - Operations	1,554,407		5,099,460	715,955	4,383,505
Capital outlay - Capital leases	-		-	870,306	(870,306)
Debit Service:					
Principal retirement	327,140		327,140	337,525	(10,385)
Interest and fiscal charges	 74,818		92,523	 82,137	 10,386
Total expenditures	 53,073,541		57,537,513	 52,734,380	 4,803,133
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	/4== -= ::		,, , , ,	0.4	10.44
(under) expenditures	 (459,101)		(1,662,260)	 8,453,414	 10,115,674

Continued on next page

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Continued from previous page

	Budgete	d An	nounts		
	Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	2,321,790		3,363,245	3,377,073	13,828
Transfers out	(3,535,275)		(5,085,443)	(4,712,701)	372,742
Capital leases	 			 870,306	 870,306
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,213,485)		(1,722,198)	 (465,322)	 1,256,876
Net change in fund balance	(1,672,586)		(3,384,458)	7,988,092	11,372,550
Fund balance, beginning of year	12,295,762		12,295,762	12,295,762	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,623,176	\$	8,911,304	\$ 20,283,854	\$ 11,372,550

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG AND HOME HOUSING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	ounts			
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Other taxes	458,247		1,274,360		-	(1,274,360)
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,111,289	\$	1,372,212	\$	1,288,036	\$ (84,176)
Use of money and property	320		320		16,950	16,630
Miscellaneous	 4,840		4,840			 (4,840)
Total revenues	 1,574,696		2,651,732		1,304,986	 (1,346,746)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development	306,637		306,637		550,595	(243,958)
Capital outlay	 1,617,067		2,628,412		688,574	 1,939,838
Total expenditures	 1,923,704		2,935,049		1,239,169	 1,695,880
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(349,008)		(283,317)		65,817	349,134
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	 37,372		37,372			 (37,372)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 37,372		37,372			 (37,372)
Net change in fund balance	(311,636)		(245,945)		65,817	311,762
Fund balance, beginning of year	 7,518,697		7,518,697		7,518,697	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,207,061	\$	7,272,752	\$	7,584,514	\$ 311,762

## CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				
	_	Original Final		Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Other taxes	\$	17,971	\$	17,971	\$	18,887	\$	916
Charges for services		-		-		1,440		1,440
Use of money and property		170,000		170,000		488,493		318,493
Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000				(30,000)
Total revenues		217,971		217,971		508,820	_	290,849
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community development		293,046		293,046		309,283		(16,237)
Capital outlay		215,000		705,000		<u> </u>		705,000
Total expenditures		508,046		998,046		309,283		688,763
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(290,075)		(780,075)		199,537		979,612
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(37,372)	_	(37,372)	_		_	37,372
Total other financing sources (uses)		(37,372)		(37,372)				37,372
Net change in fund balance		(327,447)		(817,447)		199,537		1,016,984
Fund balance, beginning of year		56,249,070		56,249,070		56,249,070		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	55,921,623	\$	55,431,623	\$	56,448,607	\$	1,016,984

#### CITY OF CHICO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The annual operating budget is adopted by the City Council on or before the first meeting in July each year on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as noted below. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and activity. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revision that exceeds the appropriated expenditures on any fund requires approval by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. Outside of the General Fund, all funds are one department.

Original appropriations are adjusted by supplemental appropriations and budget modifications approved during the year, creating the modified adopted budget.

The General Fund does not budget for non-cash transfers including transfers of loans and transfers used to cover other Funds' fund balance deficits and capital lease transactions.

Budgetary comparisons and reconciliations are included in Required Supplementary Information as Schedules of Revenue and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, for the General Fund, CDBG and HOME Housing Fund and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISONS

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget to Actual (Major Capital Projects Funds):

• Capital Grants Fund

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### CAPITAL GRANTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	Amounts				
					Actual		Variance with
		Original		Final	 Amounts		Final Budget
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	4,454,520	\$	19,109,816	\$ 3,675,516	\$	(15,434,300)
Total revenues	_	4,454,520	_	19,109,816	 3,675,516		(15,434,300)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		-		-	247,038		(247,038)
Capital outlay		4,454,520		15,800,256	1,038,844		14,761,412
Total expenditures		4,454,520		15,800,256	 1,285,882		14,514,374
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		-	_	3,309,560	 2,389,634		(29,948,675)
Net change in fund balance		-		3,309,560	2,389,634		(29,948,675)
Fund balance, beginning of year		(3,309,562)		(3,309,562)	 (3,309,562)	-	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(3,309,562)	\$	(2)	\$ (919,928)	\$	(29,948,675)

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### **Operating Grants**

Accounts for a variety of governmental operating grants, including law enforcement grants. These funds are restricted to be used only for the purpose of the grants.

#### **Community Maintenance Districts**

Accounts for maintenance and operation of specified public improvements. These funds are restricted to be used only for the maintenance districts.

#### **Transportation**

Accounts for Transportation Development Act (TDA) funding for the planning, development, construction and maintenance of street/road and bicycle/pedestrian projects. These funds are restricted to be used only for allowable TDA activities.

#### Gas Tax

Accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 for administration, maintenance, and construction which is street-related and Transportation Congestion Relief monies. Also accounts for federal funds allocated for street maintenance and rehabilitation, and right-of-way acquisition, maintenance, construction, street sweeping, and improvement of street facilities, from the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century. All gas tax funds are restricted to be used only as allowed within the Streets and Highway Code and federal regulations.

#### **Other Special Revenue**

Accounts for comparatively smaller special revenue funds including traffic safety, asset forfeiture, private activity revenue bond reserve administration and assessment district administration fund. These funds are restricted to be used for allowable activities as listed.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

#### **Capital Improvements**

Accounts for various capital improvements - building/facility improvements, passenger facility charges, in lieu offsite improvements, Liberator Street remediation and sewer main installation.

#### **Bond Proceeds Fund**

Accounts for the transfer of bond proceeds from the 2001 Chico Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds and 2005 Chico Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bond that are to be used by the City for purposes for which all bonds were sold. The transfer and use of the proceeds is allowed by provisions of AB 1484 (Redevelopment Dissolution).

#### Fleet Replacement and Facility Maintenance

Accounts for accumulation of reserves and expenditures for major equipment replacement and major building and facility maintenance.

#### Remediation

Accounts for transactions related to clean up of various remediation sites within the City.

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** (Continued)

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS** (Continued)

#### Fire Protection Building and Equipment Development Impact Fee

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for site acquisition, improvement and equipping of fire protection buildings and facilities, and acquisition and improvement of fire protection equipment.

#### **Bidwell Park Land Acquisition Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition of unimproved parkland sites adjacent to Bidwell Park.

#### **Administrative Building Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for site acquisition, construction, and equipping of administrative building facilities.

#### **Street Facility Improvement Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for right of way acquisition, construction and improvement of street facilities.

#### Zone J Neighborhood Development Impact Fee

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone J (Central East Chico - between Big Chico Creek and Lindo Channel form SHR 99 to Manzanita Avenue).

#### **Bikeway Improvement Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for right of way acquisition, construction, and improvement of bicycle facilities.

#### **Community Park Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of community park facilities.

#### **Street Maintenance Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for street maintenance equipment acquisition and improvements.

#### Police Protection Building and Equipment Development Impact Fee

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for site acquisition, construction, improvement and equipping of police protection buildings and facilities, and acquisition and improvement of police protection equipment.

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** (Continued)

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (Continued)**

#### **Zone I Neighborhood Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone I (Southeast Chico – east of SHR 99, south of Big Chico Creek).

#### Zone F & G Neighborhood Development Impact Fee

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone F & G (North Central Chico (Foothill region) – east of the Airport Bike Path, west of the Diversion Channel and north of East Avenue/Lindo Channel).

#### Zone B Neighborhood Development Impact Fee

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone B (West Chico – boundaries identical to those of the Oak Way Park Assessment District).

#### **Storm Drainage Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for construction and installation of storm drainage improvements.

#### **Linear Parks/Greenways Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of linear parks and greenway facilities.

#### **Zone A Neighborhood Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone A (Southwest Chico – south of Big Chico Creek and west of SHR 99).

#### **Zone C Neighborhood Development Impact Fee**

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone C (Northwest Chico – south of West Lassen Avenue, west of SHR 99 and north of Lindo Channel).

#### Zone D & E Neighborhood Development Impact Fee

Accounts for the collection of and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City. These fees can only be used for acquisition and development of neighborhood park facilities in Zone D & E (North Northwest Chico – north of West Lassen Avenue to SHR 99 to the Airport Bike Path).

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	7,938,164	\$	29,730,024	\$	37,668,188
Receivables:						
Interest		-		2,373		2,373
Taxes		3,619		-		3,619
Accounts		48,322		-		48,322
Intergovernmental		1,252,719		-		1,252,719
Loans		33,605		-		33,605
Prepaid expenses		-		2,963		2,963
Advances to other funds				1,721,793		1,721,793
Restricted cash and investments				331,315		331,315
Total assets	\$	9,276,429	\$	31,788,468	\$	41,064,897
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	244,603	\$	696,314	\$	940,917
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	19,532	Ψ	36,849	Ψ	56,381
Advances from other funds		49,323		1,672,470		1,721,793
Advances from other funds		49,323		1,072,470		1,721,793
Total liabilities	-	313,458		2,405,633		2,719,091
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred housing loan principal payments						
development impact fees and grants		60,154				60,154
Total deferred inflows of resources		60,154				60,154
Nonspendable		-		2,963		2,963
Restricted		8,979,926		26,820,716		35,800,642
Assigned		· · · · -		4,231,626		4,231,626
Unassigned		(77,109)		(1,672,470)		(1,749,579)
Total fund balances		8,902,817		29,382,835		38,285,652
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$	9,276,429	\$	31,788,468	\$	41,064,897

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Total Nonmajor
	Special	Capital	Governmental
	Revenue Funds	Projects Funds	Funds
REVENUES:		 	 
Intergovernmental	\$ 8,995,986	\$ -	\$ 8,995,986
Charges for services	1,433,321	4,559,324	5,992,645
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	36,477	-	36,477
Use of money and property	193,016	703,884	896,900
Miscellaneous	 	 38,859	 38,859
Total revenues	 10,658,800	 5,302,067	 15,960,867
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	314,909	637,884	952,793
Public safety	722,402	-	722,402
Public works	4,613,149	1,214,315	5,827,464
Parks and recreation	21,842		21,842
Community development	-	137,170	137,170
Capital outlay:			
Capital outlay - Operations	1,202,665	3,380,596	4,583,261
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	54,175	54,175
Interest and fiscal charges	 2,631	 4,765	 7,396
Total expenditures	 6,877,598	 5,428,905	 12,306,503
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	 3,781,202	 (126,838)	 3,654,364
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	99,092	3,120,008	3,219,100
Transfers out	 (2,200,000)	 (49,083)	 (2,249,083)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,100,908)	 3,070,925	 970,017
Net change in fund balances	1,680,294	2,944,087	4,624,381
Fund balances, beginning of year	 7,222,523	 26,438,748	 33,661,271
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,902,817	\$ 29,382,835	\$ 38,285,652

