



LESSON PLAN

UNIT: Training

Topic:	Department Training – Containment (Open Area and Structure) Officer Rescue TEMS Refresher
Duration:	10 Hours
Instructors:	Chico SWAT
Terminal Learning Objective:	Demonstrate Proficiency in Containment and Rescue Tactics
Enabling Learning Objective(s):	Completion of practical, repetitive scenario training, and a review of fundamental patrol and TEMS tactics
Equipment:	Patrol vehicles, UTM Training Equipment, Individual IFAK
Standard:	Demonstration of proficiency in the course topics
Disqualifiers:	Safety Violations

OUTLINE	HOURLY
<p>Classroom Review:</p> <p>LCAN – Location, Conditions, Actions, Needs</p> <p>CLEAR – Contain, Long Rifle, Evacuate, Assess, React</p> <p>Numbering Sides of a Building – 1/2/3/4</p> <p>Designate the “Number 1 Side” based on a cardinal direction or landmark description. “The side of the house facing north toward the street will be the Number 1 side.”</p> <p>Additional numbers follow clockwise around the building. The intersecting corners of the structure are described as 1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 1/4.</p>	

A quick way to establish containment on a structure with minimal people is to establish 1/2 and 3/4 corner coverage by initial responding personnel. In most cases, this will establish 360 degrees of coverage while mitigating cross-fire dangers.

REVIEW OF SCENE SIZE-UP (ATTACHMENT)

COVER v CONCEALMENT

VEHICLES AS TERRAIN

INITIAL RADIO TRAFFIC BROADCAST OF CONTAINMENT

Communicate relevant CSTI info:

Crime: Committed or Alleged

Suspect: Identity, Description, Vehicles, Mental State

Threat: Threats, Weapons

Incident: Last known location, direction of travel, time delay.

TEMS – Tactical Emergency Medical Services

React to the threat

Evacuate to cover

Assess using MARCH

Clear/Communicate

Transport

M assive Hemorrhage

A irway

R espiratory

C irculation

H ypothemia

Review of Tourniquet Application Fundamentals

Practical Application of Tourniquet

REVIEW OF TENSION PNEUMOTHORAX

Tension pneumothorax is a life-threatening emergency wherein a large air collection in the pleural space compromises respiration and cardiac function.

This condition can arise from events like trauma or aggressive mechanical ventilation or resuscitation. Tension pneumothorax is a clinical diagnosis, and early recognition is life-saving in prehospital and intensive care settings.

Knowledge of emergency thoracic decompression procedures is essential for all healthcare professionals. Pneumothorax can be traumatic or atraumatic.

Outside of the hospital, traumatic pneumothorax may arise from penetrating or blunt trauma, rib fractures, and pulmonary decompression sickness.¹

CTT Chest Tube Thoracostomy

Chest Seal Treatment:



HyFin Chest Seal

Improvised Chest Seals

MUZZLE BANG REVIEW

REVIEW BEARCAT OPERATIONS MANUAL

¹ <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK559090/>
CHICO POLICE DEPARTMENT
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