



LESSON PLAN

UNIT: DTAC

Topic:	DTAC / CROWD CONTROL
Duration:	4HRS
Instructors:	DTAC CADRE
Terminal Learning Objective:	Arrest and control during of large and unruly crowds
Enabling Learning Objective(s):	Learn safe arrest tactics and management of large crowds (passive resistance)
Equipment:	Flex cuffs, flex cuff cutter
Standard:	Proficiency and participation
Disqualifiers:	Not participating, improper techniques, lack of proficiency

OUTLINE	HOURLY
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Introduction- Explain the learning objectives, policy and expectations. Roles and responsibilities. Provide time for compliance, de-escalation, and warn of potential use of force before arrest. Working from the outside in. Pain compliance techniques are non-deadly force options and are used for passive resistance. Intermediate force is used when there is a suspect actively resisting and presents an articulable threat.2. Warm up and movement drills- Standard warm up and stretching.3. Review of pain compliance techniques and take downs (twist locks, seatbelt takedown, two man take down (multiple officer tactics).4. Scenarios- Passive or peaceful protestors (arms linked) minimum 4 officers to work on suspects	4 hr blocks with two teams.

- Standing: Seatbelt takedown to get to seated position. This may need to be done on the last 4-5 suspects if it is a large group that is standing. Once seated, roll them onto their backs. We will work on the last suspect in line and the 2nd to last suspect simultaneously. Need both to comply in order to release grasp. We will always work at the end suspect, taking them into custody one at a time.
- Palm of hand to turn suspect head to side. Other hand to Nose/Mandible pain compliance.
- Knee on belly on the end suspect – be prepared for hand release. Twist lock (across face) to roll them over to prone for cuffing.
- If still not successful, use additional officer. Knee on belly officer should be ready to catch releasing hand
- If still not successful, release peroneal nerve officer for baton pry.
- Sitting: Use the same process as noted above.
- Backs against a wall sitting: Officers grab the legs / ankle lock and pull them out to create space for officer to get behind. Resume same process listed above.

5. As time permits review of ground control tactics and self-defense. Side mount and side mount escapes. Mount control and mount escapes.