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Operating Grants		Community Maintenance Districts		Transportation		Gas Tax		Other Special Revenue Funds	<u>F</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	3,865,654	\$	1,742,894	\$	1,763,057	\$	566,559	\$	7,938,164
Receivables:												
Taxes		-		3,619								3,619
Accounts		-		575		-		-		47,747		48,322
Intergovernmental		43,210		-		47,312		1,141,091		21,106		1,252,719
Loans		-		-		-		-	-	33,605		33,605
Total assets	\$	43,210	\$	3,869,848	\$	1,790,206	\$	2,904,148	\$	669,017	\$	9,276,429
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	47,940	\$	107,867	\$	29,320	\$	22,569	\$	36,907	\$	244,603
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	12,225	ψ	107,807	Ψ	5,078	Ψ	22,307	Ψ	2,229	Ψ	19,532
Advances from other funds		-		49,323		-		_		-		49,323
Total liabilities		60,165		157,190		34,398		22,569		39,136		313,458
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		60,154		-	_	-		_		_		60,154
Total deferred inflows of resources		60,154							· <u> </u>			60,154
Fund balances:												
Restricted		-		3,712,658		1,755,808		2,881,579		629,881		8,979,926
Unassigned		(77,109)		-				-		-		(77,109)
Total fund balances (deficit)		(77,109)		3,712,658		1,755,808		2,881,579		629,881		8,902,817
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	43,210	\$	3,869,848	\$	1,790,206	\$	2,904,148	\$	669,017	\$	9,276,429

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Operating Grants	Community Maintenance Districts	Transportation	Gas Tax	Other Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES:	e 020 (5)	¢	¢ 2.402.142	¢ 4.574.107	¢	\$ 8,995,986
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 929,656	\$ - 1,179,172	\$ 3,492,143 466	\$ 4,574,187	\$ - 253,683	- ) )
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	1,1/9,1/2	400	-	233,083 36,477	1,433,321 36,477
Use of money and property	-	90,202	58,949	27,804	16,061	193,016
Ose of money and property		90,202	30,949	27,004	10,001	193,010
Total revenues	929,656	1,269,374	3,551,558	4,601,991	306,221	10,658,800
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	314,909	314,909
Public safety	722,059	-	-	-	343	722,402
Public works	-	1,386,323	2,847,712	379,114	-	4,613,149
Parks and recreation	21,842	-	-	-	-	21,842
Capital outlay	397,303	-	534,780	176,481	94,101	1,202,665
Debt service:						
Interest		2,631				2,631
Total expenditures	1,141,204	1,388,954	3,382,492	555,595	409,353	6,877,598
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(211,548)	(119,580)	169,066	4,046,396	(103,132)	3,781,202
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	28,863	34,229	36,000	-	-	99,092
Transfers out			(100,000)	(2,050,000)	(50,000)	(2,200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	28,863	34,229	(64,000)	(2,050,000)	(50,000)	(2,100,908)
Net change in fund balances	(182,685)	(85,351)	105,066	1,996,396	(153,132)	1,680,294
Fund balances, beginning of year	105,576	3,798,009	1,650,742	885,183	783,013	7,222,523
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (77,109)	\$ 3,712,658	\$ 1,755,808	\$ 2,881,579	\$ 629,881	\$ 8,902,817

## CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPERATING GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d A	mounts				
	Original			Final	Actua Final Amou			Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	142,876	\$	1,490,286	\$	929,656	\$	(560,630)
Total revenues		142,876		1,490,286		929,656		(560,630)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Public safety		158,881		790,132		722,059		68,073
Capital outlay				430,872		397,303		33,569
Total expenditures		158,881		1,221,004		1,141,204		79,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,005)		269,282		(211,548)		(480,830)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		8,889		159,601		28,863		(130,738)
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,889		159,601		28,863		(130,738)
Net change in fund balance		(7,116)		428,883		(182,685)		(611,568)
Fund balance, beginning of year		105,576		105,576		105,576		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	98,460	\$	534,459	\$	(77,109)	\$	(611,568)

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	ed Am	ounts	_			
	 Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,128,256	\$	1,220,660	\$	1,179,172	\$	(41,488)
Use of money and property	 -		-		90,202	_	90,202
Total revenues	 1,128,256	<u>.</u>	1,220,660		1,269,374		48,714
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works	976,402		1,510,344		1,386,323		124,021
Debt Service							
Interest	 -		-		2,631	_	(2,631)
Total expenditures	 976,402	<u> </u>	1,510,344		1,388,954		121,390
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	 151,854		(289,684)		(119,580)		170,104
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	 20,000		37,258		34,229		
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,000		37,258		34,229		
Net change in fund balance	171,854		(252,426)		(85,351)		167,075
Fund balance, beginning of year	 3,798,009		3,798,009		3,798,009		<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,969,863	\$	3,545,583	\$	3,712,658	\$	167,075

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Aı	mounts			
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,339,291	\$	3,339,291	\$ 3,492,143	\$	152,852
Charges for services	-		-	466		466
Use of money and property	 17,220		17,220	 58,949	_	41,729
Total revenues	 3,356,511		3,356,511	 3,551,558		195,047
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works	2,514,838		2,796,933	2,847,712		(50,779)
Capital outlay	 1,105,870		2,142,980	 534,780		1,608,200
Total expenditures	 3,620,708		4,939,913	 3,382,492		1,557,421
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(264,197)		(1,583,402)	 169,066		1,752,468
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	36,000		36,000	36,000		-
Transfers out	 (100,000)		(100,000)	 (100,000)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(64,000)		(64,000)	 (64,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(328,197)		(1,647,402)	105,066		1,752,468
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,650,742		1,650,742	 1,650,742		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,322,545	\$	3,340	\$ 1,755,808	\$	1,752,468

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX FUND FOR THE VEAU ENDED HIME 20, 2010

FOR TH	IE YEAR	ENDED	JUNE	30, 2019

	 Budgete	d A	mounts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental revenues Use of money and property	\$ 4,818,640	\$	4,321,559	\$ 4,574,187 27,804	\$ 252,628 27,804
Total revenues	 4,818,640		4,321,559	 4,601,991	 280,432
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Public works	-		-	379,114	(379,114)
Capital outlay	 2,363,900		3,156,666	 176,481	 2,980,185
Total expenditures	 2,363,900		3,156,666	 555,595	 2,601,071
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,454,740		1,164,893	4,046,396	2,881,503
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 _	_	(2,050,000)	(2,050,000)	 
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		(2,050,000)	 (2,050,000)	 
Net change in fund balance	2,454,740		(885,107)	1,996,396	2,881,503
Fund balance, beginning of year	 885,183		885,183	 885,183	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,339,923	\$	76	\$ 2,881,579	\$ 2,881,503

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d An	nounts			
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$	243,000	\$	256,035	\$ 253,683	\$	(2,352)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		36,477		66,734	36,477		(30,257)
Use of money and property		-		-	 16,061		16,061
Total revenues		279,477		322,769	 306,221		(16,548)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		156,585		165,620	314,909		(149,289)
Public safety		10,343		10,343	343		10,000
Capital outlay		150,800		264,138	 94,101		170,037
Total expenditures	-	317,728		440,101	 409,353		30,748
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(38,251)		(117,332)	 (103,132)	_	14,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)	 (50,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,000)		(50,000)	 (50,000)		
Net change in fund balance		(88,251)		(167,332)	(153,132)		14,200
Fund balance, beginning of year		783,013		783,013	783,013		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	694,762	\$	615,681	\$ 629,881	\$	14,200

						Fleet		
		Capital				Replacement		
		Improvements Fund		Bond Proceeds Fund		and Facility Maintenance		Remediation Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	1,535,480	\$	_	\$	2,920,050	\$	12,732
Receivables:	Þ	1,333,460	Ф	-	Ф	2,920,030	Ф	12,732
Interest				2,373				
Prepaid items		2,963		2,373		_		-
Advances to other funds		2,703		_		_		
Restricted cash and investments		-		331,315		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,538,443	\$	333,688	\$	2,920,050	\$	12,732
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	42,204	\$	_	\$	155,834	\$	1,749
Accrued salaries and benefits		36,849		-		-		-
Advance from other funds		-		-		-		-
Loans from other funds								
Total liabilities		79,053		-		155,834		1,749
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		2,963		_		_		_
Restricted		-		333,688		-		-
Assigned		1,456,427		-		2,764,216		10,983
Unassigned		-		_		_		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,459,390		333,688		2,764,216		10,983
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	1,538,443	\$	333,688	\$	2,920,050	\$	12,732

			Impact Fee Funds											
		Public Infrastructure Replacement		Infrastructure		Fire Protection  Building  & Equipment Dev		Bidwell Park Land Acquisition Dev	Administrative Building			Street Facility Improvement		
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	1,366,086	\$	282,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,774,277				
Receivables:														
Interest		-		-		-		-		-				
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-				
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		-				
Restricted cash and investments		=		-		-		-		<u> </u>				
Total assets	\$	1,366,086	\$	282,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,774,277				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	5,188	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	406,517				
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		-		-		-		-				
Advance from other funds		-		-		1,007,582		534,608						
Loans from other funds														
Total liabilities		5,188		-		1,007,582		534,608		406,517				
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_				
Restricted		1,360,898		282,546		_		_		6,367,760				
Assigned		-		-		-		_		-				
Unassigned		_		_		(1,007,582)		(534,608)		-				
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,360,898	_	282,546		(1,007,582)	_	(534,608)	_	6,367,760				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of														
resources and fund balances	\$	1,366,086	\$	282,546	\$	-	\$	_	\$	6,774,277				

	Impact Fee Funds											
	N	Zone J Neighborhood Parks		Bikeway Improvement		Community Park	Street Maintenance Equipment			Police Protection Building and Equipment		
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	996,038	\$	5,927,436	\$	945,474	\$	3,433,618		
Receivables:												
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		
Advances to other funds		-		-		1,007,582		534,608		130,280		
Restricted cash and investments			_	-	_	-	_	-		<u> </u>		
Total assets	\$	-	\$	996,038	\$	6,935,018	\$	1,480,082	\$	3,563,898		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF												
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	11,085	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,040		
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		-		-		-		-		
Advance from other funds		130,280		-		-		-		<u> </u>		
Loans from other funds												
Total liabilities		130,280	_	11,085		-		-		71,040		
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		
Restricted		-		984,953		6,935,018		1,480,082		3,492,858		
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned		(130,280)		-		-		_		-		
Total fund balances (deficit)		(130,280)		984,953		6,935,018	_	1,480,082		3,492,858		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances	\$		\$	996,038	\$	6,935,018	\$	1,480,082	\$	3,563,898		

	Impact Fee Funds										
		Zone I Neighborhood Parks		Zone F and G Neighborhood Parks		Zone B Neighborhood Parks		Storm Drainage Facility		Linear Parks/ Greenways	
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	1,146,273	\$	1,030,293	\$	576,372	\$	1,348,225	\$	633,320	
Receivables:											
Interest		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-	
Advances to other funds		49,323		-		-		-		-	
Restricted cash and investments		-		-	_	-		-			
Total assets	\$	1,195,596	\$	1,030,293	\$	576,372	\$	1,348,225	\$	633,320	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,697	
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ		
Advance from other funds		_		_		_		_		-	
Loans from other funds											
Total liabilities					_			-		2,697	
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		1,195,596		1,030,293		576,372		1,348,225		630,623	
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-			
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,195,596		1,030,293	_	576,372		1,348,225		630,623	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$	1,195,596	\$	1,030,293	\$	576,372	\$	1,348,225	\$	633,320	

		I	mpact Fee Funds			Total
	 Zone A Neighborhood Parks	Zone C Neighborhood Parks			Zone D and E Neighborhood Parks	 Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 207,318	\$	178,263	\$	416,223	\$ 29,730,024
Receivables:						
Interest	-		-		-	2,373
Prepaid items	-		-		-	2,963
Advances to other funds	-		-		-	1,721,793
Restricted cash and investments	 				-	 331,315
Total assets	207,318	\$	178,263	\$	416,223	\$ 31,788,468
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 696,314
Accrued salaries and benefits	-		-		-	36,849
Advance from other funds	 				-	 1,672,470
Loans from other funds						-
Total liabilities	 		-			 2,405,633
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	_		_		_	2,963
Restricted	207,318		178,263		416,223	26,820,716
Assigned	-		· <u>-</u>		-	4,231,626
Unassigned	-		-		-	(1,672,470)
Total fund balances (deficit)	207,318		178,263		416,223	29,382,835
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 207,318	\$	178,263	\$	416,223	\$ 31,788,468

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Fleet	
	Capital			Replacement	
	Improvements		Bond	and Facility	Remediation
	Fund		Proceeds Fund	Maintenance	Fund
REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 455,853	\$	-	\$ -	\$
Use of money and property	28,051		8,779	58,568	3,755
Miscellaneous	 			38,859	 
Total revenues	483,904		8,779	 97,427	 3,755
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	-		-	637,884	-
Public works	1,017,531		-	-	99,189
Community development	-		-	-	-
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay - Operations	-		54,498	1,000,426	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-		-	-	-
Interest	 			 	 
Total expenditures	 1,017,531	_	54,498	 1,638,310	 99,189
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	 (533,627)	_	(45,719)	 (1,540,883)	 (95,434)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-		-	1,747,277	-
Transfers out	 		(7,937)	 	 
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	_	(7,937)	 1,747,277	 
Net change in fund balances	(533,627)		(53,656)	206,394	(95,434)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	 1,993,017		387,344	 2,557,822	 106,417
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,459,390	\$	333,688	\$ 2,764,216	\$ 10,983

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Impact Fee Funds										
	Public		Fire Protection		Bidwell Park							
	Infrastructure		Building		Land		Administrative		Street Facility			
	Replacement		& Equipment Dev		Acquisition Dev		Building		Improvement			
REVENUES:												
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	378,041	\$	95,598	\$	77,542	\$	1,062,797			
Use of money and property	17,177		2,514		-		-		157,481			
Miscellaneous			-		-	_						
Total revenues	17,177		380,555		95,598		77,542		1,220,278			
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government	-		-		-		-		-			
Public works	97,595		-		-		-		-			
Community development	-		2,091		21		30		81,825			
Capital outlay:												
Capital outlay - Operations	326,363		-		-		-		1,046,319			
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-		-			
Interest			-		-	_						
Total expenditures	423,958		2,091		21	_	30	_	1,128,144			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures	(406,781)		378,464		95,577	_	77,512	_	92,134			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in	1,372,731		-		-		-		-			
Transfers out			(3,755)		(956)		(911)		(10,628)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,372,731		(3,755)		(956)		(911)		(10,628)			
Net change in fund balances	965,950		374,709		94,621		76,601		81,506			
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	394,948		(92,163)	_	(1,102,203)	_	(611,209)		6,286,254			
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,360,898	\$	282,546	\$	(1,007,582)	\$	(534,608)	\$	6,367,760			

## CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_				Impact Fee Fund	s		
		Zone J					Street	Police Protection
		Neighborhood	Bikeway		Community		Maintenance	Building
		Parks	Improvement		Park		Equipment	and Equipment
REVENUES:			•					
Charges for services	\$	6,056	\$ 285,977	\$	883,044	\$	73,373	\$ 523,646
Use of money and property		-	21,555		153,161		36,242	85,328
Miscellaneous		-	 -		-		-	 <u> </u>
Total revenues	_	6,056	 307,532		1,036,205		109,615	 608,974
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-	-		-		-	-
Public works		-	-		-		-	-
Community development		-	22,541		212		2,498	2,207
Capital outlay:								
Capital outlay - Operations		-	112,379		-		82,911	457,561
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-	-		-		54,175	-
Interest	_	-	 -		-		4,765	 <u> </u>
Total expenditures	_	-	 134,920		212		144,349	 459,768
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	6,056	 172,612	_	1,035,993		(34,734)	 149,206
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-	-		-		-	-
Transfers out	_	(61)	(2,860)		(8,830)		(734)	 (5,236)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(61)	 (2,860)		(8,830)		(734)	 (5,236)
Net change in fund balances		5,995	169,752		1,027,163		(35,468)	143,970
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		(136,275)	 815,201		5,907,855		1,515,550	 3,348,888
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	(130,280)	\$ 984,953	\$	6,935,018	\$	1,480,082	\$ 3,492,858

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_			Im	pact Fee Funds		
		Zone I	Zone F and G			Storm	
		Neighborhood	Neighborhood		Zone B	Drainage	Linear Parks/
		Parks	Parks		Parks	Facility	Greenways
REVENUES:			 				
Charges for services	\$	152,483	\$ 134,757	\$	14,908	\$ 232,976	\$ 136,502
Use of money and property		27,412	22,859		13,407	31,230	17,928
Miscellaneous		-	 -		-	<u> </u>	-
Total revenues		179,895	 157,616		28,315	 264,206	154,430
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		-	-		-	-	-
Public works		-	-		-	-	-
Community development		8	31		12	20,368	5,225
Capital outlay:							
Capital outlay - Operations		-	-		-	3,413	293,727
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-	-		-	-	-
Interest	_	-	 		-	 	
Total expenditures	_	8	 31		12	 23,781	298,952
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	_	179,887	 157,585		28,303	 240,425	(144,522)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-	-		-	-	-
Transfers out	_	(1,525)	 (1,348)		(149)	(2,330)	(1,365)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,525)	 (1,348)		(149)	 (2,330)	(1,365)
Net change in fund balances		178,362	156,237		28,154	238,095	(145,887)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		1,017,234	 874,056		548,218	 1,110,130	776,510
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	1,195,596	\$ 1,030,293	\$	576,372	\$ 1,348,225	\$ 630,623

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Total		
					Nonmajor
		Zone A	Zone C	Zone D and E	Capital
		Parks	 Parks	 Parks	Projects Funds
REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	9,700	\$ 2,982	\$ 33,089	\$ 4,559,324
Use of money and property		4,779	4,189	9,469	703,884
Miscellaneous		-	 -	-	38,859
Total revenues		14,479	 7,171	 42,558	 5,302,067
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		-	-	-	637,884
Public works		-	-	-	1,214,315
Community development		92	-	9	137,170
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay - Operations		2,999	-	-	3,380,596
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		-	-	-	54,175
Interest		-	 	 	4,765
Total expenditures		3,091	 	 9	 5,428,905
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	_	11,388	 7,171	 42,549	 (126,838)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		-	-	-	3,120,008
Transfers out		(97)	 (30)	(331)	(49,083)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(97)	 (30)	 (331)	 3,070,925
Net change in fund balances		11,291	7,141	42,218	2,944,087
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		196,027	 171,122	 374,005	 26,438,748
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	207,318	\$ 178,263	\$ 416,223	\$ 29,382,835

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d An	nounts				
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:	\$	690,000	\$	390,000	\$	455,853	\$	45 952
Charges for services Use of money and property	<b></b>	-	•		<b></b>	28,051	<b>—</b>	65,853 28,051
Total revenues		690,000		390,000		483,904		93,904
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Public works		2,244,009		2,398,636		1,017,531		1,381,105
Total expenditures		2,244,009		2,398,636		1,017,531		1,381,105
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,554,009)		(2,008,636)		(533,627)		1,475,009
Net change in fund balance		(1,554,009)		(2,008,636)		(533,627)		1,475,009
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,993,017		1,993,017		1,993,017		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	439,008	\$	(15,619)	\$	1,459,390	\$	1,475,009

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BOND PROCEEDS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	unts				
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$	8,779	\$	8,779
Total revenues	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$	8,779	\$	8,779
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Capital outlay	 		158,857		54,498		104,359
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 		(158,857)		(45,719)		113,138
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	 (194,302)		(172,693)		(7,937)		(164,756)
Net change in fund balance	(194,302)		(331,550)		(53,656)		(51,618)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 387,344		387,344		387,344		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 193,042	\$	55,794	\$	333,688	\$	(51,618)

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FLEET REPLACEMENT AND FACILITY MAINTENANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Am	ounts			
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 58,568	\$	58,568
Miscellaneous	 20,000		20,000	 38,859		18,859
Total revenues	 20,000		20,000	 97,427		77,427
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
General government	-		-	637,884		(637,884)
Capital outlay	 2,380,235		4,108,890	 1,000,426		3,108,464
Total expenditures	 2,380,235		4,108,890	 1,638,310		2,470,580
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,360,235)		(4,088,890)	 (1,540,883)		2,548,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	 1,371,550		1,747,277	 1,747,277		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,371,550		1,747,277	 1,747,277		
Net change in fund balance	(988,685)		(2,341,613)	206,394		2,548,007
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,557,822		2,557,822	 2,557,822		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,569,137	\$	216,209	\$ 2,764,216	\$	2,548,007

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### REMEDIATION FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	unts			
	 Original	Final		 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 	\$		\$ 3,755	\$	3,755
Total revenues	 			 3,755		3,755
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works	-		-	99,189		(99,189)
Capital outlay	 225,150		312,161	 		312,161
Total expenditures	 225,150		312,161	 99,189		212,972
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	 (225,150)		(312,161)	 (95,434)		216,727
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	 207,851		207,851	 		(207,851)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 207,851		207,851	 		(207,851)
Net change in fund balance	(17,299)		(104,310)	(95,434)		8,876
Fund balance, beginning of year	 106,417		106,417	 106,417		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 89,118	\$	2,107	\$ 10,983	\$	8,876

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE REPLACEMENT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,177	\$ (17,177)
Total revenues			17,177	(17,177)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Capital outlay	800,000	928,275	326,363	601,912
Total expenditures	800,000	928,275	423,958	504,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(800,000)	(928,275)	(406,781)	521,494
Transfers in	800,000	1,372,731	1,372,731	
Net change in fund balance	-	444,456	965,950.00	521,494
Fund balance, beginning of year	394,948	394,948	394,948	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 394,948	\$ 839,404	\$ 1,360,898	\$ 521,494

## CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE PROTECTION BLDG & EQUIP DEV IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	unts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 350,000	\$	378,040	\$ 378,041	\$ 1
Use of money and property				 2,514	 2,514
Total revenues	350,000		378,040	 380,555	 2,515
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Community development	-		-	2,091	(2,091)
Capital outlay	 4,836		13,297	<u> </u>	13,297
Total expenditures	 4,836		13,297	2,091	11,206
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 345,164		364,743	 378,464	 13,721
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	 (48)		(3,781)	 (3,755)	 26
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (48)		(3,781)	 (3,755)	 26
Net change in fund balance	345,116		360,962	374,709	13,747
Fund balance, beginning of year	 (92,163)		(92,163)	(92,163)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 252,953	\$	268,799	\$ 282,546	\$ 13,747

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BIDWELL PARK LAND ACQUISITION DEV IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	ounts					
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts		_	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$ 70,000	\$	95,598	\$	95,598	\$		
Total revenues	 70,000		95,598		95,598			
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community development	-		-		21		(21)	
Capital outlay	 		1,912				1,912	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 70,000		93,686		95,577		1,891	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 		(956)		(956)		<u>-</u> ,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		(956)		(956)			
Net change in fund balance	70,000		92,730		94,621		1,891	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	 (1,102,203)		(1,102,203)		(1,102,203)			
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (1,032,203)	\$	(1,009,473)	\$	(1,007,582)	\$	1,891	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDING IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	unts			
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts		 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	77,542	\$ (22,458)
Total revenues	 100,000		100,000		77,542	 (22,458)
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Community development	-		-		30	(30)
Capital outlay	 		1,821			 1,821
Total expenditures			1,821		30	 1,791
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 100,000		98,179		77,512	 (20,667)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 		(1,000)		(911)	 89
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		(1,000)		(911)	 89
Net change in fund balance	100,000		97,179		76,601	(20,578)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(611,209)		(611,209)		(611,209)	 
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (511,209)	\$	(514,030)	\$	(534,608)	\$ (20,578)

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET FACILITY IMPROVEMENT IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	ounts				
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	1,062,797	\$	(1,437,203)
Use of money and property	 				157,481		157,481
Total revenues	 2,500,000		2,500,000		1,220,278		(1,279,722)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:					01.025		(01.025)
Community development Capital outlay	1,728,699		5,923,015		81,825		(81,825)
Capital outlay	 1,728,099		3,923,013	-	1,046,319	-	4,876,696
Total expenditures	 1,728,699		5,923,015		1,128,144		4,794,871
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 771,301		(3,423,015)		92,134		3,515,149
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(15,964)		(25,000)		(10,628)		14,372
Net change in fund balance	755,337		(3,448,015)		81,506		3,529,521
Fund balance, beginning of year	 6,286,254		6,286,254		6,286,254		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,041,591	\$	2,838,239	\$	6,367,760	\$	3,529,521

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE J NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts				
	Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	5,000	\$	6,056	\$	6,056	\$	
Total revenues		5,000		6,056		6,056		
	•				•		•	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out				(61)		(61)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(61)		(61)		
Net change in fund balance		5,000		5,995		5,995		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		(136,275)		(136,275)		(136,275)		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(131,275)	\$	(130,280)	\$	(130,280)	\$	-

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BIKEWAY IMPROVEMENT IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$	200,000	\$	285,977	\$	285,977	\$ -
Use of money and property		-				21,555	 21,555
Total revenues		200,000		285,977		307,532	 21,555
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development		-		-		22,541	(22,541)
Capital outlay		209,069		779,613		112,379	 667,234
Total expenditures		209,069		779,613		134,920	 644,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(9,069)		(493,636)	_	172,612	 666,248
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	-	(2,091)		(2,860)		(2,860)	 
Net change in fund balance		(11,160)		(496,496)		169,752	666,248
Fund balance, beginning of year		815,201		815,201		815,201	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$	804,041	\$	318,705	\$	984,953	\$ 666,248

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY PARK IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	ounts				
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 800,000	\$	883,044	\$ 883,044	\$	-	
Use of money and property	 			 153,161		153,161	
Total revenues	 800,000		883,044	 1,036,205		153,161	
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Community development	-		-	212		(212)	
Capital outlay	 15,510		15,902			15,902	
Total expenditures	 15,510		15,902	 212		15,690	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 784,490		867,142	 1,035,993		168,851	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	 (155)		(8,831)	 (8,830)		1_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (155)		(8,831)	 (8,830)		1_	
Net change in fund balance	784,335		858,311	1,027,163		168,852	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 5,907,855		5,907,855	 5,907,855		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,692,190	\$	6,766,166	\$ 6,935,018	\$	168,852	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Amo	ounts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 60,000	\$	73,373	\$ 73,373 36,242	\$ 36,242
Total revenues	 60,000		73,373	109,615	 36,242
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Community development	-		-	2,498	(2,498)
Capital outlay	1,951		1,515,537	82,911	1,432,626
Debt Service	54175		54.175	54.175	
Principal retirement	54,175		54,175	54,175	-
Interest and finance charges	 4,765		4,765	 4,765	 <u> </u>
Total expenditures	 60,891	-	1,574,477	 144,349	 1,430,128
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (891)		(1,501,104)	 (34,734)	 1,466,370
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	 (20)		(734)	 (734)	 
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (20)		(734)	 (734)	 
Net change in fund balance	(911)		(1,501,838)	(35,468)	1,466,370
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,515,550		1,515,550	1,515,550	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,514,639	\$	13,712	\$ 1,480,082	\$ 1,466,370

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE PROTECTION BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	unts			
	Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 600,000	\$	600,000	\$ 523,646	\$ (76,354)	
Use of money and property	 			 85,328	 85,328	
Total revenues	 600,000		600,000	 608,974	 8,974	
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Community development	-		-	2,207	(2,207)	
Capital outlay	 574,829		705,923	 457,561	 248,362	
Total expenditures	574,829		705,923	 459,767	 246,155	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	25,171		(105,923)	 149,207	 255,130	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	 (55)		(6,000)	 (5,236)	 764	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(55)		(6,000)	(5,236)	 764	
Net change in fund balance	25,116		(111,923)	143,971	255,894	
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,348,888		3,348,888	3,348,888	 	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,374,004	\$	3,236,965	\$ 3,492,859	\$ 255,894	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE I NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts						
	Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES:									
Charges for services	\$ 30,000	\$	152,482	\$ 152,483	\$	1			
Use of money and property	 			 27,412		27,412			
Total revenues	 30,000		152,482	 179,895		27,413			
EXPENDITURES: Current:									
Community Development	_		_	8		(8)			
Capital outlay	 		3,050	 		3,050			
Total expenditures	 		3,050	 8		3,042			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 30,000		149,432	 179,887	_	30,455			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out	 		(1,525)	 (1,525)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		(1,525)	 (1,525)					
Net change in fund balance	30,000		147,907	178,362		30,455			
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,017,234		1,017,234	 1,017,234					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,047,234	\$	1,165,141	\$ 1,195,596	\$	30,455			

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE F & G NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:						_	
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 100,000	\$	134,750	\$ 134,757 22,859	\$	7 22,859	
Total revenues	 100,000		134,750	 157,616		22,866	
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Community development Capital outlay	 - -		2,695	 31		(31) 2,695	
Total expenditures	 		2,695	 31		2,664	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 100,000		132,055	 157,585		25,530	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 		(1,348)	 (1,348)		<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		(1,348)	 (1,348)			
Net change in fund balance	100,000		130,707	156,237		25,530	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 874,056		874,056	 874,056			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 974,056	\$	1,004,763	\$ 1,030,293	\$	25,530	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE B NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	ınts		
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$ 14,908	\$ (25,092)
Use of money and property					 13,407	 13,407
Total revenues		40,000		40,000	 28,315	 (11,685)
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Community development		-		-	12	(12)
Capital outlay				298	 	 298
Total expenditures				298	 12	 286
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	-	40,000		39,702	 28,303	 (11,399)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				(400)	(140)	251
Transfers out				(400)	 (149)	 251
Total other financing sources (uses)			_	(400)	 (149)	 251
Net change in fund balance		40,000		39,302	28,154	(11,148)
Fund balance, beginning of year		548,218		548,218	 548,218	 <u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	588,218	\$	587,520	\$ 576,372	\$ (11,148)

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STORM DRAIN FACILITY IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts			
	 Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 300,000	\$	300,000	\$	232,976	\$ (67,024)
Use of money and property	 				31,230	 31,230
Total revenues	 300,000		300,000		264,206	 (35,794)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:					20.269	(20.2(8)
Community Development Capital outlay	314,189		785,651		20,368 3,413	(20,368) 782,238
Capital outlay	 314,109		763,031	-	3,413	 102,230
Total expenditures	 314,189		785,651		23,781	 761,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	 (14,189)		(485,651)		240,425	 726,076
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	 (3,142)		(3,000)		(2,330)	 670
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,142)		(3,000)		(2,330)	 670
Net change in fund balance	(17,331)		(488,651)		238,095	726,746
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,110,130		1,110,130		1,110,130	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,092,799	\$	621,479	\$	1,348,225	\$ 726,746

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LINEAR PARKS & GREENWAYS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Am	nounts					
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:									
Charges for services	\$	100,000	\$	136,501	\$	136,502	\$	1	
Use of money and property				<u>-</u>		17,928	_	17,928	
Total revenues		100,000		136,501		154,430		17,929	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current: Community Development						5,225		(5,225)	
Capital outlay		252,060		590,095		293,727		296,368	
cupius custus		202,000	-		-		_		
Total expenditures		252,060		590,095		298,952		291,143	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(152,060)		(453,594)		(144,522)		309,072	
(unati) inpenatures	-	(102,000)		(100,000)		(111,022)	_	200,072	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		(2,521)		(1,365)		(1,365)	_	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,521)		(1,365)		(1,365)		_	
-									
Net change in fund balance		(154,581)		(454,959)		(145,887)		309,072	
Fund balance, beginning of year		776,510		776,510		776,510			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	621,929	\$	321,551	\$	630,623	\$	309,072	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE A NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amou	ınts					
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES: Charges for services	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,700	\$	(300)	
Use of money and property	φ	-	<b>Ф</b>	-	<b>Φ</b>	4,779	<b></b>	4,779	
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		14,479		4,479	
EXPENDITURES: Current:									
Parks and recreation		_		_		92		(92)	
Capital outlay				44,779		2,999		41,780	
Total expenditures				44,779		3,091		41,688	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		10,000		(34,779)		11,388		46,167	
Transfers out				(100)		(97)		3	
Net change in fund balance		10,000		(34,879)		11,291		46,170	
Fund balance, beginning of year		196,027		196,027		196,027			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	206,027	\$	161,148	\$	207,318	\$	46,170	

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE C NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	unts		
	Original Final			 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	2,980	\$ 2,982	\$ 2
Use of money and property	 			 4,189	 4,189
Total revenues	 		2,980	 7,171	 4,191
Capital outlay	 		60	 	 60
Total expenditures	 		60	 	 60
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 		2,920	 7,171	 4,251
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			(20)	(20)	
Transfers out			(30)	(30)	 
Net change in fund balance	-		2,890	7,171	4,251
Fund balance, beginning of year	 171,122		171,122	 171,122	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 171,122	\$	174,012	\$ 178,293	\$ 4,251

### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ZONE D & E NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	30,000	\$	33,088	\$	33,089 9,469	\$	1 9,469
Total revenues		30,000		33,088		42,558		9,470
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development						9		(9)
Capital outlay		130,000		403,767				403,767
Total expenditures		130,000		403,767		9		403,758
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(100,000)		(370,679)		42,549		413,228
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(1,300)		(331)		(331)		
Net change in fund balance		(101,300)		(371,010)		42,218		413,228
Fund balance, beginning of year		374,005		374,005		374,005		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	272,705	\$	2,995	\$	416,223	\$	413,228

**INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS** 

#### **Self Insurance**

Accounts for liability, property and related insurance program activities; workers' compensation insurance program activities; and unemployment insurance reimbursement transactions to State Unemployment Insurance Fund.

#### **Central Garage**

Accounts for central garage operating costs which are subsequently distributed to user offices and departments.

#### **Municipal Building Maintenance**

Accounts for municipal buildings operating costs which are subsequently distributed to user offices and departments.

#### **Information Services**

Accounts for information and communications systems costs which are subsequently distributed to user offices and departments.

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Self Insurance	Central Garage	Municipal Building Maintenance	Information Services	Retirement Funding	 Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,926,511	\$ 9,497	\$ 45,662	\$ 218,007	\$ 1,514,213	\$ 8,713,890
Receivables:						
Accounts	175,469	-	-	-	-	175,469
Intergovernmental	-	3,868	-	-	-	3,868
Due from other funds	1,051,645	-	-	-	-	1,051,645
Inventories	-	58,558	-	-	-	58,558
Prepaid items	1,208	 		74,238		 75,446
Total current assets	8,154,833	 71,923	45,662	292,245	1,514,213	 10,078,876
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and investments	300,000	_	_	_	_	300,000
Advances to other funds	363,178	-	_	-	-	363,178
Land and construction in progress	_	30,391	-	-	_	30,391
net of accumulated depreciation	-	1,014	-	-	_	1,014
Total noncurrent assets	663,178	 31,405	-	-	-	 694,583
Total assets	8,818,011	 103,328	45,662	292,245	1,514,213	10,773,459
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF		 				
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		10.440	7 492	16,040		22 071
	-	10,449 347,196	7,482		-	33,971
Deferred amounts related to pensions Total deferred outflows of resources		 357,645	248,620 256,102	533,006 549,046	- <del></del>	 1,128,822 1,162,793
Total deferred outflows of resources		 337,043	230,102	349,040	- <del></del>	 1,102,793
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	396,530	79,501	49,264	49,395	-	574,690
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	10,571	6,078	24,644	-	41,293
Compensated absences - current	-	2,720	11,579	12,127	-	26,426
Claims liability - current portion	2,177,493	 -				 2,177,493
Total current liabilities	2,574,023	 92,792	66,921	86,166		 2,819,902
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	- 	16,624	41,814	104,027	-	162,465
Claims liability	5,140,162	-	-	-	-	5,140,162
Net OPEB liability	-	141,360	55,712	206,924	-	403,996
Net pension liability	5 140 160	 2,510,891	1,798,000	3,854,660		 8,163,551
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,140,162	 2,668,875	1,895,526	4,165,611		 13,870,174
Total liabilities	7,714,185	 2,761,667	1,962,447	4,251,777		 16,690,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	-	111,273	80,975	169,481	-	361,729
Deferred amounts related to pensions	-	66,865	47,880	102,649	-	217,394
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	178,138	128,855	272,130	-	579,123
NET POSITION		 				 
Net investment in capital assets	_	31,405	_	_	_	31,405
Restricted for insurance	300,000	51,705	_	_	_	300,000
Unrestricted	803,826	 (2,510,237)	(1,789,538)	(3,682,616)	1,514,213	 (5,664,352)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 1,103,826	\$ (2,478,832)	\$ (1,789,538)	\$ (3,682,616)	\$ 1,514,213	\$ (5,332,947)

# CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Self Insurance	Central Garage	Municipal Building Maintenance	Information Services	Retirement Funding	Total
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services - internal Charges for services - external Total operating revenues	\$ 3,421,735 \$\frac{3}{3,421,735}	1,794,265 \$ 44,558 1,838,823	3 1,145,274 S 	\$ 1,907,520 \$ 45,000 1,952,520	8,386,383 \$	16,655,177 89,558 16,744,735
Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Purchased services Other Expenses Depreciation	427 1,901,925 492,753	882,959 385,624 104,197 674,313 1,737	1,367,304 100,399 245,228 280,327	1,335,339 55,998 558,239 246,060	7,598,561	3,585,602 542,448 2,809,589 9,292,014 1,737
Total operating expenses  Operating income (loss)	2,395,105 1,026,630	2,048,830 (210,007)	1,993,258 (847,984)	2,195,636 (243,116)	7,598,561 787,822	16,231,390 513,345
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment earnings Miscellaneous Miscellaneous expense Total nonoperating revenues	167,911 182,246  350,157	(8,212) (8,212)	400	- - - -	(49,914) - - (49,914)	117,997 182,646 (8,212) 292,431
Income (loss) before transfers	1,376,787	(218,219)	(847,584)	(243,116)	737,908	805,776
Transfers in Transfers out	750,000	(17,941)	(20,225)	-	500,000 (1,041,455)	1,250,000 (1,079,621)
Change in net position  Net position (deficit), beginning of of year	2,126,787	(236,160)	(867,809) (921,729)	(243,116) (3,439,500)	196,453	976,155 (6,309,102)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,103,826 \$	(2,478,832) \$	5 (1,789,538)	\$ (3,682,616) \$	1,514,213 \$	(5,332,947)

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	
ACTIVITIES:	
	4,173
	17,120)
	59,508)
<u> </u>	7,545
1,510 (15,510) 0,270 1,070 1,510 1,510	77,5 15
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Interfund borrowings 2,878,573 2,8"	78,573
Transfers in 750,000 500,000 1,2:	50,000
Transfers out - (17,941) (20,225) - (1,041,455) (1,041,455)	79,621)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities 3,628,573 (17,941) (20,225) - (541,455) 3,04	18,952
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash 4,407,802 (37,481) (11,955) 1,678 196,453 4,53	6,497
	57,393
	3,890
ψ , <u>==0,011</u> ψ <u>2,001</u> ψ <u>1,011,210</u> ψ <u>2,00</u>	,020
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:	
	3,890
	00,000
	3,890

## CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Self Insurance		Central Garage		Municipal Building Maintenance	Iı	nformation Services		Retirement Funding	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME											
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:											
Operating income (loss)	¢	1,026,630	\$	(210,007)	¢	(847,984)	¢	(243,116)	¢	787,822 \$	513,345
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	Φ	1,020,030	Φ	(210,007)	Ф	(647,964)	Ф	(243,110)	Φ	101,022 \$	313,343
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:											
Depreciation		_		1,737		_		_		_	1,737
OPEB expense		_		7,557		5,412		11,602		_	24,571
Pension expense		_		225,371		860,761		276,514		_	1,362,646
Miscellaneous revenue		350,157		(8,212)		400		´ -		(49,914)	292,431
Accounts receivable		(123,523)		-		-		-		-	(123,523)
Intergovernmental receivable		-		532		-		-		-	532
Prepaid		133		-		-		(48,860)		-	(48,727)
Inventories		-		(8,697)		-		-		-	(8,697)
Accounts payable		148,446		18,264		(10,022)		20,181		-	176,869
Deposits		300		100		-		-		-	400
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		1,109		(3,062)		8,889		-	6,936
Compensated absences		-		(47,294)		2,765		(23,532)		-	(68,061)
Claims liability		(622,914)									(622,914)
Total adjustments		(247,401)		190,467		856,254		244,794		(49,914)	994,200
Net cash provided (used) by											
operating activities	\$	779,229	\$	(19,540)	\$	8,270	\$	1,678	\$	737,908 \$	1,507,545

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

#### CITY OF CHICO, CALIFORNIA

#### AGENCY FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		stricts				
		Balance				Balance
	Ju	ine 30, 2018	 Additions		Deletions	 June 30, 2019
ASSETS						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	597,577	\$ 11,676	\$	(9,089)	\$ 600,164
Receivables:						
Loans		46,347			(6,622)	 39,726
Total assets	\$	643,924	\$ 11,676	\$	(15,711)	\$ 639,889
			_			
LIABILITIES						
Special assessment deposits	\$	643,924	\$ 11,676	\$	(15,711)	\$ 639,889

#### **STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)**

This part of the City of Chico's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents: Page

Financial Trends 127-131

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 132-136

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity 137-140

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

141-142

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

#### Operating Information

143-145

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Chico, California Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

•	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 216,288	\$ 223,393	\$ 310,074	\$ 305,769	\$ 306,134	\$ 311,705	\$ 313,120	\$ 314,106	\$ 311,573	\$ 312,439
Restricted	80,689	85,568	64,494	69,526	82,485	89,720	87,015	91,661	94,268	98,771
Unrestricted	(42,420)	(44,346)	(43,720)	(11,653)	(3,972)	(92,205)	(82,202)	(77,226)	(77,243)	(70,952)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 254,557	\$ 264,615	\$ 330,848	\$ 363,642	\$ 384,647	\$ 309,220	\$ 317,933	\$ 328,541	\$ 328,599	\$ 340,258
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 107,633	\$ 108,507	\$ 114,359	\$ 75,135	\$ 79,617	\$ 85,684	\$ 85,451	\$ 90,874	\$ 94,581	\$ 95,524
Restricted	1,935	2,449	3,588	5,230	6,857	8,804	10,641	12,519	14,427	16,369
Unrestricted	(3,427)	(2,573)	(990)	 12,553	 12,621	 (743)	 1,786	 3	4	 1,749
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 106,141	\$ 108,383	\$ 116,957	\$ 92,918	\$ 99,095	\$ 93,745	\$ 97,878	\$ 103,396	\$ 109,012	\$ 113,642
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 323,921	\$ 331,900	\$ 424,433	\$ 380,904	\$ 385,751	\$ 397,389	\$ 398,571	\$ 404,980	\$ 406,155	\$ 407,963
Restricted	82,625	88,017	68,082	74,756	89,342	98,524	97,656	104,180	108,695	115,140
Unrestricted	 (45,847)	(46,919)	(44,710)	900	 8,649	 (92,948)	 (80,416)	 (77,223)	(77,243)	 (69,203)
Total primary government net position	\$ 360,699	\$ 372,998	\$ 447,805	\$ 456,560	\$ 483,742	\$ 402,965	\$ 415,811	\$ 431,936	\$ 437,607	\$ 453,899

City of Chico, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

-	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses											_
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 1,885	5 \$	3,125	\$ 2,341	\$ 2,667	\$ 2,636	\$ 3,218	\$ 3,972	\$ 4,577	\$ 5,059	\$ 5,160
Public safety	38,14	6	37,521	37,436	37,797	34,599	36,709	39,324	41,972	41,214	42,712
Public works	16,24	1	16,694	18,764	19,555	16,823	18,954	18,530	18,589	19,763	20,062
Parks and recreation	3,52	1	3,525	3,476	3,531	3,360	3,582	3,388	3,537	3,567	3,849
Community development	4,652	2	4,355	4,088	2,575	2,654	2,296	2,588	3,360	2,432	2,207
Community agencies	46:	5	381	354	323	162	53	99	100	50	2
Redevelopment	24,920	5 <sup>3</sup>	13,867	5,187	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Interest on long-term debt	7,030	5	6,511	 2,424	3	3	3	85	80	82	140
Total governmental activities expenses	96,87	5	85,979	74,070	66,451	60,237	64,815	67,986	72,215	72,167	74,131
Business-type activities:											
Sewer	8,81	5	8,921	10,383	12,161	12,235	11,428	10,986	11,451	12,092	11,867
Parking	813	3	965	1,034	1,017	825	714	839	849	1,027	1,333
Private development	4,09	7	2,291	1,794	1,993	2,479	2,746	3,001	3,488	3,686	4,099
Airport	1,45	1	1,584	1,786	2,001	2,263	2,036	1,927	104,180	2,167	2,593
Waste management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total business-type activities expenses	15,170	5	13,761	14,997	17,172	17,802	16,924	16,753	119,968	18,972	19,892
Program Revenues									,		
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
General government	17	1	117	97	-	-	349	188	247	318	1,226
Public safety	1,19	7	1,219	1,283	1,139	962	1,163	1,118	1,176	1,395	1,592
Public works	1,59	4	1,702	1,934	3,439	5,641	8,674	9,462	8,715	8,288	5,894
Community development	2,71	4	4,089	5,793	2	17	1	94	215	237	16
Other activities	150	6	125	120	106	155	86	282	4,487	1,338	56
Operating grants and contributions	11,669	9	7,743	13,102	9,297	10,874	11,855	10,752	9,976	8,229	5,537
Capital grants and contributions	4,54:	5	15,062	4,064	3,261	2,235	4,565	2,075	929	3,808	6,714
Total governmental activities program revenues	22,04	5	30,057	26,393	17,244	19,884	26,693	23,971	25,745	23,612	21,034
Business-type activities:									,		
Charges for services:											
Sewer	8,58	7	8,168	10,000	14,857	14,942	16,465	14,333	14,737	13,802	14,788
Private development	1,760	5	1,538	1,461	2,026	2,470	2,539	3,166	3,906	1,876	2,210
Other activities	1,57	7	1,586	1,525	1,496	1,506	1,453	1,633	1,745	3,923	4,191
Operating grants and contributions		-	-	130	318	303	-	270	3,252	2,649	2,266
Capital grants and contributions	1,34	5	2,901	10,655	8,713	4,535	7,352	812	1,942	292	77
Total business-type activities program revenues	13,27	5	14,193	23,771	27,410	23,756	27,809	20,214	25,582	22,543	23,532
Total primary government program revenues	35,322	2	44,250	50,164	44,654	43,640	54,502	44,185	51,327	46,155	44,567
Net (expenses)/revenue											
Governmental activities	(74,829	9)	(55,922)	(47,677)	(49,207)	(40,353)	(38,122)	(44,015)	(46,470)	(48,555)	(53,097)
Business-type activities	(1,900	/	432	8,774	10,238	5,954	10,885	3,461	(94,385)	3,571	3,641
Total primary government net expense	\$ (76,729			\$ (38,903)	\$ (38,969)	\$ (34,399)	\$ (27,237)	\$ (40,554)	\$ (140,855)	\$ (44,984)	\$ (49,456)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual bases of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	-	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	2018	2019
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position		_				_	_	_	-	_	_		_
Governmental activities:													
Taxes													
Property taxes	\$	43,295	\$ 41,041	\$	25,998	\$ 11,604	\$ 12,327	\$ 13,649	\$	14,564	\$ 15,169	\$ 15,410	\$ 16,750
Sales and use tax		11,082	11,603		12,367	12,783	13,945	14,597		17,320	21,134	21,832	25,173
Sales tax in-lieu		3,708	3,896		4,128	4,261	4,597	4,812		2,589	-	-	0
Utility users tax		6,691	6,632		6,655	6,241	6,305	6,203		6,552	6,895	7,052	7,200
Other taxes		3,676	3,763		3,976	4,078	4,324	5,536		4,836	5,200	6,332	7,890
Unrestricted grants and contributions		716	469		33	2,483	8,576	8,837		5,854	0	1,776	5,627
Unrestricted investment earnings		336	229		54	168	136	231		250	109	266	1,162
Miscellaneous		30	93		200	158	921	155		83	182	588	1,180
Extraordinary Gain due to dissolution of RDA		-	-		70,196	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Loss on disposition of capital assets		-	-		-	(667)	(118)	(545)		-	-	-	-
Loans received from private-purpose trust fund		-	-		-	6,361	4,100	-		-	-	-	-
Bonds received from private-purpose trust fund		-	-		-	-	6,467	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers	2	(9,199) 2	(1,814	)	200	(9,729)	(222)	(718)		(601)	(370)	(428)	(195)
Business-type activities:													
Unrestricted investment earnings		(16)	(5	)	-	-	-	-		70	149	322	793
Transfers	2	9,062 2	1,814		(200)	9,729	222	718		601	370	428	195
Total business-type activities		9,046	1,808		(200)	9,729	222	718		671	519	750	988
Total primary government	\$	69,381	\$ 67,721	\$	123,607	\$ 47,470	\$ 61,580	\$ 53,475	\$	52,118	\$ 48,838	\$ 750	\$ 65,775
Change in Net Position													
Governmental activities	\$	(14,494)	\$ 9,992		76,129	\$ (11,467)	\$ 21,005	\$ 14,635	\$	7,432	\$ 10,607	\$ 2,103	\$ 11,663
Business-type activities		7,146	2,242		8,574	 19,968	 6,177	 11,603		4,133	 8,409	 4,321	 4,629
	\$	(7,348)	\$ 12,234	\$	84,703	\$ 8,501	\$ 27,182	\$ 26,235	\$	11,565	\$ 19,016	\$ 6,423	\$ 16,292

### City of Chico, California Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30																
	2	011 (a)		2012		2013		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	2018		2019
General Fund:																	
Nonspendable	\$	3,213	\$	1,088	\$	554	\$	52	\$	236	\$	243	\$	224	\$ 235	\$	64
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		1,831
Committed		4,072		4,262		-		-		988		1,025		2,461	3,650		5,017
Assigned		-		-		-		-		2,980		678		3,837	4,576		5,602
Unassigned				_		(8,219)		(2,858)		<u> </u>		4,643		2,454	 3,835		7,770
Total General Fund	\$	7,285	\$	5,350	\$	(7,665)	\$	(2,806)	\$	4,204	\$	6,589	\$	8,976	\$ 12,296	\$	20,284
All other Governmental funds:																	
Nonspendable	\$	52,102	\$	56,356	2 \$	3,008	\$	1,841	\$	757	\$	55	\$	41	\$ _ :	2 \$	5
Restricted		45,845		5,411	2	70,020		82,397		84,034		87,431		92,390	94,714	2	99,757
Committed		2,831		2,924		_		-		-		-		-	3,650		-
Assigned		66		-		848		2,871		4,263		4,429		4,926	9,233		4,232
Unassigned		(1,901)		(2,333)		(7,871)		(4,985)		(4,413)		(3,527)		(6,560)	 (1,416)		(2,594)
Total other Governmental Funds	\$	98,943	\$	62,359	\$	66,005	\$	82,124	\$	84,641	\$	88,388	\$	90,797	\$ 106,180	\$	101,399

	]	Fiscal Year E	nding J	une 30
		2009		2010
General fund:				
Reserved	\$	2,761	\$	143
Unreserved		6,830		6,755
Total General fund	\$	9,591	\$	6,898
All other governmental funds:	\$	56,876	\$	65,689
Unreserved, reported in:	Ф	30,670	Ф	03,089
Special revenue funds		21,815		8,318
Capital projects funds		33,530		27,919
Total all other governmental funds	\$	112,221	\$	101,926

<sup>(</sup>a) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

<sup>1</sup> Changes were due primarily to the reclassification of the Redevelopment Agency Fund (blended component unit) to a Major Special Revenue Fund in the City's CAFR.

<sup>2</sup> Changes were due primarily to the reclassification of loans receivable previously reported as nonspendable but now reported as resricted fund balance.

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		2012		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017	<u>2018</u>
Revenues																
Property taxes	\$ 43	,295	\$ 41,041	\$	25,991	\$	11,589	\$	12,311	\$	13,649	\$	14,564	\$	15,169	\$ 15,410
Sales and use taxes	14	,790	15,508		16,502		17,044		18,542		19,408		19,908		21,134	21,832
Other taxes	10	,256	10,283		10,517		10,198		10,509		11,739		11,389		12,095	13,383
Licenses and permits		108	114		121		136		133		131		108		91	147
Intergovernmental	14	452	18,179		15,993		10,831		12,215		14,951		12,817		10,137	11,261
Charges for services	4	,300	5,587		7,327		3,118		5,619		7,994		6,875		9,083	8,811
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		817	945		882		776		743		854		777		840	806
Use of money and property	1	,199	992		502		426		361		528		728		814	989
Miscellaneous		309	233		414		360		1,138		247		216		524	348
Total revenues	89	,526	92,882		78,249		54,478		61,571	_	69,501		67,382	_	69,887	 72,987
Expenditures																
General government	1	,768	2,553		1.762		2,278		2,232		2,397		3,692		4,265	4,615
Public safety		,708	35,289		35,085		35,332		32,853		34,203		37,820		37,896	37,554
Public works		.898	7.615		9,248		9,794		7,652		9,119		9,219		9,639	9,982
Parks and recreation		,086	3,014		2,916		3,044		2,883		2,976		3,074		3,153	3,022
Community development		,651	4,335		4,050		2,468		2,883		2,228		2,657		3,189	2,393
Community agencies		467	4,333		350		323		162		2,228		2,637		100	2,393 50
Redevelopment		467	12,206		5,312		323		102		33		99		100	30
Contribution to other governments	0	,248	1,904		3,312		-		-		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		,768	17,256		6,941		4,357		2,581		8,290		7,427		6,793	7,153
Principal retirement		,700	5,787		2,793		4,337		2,361		0,290		279		384	381
Interest and fiscal charges	-	,242	6,444		3,726		3		3		3		85		80	82
Total expenditures	90	,053	96,779		72,183		57,600	_	50,956		59,269		64,352		65,498	 65,232
Excess of revenues																
over (under) expenditures		(527)	(3,897)		6,066		(3,122)		10,616		10,232		3,030		4,389	138,219
over (under) expenditures	,	(321)	(3,097)		0,000		(3,122)		10,010		10,232		3,030		4,369	130,219
Other financing sources (uses)																
Transfers in		,413	10,612		5,834		6,424		5,864		5,038		5,620		4,692	4,624
Transfers out	(9	,364)	(10,646)		(5,613)		(16,306)		(6,069)		(5,742)		(5,651)		(4,754)	(5,737)
Capital leases		-	-		-		-		-		-		3,132		473	-
Revenue bonds issued		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Premium on revenue bonds		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Sale of capital assets		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Discount on refunding bonds		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Payment to refunding bond escrow	0	.089	1,336		554		-		-		-		-		-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	9	,089	1,330				-		-		-		-		-	-
Extraordinary gain due to dissolution of RDA		-	-		41,849		-		-		-		-		-	-
Extraordinary loss due to dissolution of RDA		-	-		(79,156)		6.261		4 100		-		-		-	-
Loans received from private-purpose trust fun		-	-		-		6,361		4,100		-		-		-	-
Bond Proceeds from private purpose trust fun				_		_		_	6,467	_		_		_		 
Total other financing																
sources (uses)	9	,138	1,302	_	(36,532)		(3,521)		10,362	_	(704)	_	3,101	_	411	 (1,113)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 8	,611	\$ (2,595)	\$	(30,466)	\$	(6,643)	\$	20,977	\$	9,528	\$	6,131	\$	4,799	\$ 137,106
Debt service as a percentage of			\$ (33,061)													
noncapital expenditures		11%	15%		10% ‡	ŧ	0% 1		0%		0%		0%		1%	0%

<sup>1 -</sup> Decrease in debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures is due to the reclassification of loans into the City's Sewer Fund.

For further analysis, please reference the schedule of Changes in Net Position on page 140-141, and

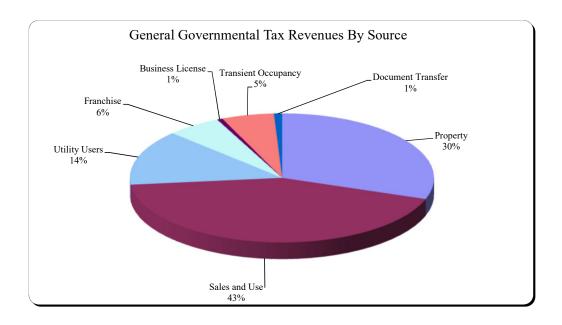
## City of Chico, California General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Oth	er Taxes		
Fiscal Year	Property	Sales and Use	Utility Users	Franchise	Business License	Transient Occupancy	Document Transfer	Total
2010	43,295	14,790	6,691	1,214	514	1,765	183	68,452
2011	41,041	15,508	6,632	1,238	498	1,880	147	66,944
2012 (1	25,991	16,502	6,655	1,293	515	1,970	197	53,123
2013 (2	11,589	17,044	6,241	1,480	319	2,049	230	38,952
2014	12,311	18,542	6,305	1,548	311	2,219	245	41,481
2015	13,649	19,409	6,203	2,927	304	2,362	288	45,142
2016	14,564	19,909	6,553	1,877	295	2,522	312	46,032
2017	15,169	21,134	6,895	1,998	298	2,712	386	48,592
2018	15,410	21,832	7,052	2,943	296	2,835	441	50,810
2019	16,750	25,174	6,539	2,561	387	3,194	531	55,136

Notes: General Governmental Revenues includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds.

- (1) Decrease was due to the dissolution of the City Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012
- (2) Decrease was due to the first full year subsequent to the dissolution of the City Redevelopment Agency

Source: City of Chico, Finance Department.



### City of Chico, California Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

#### City of Chico

Fiscal Year	Secured Roll	Utility Roll	Unsecured Roll	Gross Assessed Value	Less Exemptions	Net Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate %
1 ear	Secureu Kon	Othity Kon	Unsecured Kon	value	Less Exemptions	value	Tax Nate 70
2010	7,230,195	889	484,544	7,715,628	404,946	7,310,682	1.0000
2011	7,083,981	1,024	485,021	7,570,026	490,228	7,079,798	1.0000
2012	7,140,144	969	485,354	7,626,467	623,104	7,003,363	1.0000
2013	7,051,026	969	474,665	7,526,660	674,431	6,852,229	1.0000
2014	7,300,487	969	474,173	7,775,629	740,734	7,034,895	1.0000
2015	7,506,597	766	496,210	8,003,573	660,197	7,343,376	1.0000
2016	7,974,709	766	497,516	8,472,991	703,805	7,769,186	1.0000
2017	8,334,966	766	527,595	8,863,327	738,780	8,124,547	1.0000
2018	8,805,532	662	560,997	9,367,191	768,498	8,598,694	1.0000
2019	9,336,796	1,057	579,295	9,917,149	803,824	9,113,324	1.0000

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

#### City of Chico, California Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City of Chic	0	Overla		
Fiscal Year	Basic Countywide Levy %	City %	Total Direct Tax Rate %	Chico Unified School District % (1)	Butte College % (2)	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates %
						_
2010	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0383	0.0209	1.0591
2011	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0415	0.0209	1.0624
2012	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0211	0.0209	1.0420
2014	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0401	0.0209	1.0610
2015	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0451	0.0209	1.0660
2016	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0291	0.0209	1.0500
2017	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0817	0.0466	1.1283
2018	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0874	0.0413	1.1287
2019	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0616	0.0413	1.1029

On June 6, 1978, California voters approved an amendment to the Article XIIIA of the California Constitution. The amendment, commonly known as Proposition 13, limits the taxing power of California public agencies. The California Legislature enacted legislation to implement Article XIIIA (Statues of 1978, Chapter 292, as amended) providing that local agencies may not levy any property tax except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978, and that each county will levy the maximum tax permitted of \$1.00 per 100 of full assessed value.

- Chico Unified School District: 1998 Series B, 2012 Chico Refunding and 2012 Measure E
   Series A.
- (2) Butte-Glenn Community College District: General obligation bonds, Refunded Series A and B, and Series B and C.

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

#### City of Chico, California Principal Secured Property Taxpayers June 30, 2019

### **Current Year and Nine Years Ago** (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2019	 2010			
Taxpayer	Taxable essed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable essed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
Merle A. Webb and Sons	\$ 72,222	1	0.84	\$ 20,027	5	0.24
MP Core Chico LLC	56,067	2	0.65			-
Chico Crossroads LP	39,256	3	0.46			-
North Chico	38,338	4	0.45			-
Chico Mall Investors LLC	31,585	5	0.37			-
Chico Senior Living LP	30,706	6	0.36			-
North Valley Mall II LLC	29,526	7	0.34			-
Amcal Chico LLC	27,406	8	0.32			-
Carwood Skypark LLC Et Al.	25,546	9	0.30			-
Sierra Nevada Brewing Company	24,016	10	0.28			-
Carwood Skypark LLC Et Al.				28,352	3	0.35
Chico Mall Investors LLC				60,395	1	0.74
Lowes HIW INC				18,056	8	0.22
Chico Crossroads LP				29,763	2	0.36
Evergreen Orchard LLC				19,271	6	0.23
Costco Wholesale Corporation				21,718	4	0.26
California Water Service Company				18,564	7	0.23
Chico Lodging LLC				16,166	9	0.20
Littlefoot Property Company LLC				15,278	10	0.19
Largest Secured Property Valuation	374,668			 247,590		
Other Secured Taxpayers	8,204,727			6,054,941		
Total Secured Property Valuation - Net of Exemptions	\$ 8,579,394	_	100.00%	\$ 6,302,531	_	100.00%

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

HdL's " 2017/18 Top Property Taxpayers - Secured."

2009 CAFR Statistics Table 8

### City of Chico, California Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected (1)	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy
2010	43,295	43,295	100	-	43,295	100
2011	41,041	41,041	100	-	41,041	100
2012	25,991 (2)	25,991	100	-	25,991	100
2013	11,589 (3)	11,589	100	-	11,589	100
2014	12,311	12,311	100	-	12,311	100
2015	13,649	13,649	100	-	13,649	100
2016	14,564	14,564	100	-	14,564	100
2017	15,169	15,169	100	-	15,169	100
2018	15,410	15,410	100	-	15,410	100
2019	\$ 16,750	16,750	100	-	16,750	100

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office. City of Chico, Finance Department.

Note: Amounts shown are net of property tax administration fee. The amounts presented include City property taxes and former Chico Redevelopment Agency tax increment. This schedule also includes amounts collected by the City and former Chico Redevelopment Agency that were passed through to other taxing agencies.

- (1) The City participates in the County "Teeter Plan" method of property tax distribution. Under the Teeter Plan, the County remits property taxes and assessments to the City based on levy, not on collections.
- (2) Tax levy decreased substantially in 2012 due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012. Included tax increment for the first half of the fiscal year.
- (3) Tax levy decreased substantially in 2013 due to the dissolution of the City's Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012. No tax increment in the fiscal year.

#### City of Chico, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (amounts expressed in thousands, except percentage of personal income)

	Govern	mental Activi	ities	<b>Business-Typ</b>	e Activities			
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	<u>Loans</u>	Capital <u>Leases</u>	Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	<u>Loans</u>	Percentage of Personal <u>Income</u>	Per <u>Capita</u>	
2010	110,040	52,519	-	-	13,917	2.46	2,000	
2011	106,955	51,153	-	-	13,693	2.33	1,977	
2012	-	46,364	-	-	13,072	0.81	679	
2013	-	-	-	-	55,746	0.76	636	
2014	-	-	-	-	51,966	0.66	588	
2015	-	-	-	-	48,093	0.58	537	
2016	-	-	2,852	-	-	0.03	31	
2017	-	-	2,568	-	40,063	0.47	457	
2018	-	-	2,559	-	-	0.03	28	
2019	-	-	3,038	-	31,635	0.35	375	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

Revenue bonds are no longer an obligation of the City's, but rather of the Successor Agency to the Chic Agency due to the dissolution of the City Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012.

In 2013, existing loans were moved from Governmental Activities to Business-Type Activities to more reflect the Funds responsible for the debt.

Source: City of Chico, Finance Department.

U.S. Census Bureau.

State of California, Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit.

# City of Chico, California Direct and Overlapping Government Activities Debt June 30, 2019 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding		Percentage Applicable to City *	City Share of Debt	
Overlapping Debt Repaid with Property Tax: Chico Unified School District Butte-Glenn Community College District Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$	174,675 96,158	73.88% 45.10%	\$	129,045 43,369 172,414
City of Chico direct debt					<u>-</u>
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	172,414

<sup>\*</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the city's taxable assessed value and dividing it by the Chico Unified School District's and Butte-Glenn Community College District's taxable assessed value.

Chico Unified School District. Butte Community College.

#### City of Chico, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	Fiscal Year <u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Total Assessed Valuation (less other exemptions)	\$ 7,310,682	\$ 7,079,798	\$ 7,003,363	\$ 6,852,229	\$ 7,034,895	\$ 7,343,376	\$ 7,769,186	\$ 8,124,547	\$ 8,598,694	\$ 9,113,324
Debt Limit - 15 Percent of Assessed Valuation (1) Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	\$ 1,096,602	\$ 1,061,970 -	\$ 1,050,504	\$ 1,027,834	\$ 1,055,234	\$ 1,101,506 -	\$ 1,165,378 -	\$ 1,218,682	\$ 1,289,804	\$ 1,366,999
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,096,602	\$ 1,061,970	\$ 1,050,504	\$ 1,027,834	\$ 1,055,234	\$ 1,101,506	\$ 1,165,378	\$ 1,218,682	\$ 1,289,804	\$ 1,366,999
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Butte County Auditor/Controller's Office.

<sup>(1)</sup> Section 43605 of the California Government Code provides that:

<sup>&</sup>quot;A city shall not incur an indebtedness for public improvements which exceeds in the aggregate 15 percent of the assessed value of all real and personal property of the city. Within the meaning of this section 'indebtedness' means bonded indebtedness of the city payable from the proceeds of taxes levied upon taxable property in the city."

#### City of Chico, California Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Parking Fund Bond (1) **Tax Allocation Bonds (2) Net Revenue %** Total **% Fiscal** Gross **Operating** Available for Tax **Debt Service Expenses Debt Service Debt Service** Coverage Coverage Revenue Increment Interest Year 31,728,673 5,335,471 2010 3.82 5,221,121 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

Source: City of Chico, Finance Department.

Note: (1) 1994 Parking Revenue Bonds:

- Operating Expenses exclude Depreciation and one-time non-recurring items.
- Parking Bonds were retired in August 2009.
- (2) 2001, 2005 and 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds. Bonds were no longer an obligation of the City due to the dissolution of the Chico Redevelopment Agency on January 31, 2012.

#### City of Chico, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City of	Chico	Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Fiscal Year	City of Chico Population (1)	City of Chico Unemploy- ment Rate (3)	Butte County Population (1)	Butte County Personal Income (thousands of dollars) (2)	Butte County Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Butte County Unemploy- ment Rate (3)				
2010	88,228	12.8	221,768	7,163,944	32,304	13.8				
2011	86,900	12.9	221,388	7,372,059	33,299	13.8				
2012	87,500	11.5	221,273	7,372,059	33,317	12.3				
2013	87,671	9.3	221,485	7,347,286	33,173	10.0				
2014	88,389	7.5	222,316	7,907,991	35,571	8.1				
2015	89,634	5.7	224,323	8,250,752	36,781	6.9				
2016	92,464	5.6	224,601	8,298,110	36,946	6.7				
2017	93,383	5.3	226,404	9,009,925	39,796	6.3				
2018	92,348	4.1	227,621	9,465,874	41,586	4.7				
2019	112,111	3.6	226,466	9,925,500	43,828	5.0				

(1) Source: State of California, Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit.

(2) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce - Bureau of Economic Analysis.

(3) Source: Employment Development Department - Labor Market Information.

#### City of Chico, California Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	19		2010*				
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City		
<b>Employer</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Employment</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Employment</b>		
Enloe Medical Center	3,563	1	40.42%	2,275	1	31.65%		
Chico Unified School District	1,494	2	16.95	1,400	3	19.48		
California State University, Chico	1,106	3	12.55	1,825	2	25.39		
Build.com	543	4	0.06			-		
Sierra Nevada Brewery	485	5	5.50	325	6	4.52		
United Health Care	425	6	0.05			_		
City of Chico	356	7	4.04	438	4	6.09		
Costco	350	8	3.97			-		
Walmart	276	9	3.13	400	5	5.56		
Lulu's Fashion Lounge	217	10	0.02			-		
Sun Gard Bi-Tech			-	200	7	2.78		
Aero Union Corporation			-	175	8	2.43		
Chico Enterprise Record			-	150	9	2.09		
Smuckers			<u>-</u>	125	10	1.74		
Total	8,815	•	100.00%	7,188	•	100.00%		

Source: City of Chico staff.

<sup>\*</sup> No current data available for this statistic, therefore 2010 statistics are carried from the prior year except the City of Chico, which represents the actual 2010 amount. All numbers are estimates except the City of Chico amounts.

### City of Chico, California Full-time and Part-time City of Chico Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time and Part-time Employees										
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Function											
General government	55	52	45	45	42	29	29	31	30	30	
Public safety											
Police	151 4	155 4	150 4	148 4	143 4	131 4	136 4	143 4	143 4	148 4	
Fire	74	74	72	70	67	74	74	74	59	59	
Public works	70	66	60	59	67 2	69	69	72	73	73	
Parks and recreation	23	24	21	21	21	12	13	13	14	14	
Community development	5 1	<b>6</b> 1	<b>6</b> 1	8 1	<b>36</b> <sub>3</sub>	20	21	22	22	22	
Sewer	16	16	15	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Parking	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Private development	45	43	31	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Airport	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Total	442	438	402	393	376	334	342	355	343	346	

Note: Numbers shown reflect budgeted Full-Time Equivalent positions. Budget to actuals variance at any time is immaterial. The number of employees may not agree with the Principal Employers table due to timing and methodology differences. Employees per function are rounded to the nearest whole number. Hourly Exempt employees are not included in the totals.

Source: City of Chico, Annual Budgets.

<sup>1 -</sup> Represents a reclassification of three positions from Private Development to Community Development in Fiscal Year 2011-12.

<sup>2 -</sup> Functions for Sewer and Parking were moved to Public works in Fiscal Year 2012-13.

<sup>3 -</sup> Functions for Private development were moved to Community development in Fiscal Year 2012-13.

<sup>4 -</sup> Full Time (Contractual Services) for the Animal Shelter employees are not included.

#### City of Chico, California **Operating Indicators by Function** Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### City of Chico **Operating Indicators by Function** Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
Function										
Police										
Calls for service*	116,037	131,709	129,790	132,143	132,030	126,577	131,077	135,013	126,669	128,699
Arrests*	6,100	5,539	5,272	4,762	4,965	5,150	4,696	6,243	7,120	9,386
Fire										
Service calls answered*	701	760	789	827	883	851	969	929	1,026	1037
Medical emergencies*	7,714	7,922	8,498	8,969	8,919	9,390	9,696	9,537	8,751	8,428
Public works										
Street resurfacing (tons of asphalt)	780	635	683	1,070	491	1,092	1,196	1,401	550	323
Community development										
Annexation activity (net acreage)*	16,192	16,192	16,252	16,252	16,252	16,278	16,280	16,288	16,376	16,376
Code violation notices issued	699	476	260	355	361	434	441 2	175	214	120
Sewer										
Maximum daily treatment										
capacity (million gallons)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parking										
Parking meter repairs	672	701	765	769	1090	1366	573 3	624	819	620
Private development										
Residential building permits	132	105	117	211	226	242	317	306	401	348
Commercial building permits	60	52	52	51	64	87	81	88	118	125
Airport										
Passengers per year (loading/unloading)	46,559 1	43,394 1	41,832 1	37,813 1	39,246 1	16,825 1	0	0	0	0 1

The City of Chico's transit operations transferred over to Butte County Association of Governments (BCAG) July 1, 2005; therefore, the City of Chico has no transit operating indicators from 2006 through the present.

Note: Indicators are not available for general government, parks and recreation, community agencies, redevelopment and waste. management

Source: City of Chico departments.

- 1 Represents passengers through December 2, 2014. Commercial air service terminated in its entirety as of this date.
- 2 Represents actual letter notices generated and sent. This amount does not reflect the verbal notices to gain compliance.
  3 Number of meter repairs is significantly lower due to transition to smart meters. It is anticipated to return to normal levels in future years.

<sup>\*</sup> These statistics only available on a calendar year basis.

### City of Chico, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Last 1en Fiscal Years				Year			
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Function									
Police									
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	25	25	24	24	24	24	25	25	25
Fire									
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	4
Fire hydrants*	3,197	3,285	3,299	3,322	3,357	3,834	3896	4030	4042
Public works									
Street (miles)**	257	257.9	257.9	258.3	289.2	296.3	293.8	300	300.8
Traffic signals	98	98	99	99	100	101	102	102	103
Parks and recreation									
Park acreage***	3751.2	3751.2	3751.2	3751.2	3679.0	3679.0	3836.0	3836.0	3836.0
Sanitary sewer (miles)	212.4	212.9	213.4	213.8	214.6	216.2	217.3	219.32	220.33
Storm sewer (miles)	221.3	221.8	222.4	222.8	223.4	225.6	226.67	228.4	229.33
Parking lots	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parking structures	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport									
Runway lengths 13L/31R (feet)	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724	6724
Runway lengths 13R/31L (feet)	3005	3005	3005	3005	3005	3000	3000	3000	3000

The City of Chico's transit operations transferred over to Butte County Association of Governments (BCAG) July 1, 2005; therefore, the City of Chico has no transit Capital Asset indicators from 2006 to present.

Note: Indicators are not available for general government, community development, community agencies, redevelopment, private development and waste management functions.

Source: Various City of Chico departments.

<sup>\*</sup>Data available for calendar year only.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Based on inventory performed for City's Pavement Management Plan (no longer includes Upper Park Rd graded section) (2016).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Does not include greenways, open space or preserves.